



# PlenShop Comparability Example: Late Stage Implementation of Major Process Changes

26Jan2024

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# Situation and Driver for Process Changes



- IgG1 monoclonal antibody
- Neurology indication
- Intravenous administration



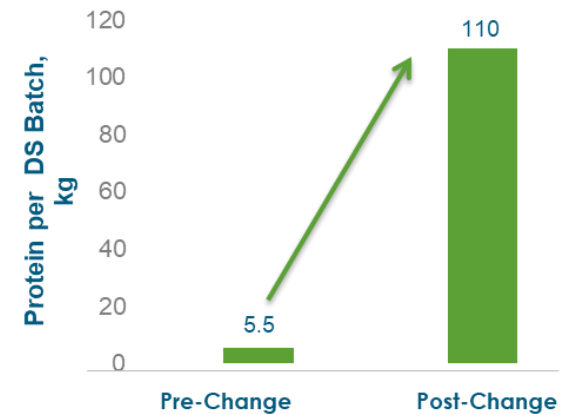
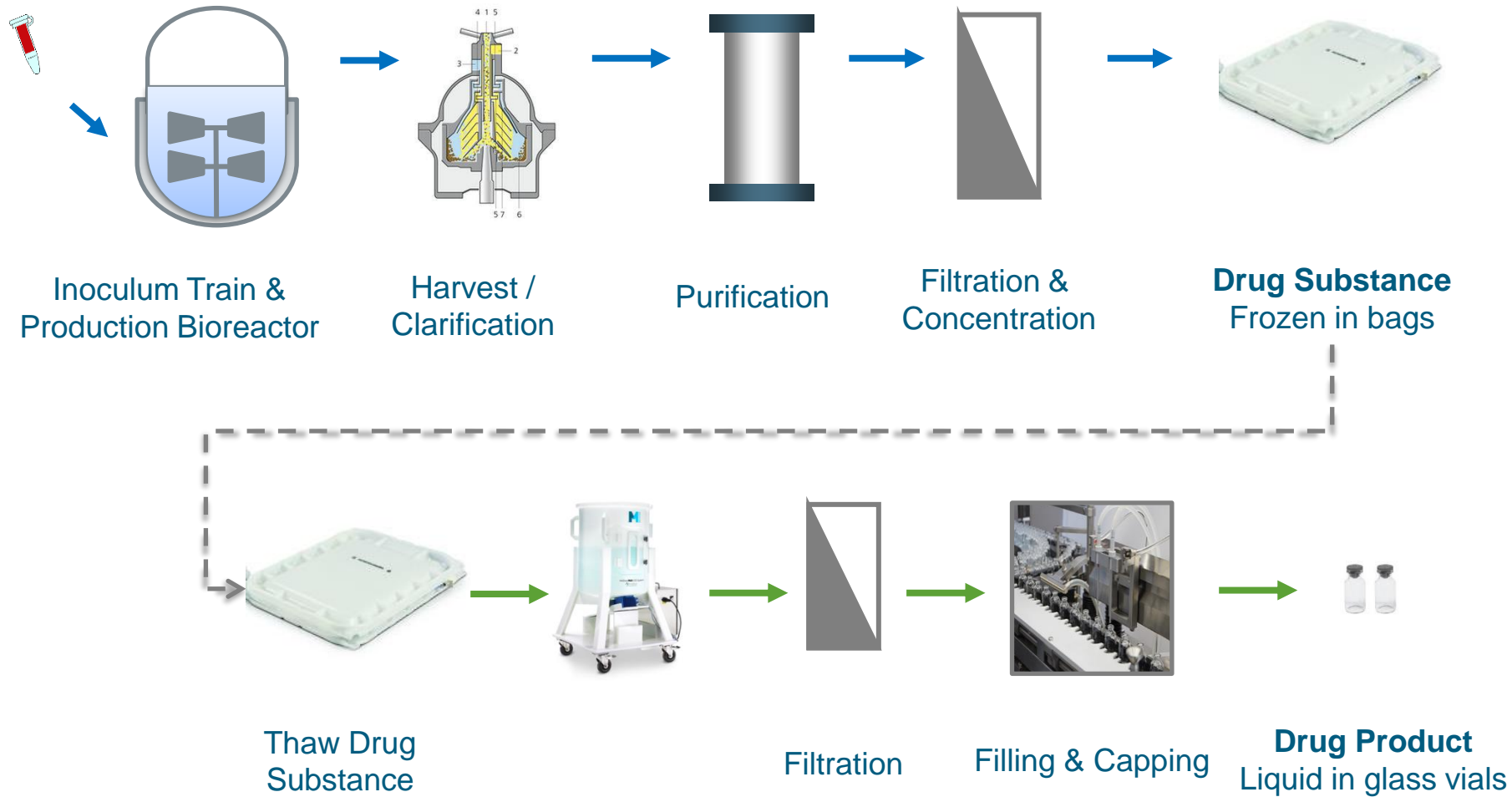
- Ph3 clinical trials (~20 countries) used the previous DS/DP process and formulation
- Clinical program skipped Ph2 studies, so no time to develop commercial process prior to Ph3



- More productive process required to support anticipated commercial demand
- Accelerated clinical timelines → pressure to achieve product quality that enables comparability through analytical testing

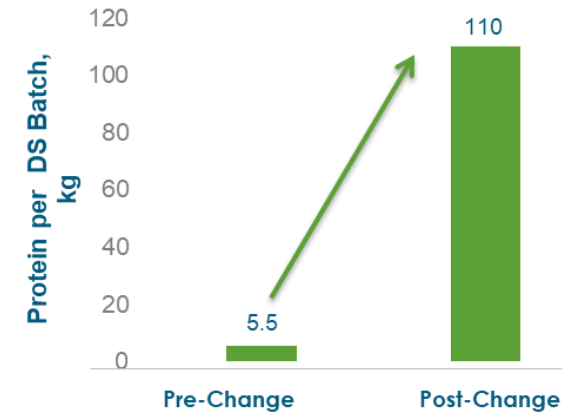
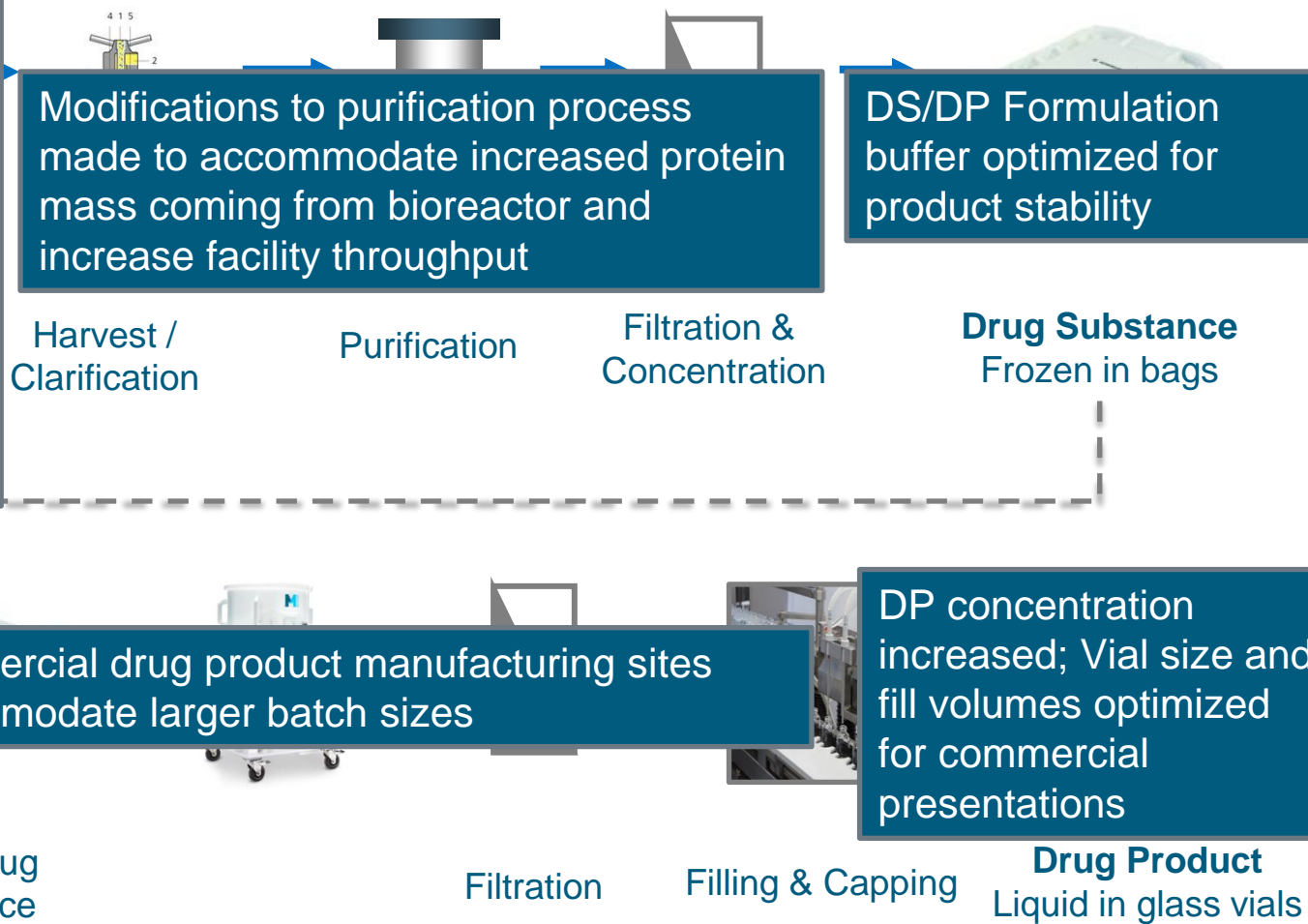


# Productivity Improvements Implemented to Meet Anticipated Demand

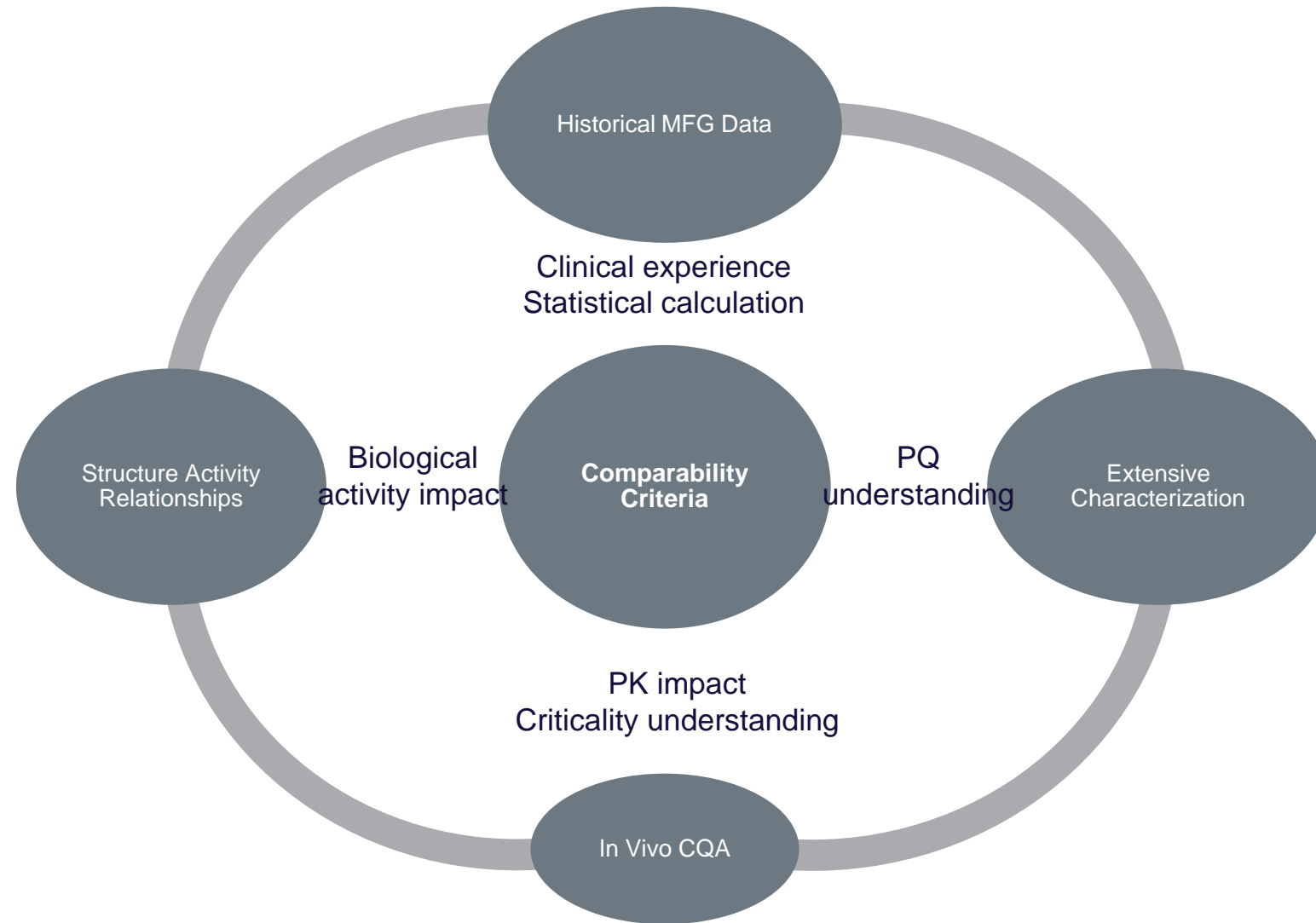


# Productivity Improvements Implemented to Meet Anticipated Demand

- Cell bank further amplified
- Bioreactor scale increased from 200K to 15000L
- Cell culture process optimized for productivity while maintaining product quality



# Comparability Protocol Approach



## Comparability Plan

- Comparability plan consistent with ICH Q5E principles, including pre-defined comparability criteria → increased predictability and transparency

## Extensive Product Understanding

- Product understanding / SAR data used to justify comparability ranges

## Regulatory Advice

- Seek advice from regulatory agencies → better understanding of expectations for comparability

# Comparability Plan

## Drug Substance

- **Release and Characterization attributes:** Post-change batches compared to historical results from prior process and reference standard
- **Accelerated and stressed “forced deg” studies:** Pre- and post-change side-by-side (3 batches each) to determine if the post-change process material generates impurities not present in pre-change process material (qualitative assessment)

## Drug Product

- **Release Testing:** Post-change batches compared to historical results from prior process and reference standard
- **Comparison of degradation pathways:** Qualitative assessment of impurity species that develop during GMP DP stability; e.g, evaluate peaks in chromatograms / electropherograms compared to pre-change material

## DS/DP GMP Stability

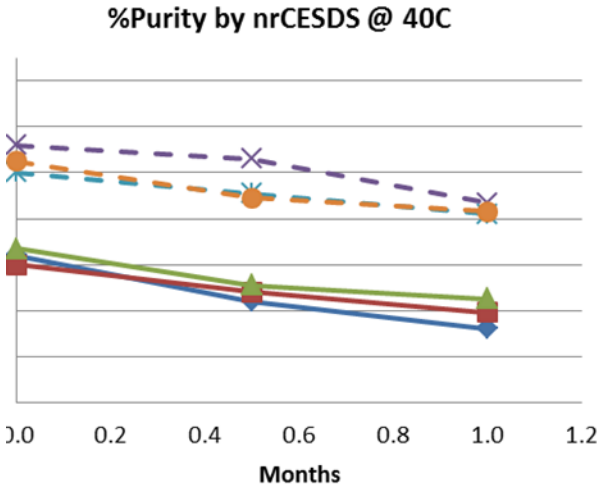
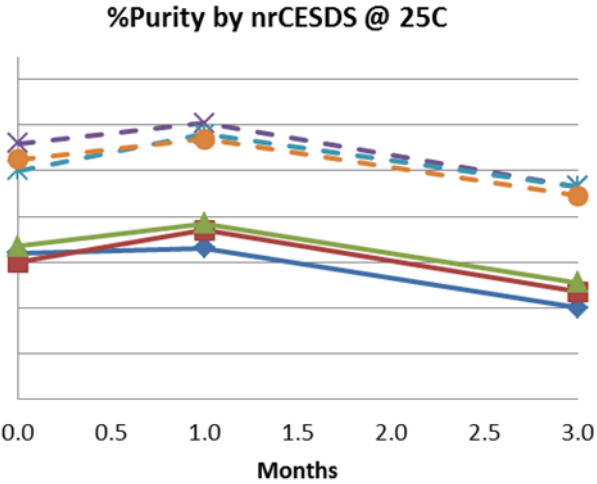
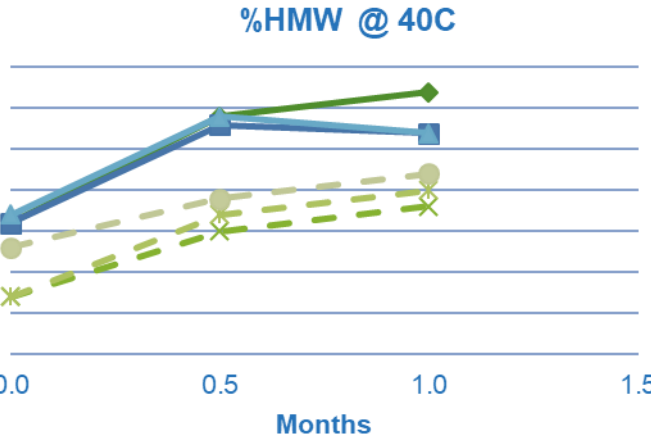
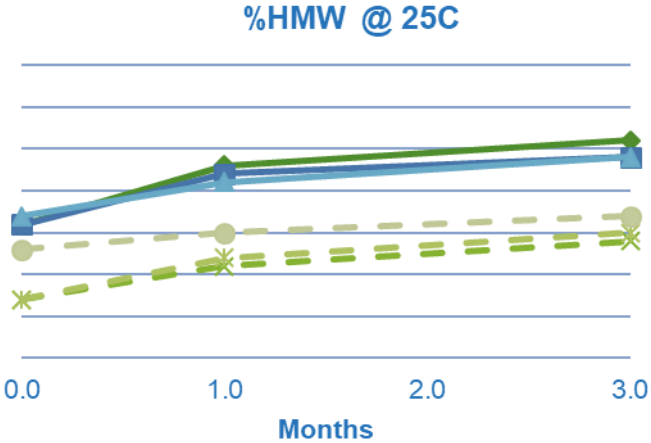
- Increase in DP protein concentration may impact the rate of aggregation; thus, expiry from the previous process may not be directly leveraged for new process.**
- Determine appropriate expiry for new process material to ensure patients are exposed to comparable product

# Comparability Study Results: Release and Characterization

- All attributes (release and characterization) met pre-defined comparability criteria
- The only critical quality attributes that fell outside of the historical manufacturing experience range are improved (lower %HMW by SEC and higher %Purity by CE-SDS in post-change DS and DP)
- No new species were observed in the post-change DS and DP



# Forced Degradation Profiles of Pre- and Post- Change DS are Consistent



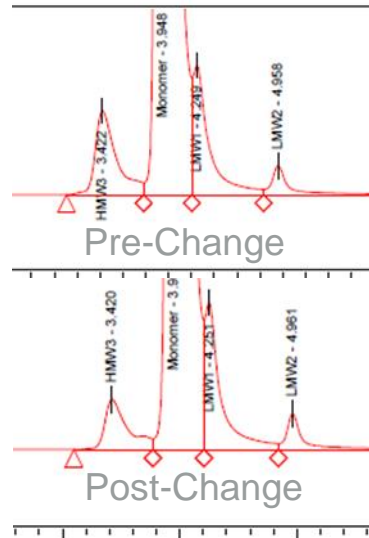
—————  
Pre-Change DS  
(solid lines)

- - - - -  
Post-Change DS  
(dashed lines)

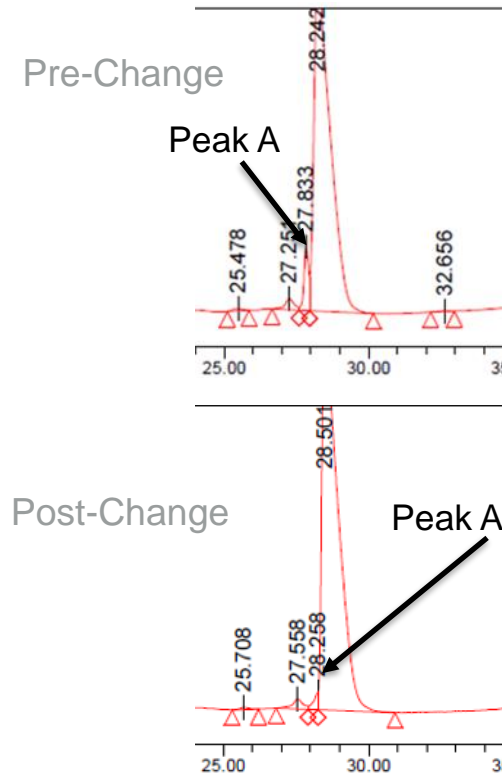


# Forced Deg DS Samples Confirm No New Impurity Species Post-Change

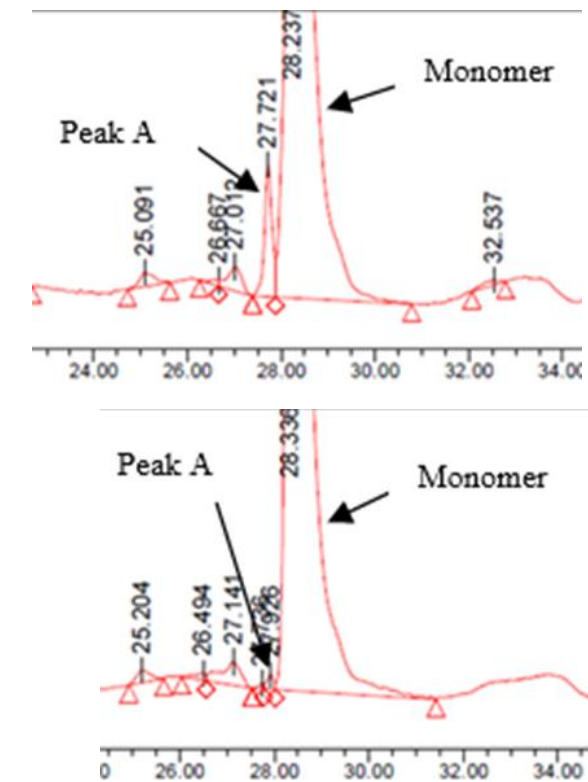
SEC (1M 40°C)



NR CE-SDS (T0)



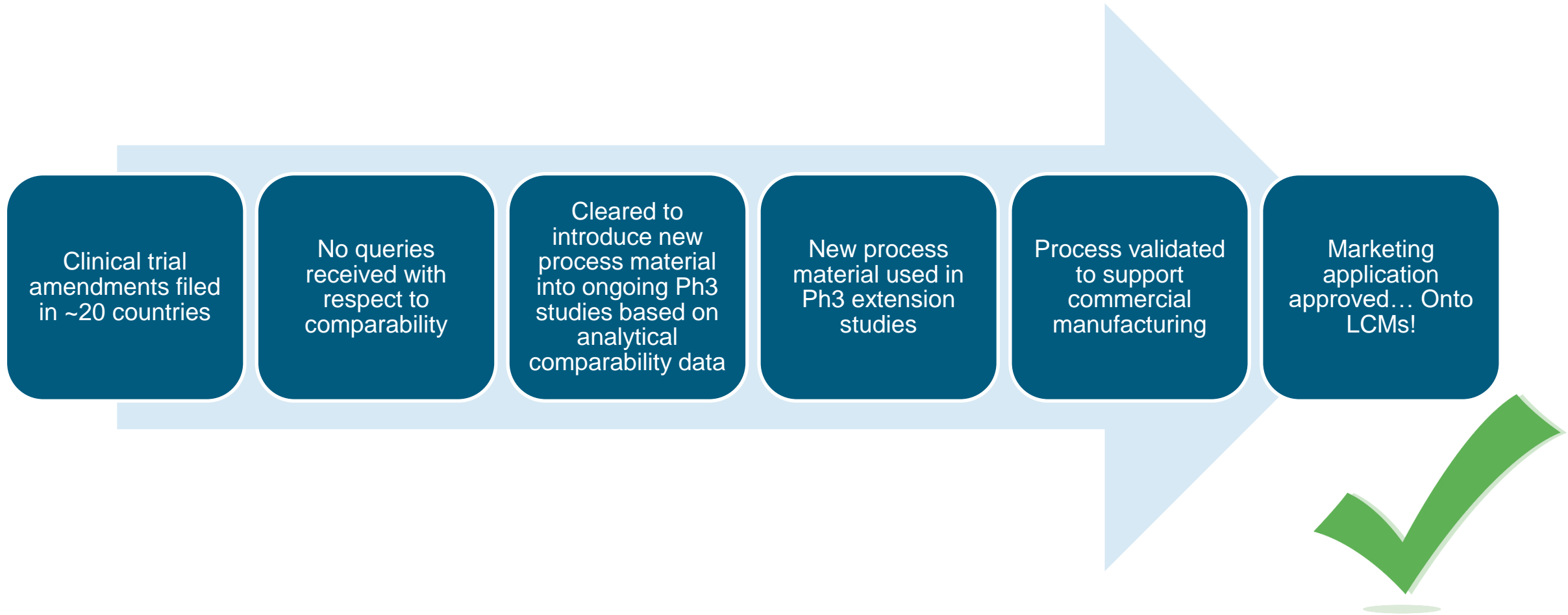
NR CE-SDS (3M 25°C)



- Consistent profiles for Pre- and Post- change DS
- No species larger than dimer were observed in pre- and post- change DS (by AUC and SEC MALS)

- 2 peaks detected in Post-Change DS in area where Pre-Change DS only shows Peak A (extra peak in Pre-Change DS may be hidden under larger Peak A)
- Samples were tested by Reducing CE-SDS → showed comparable profiles for both processes, confirming no new impurity species

# Outcome



# Discussion



- Significant work done even prior to manufacturing may be beneficial to reduce risk.

- Extensive molecule characterization to increase product understanding
- Seeking agency feedback



- Despite major process changes late in development, analytical comparability according to ICH Q5E guidelines was sufficient to support implementation in all markets as the results demonstrated no clinically meaningful impact.



- Telling the comparability story in the marketing application can be complicated
  - Multiple process and method changes over many years
  - Challenge is to organize and explain the information clearly so that reviewers can assess and come to their own conclusions
  - Some agencies may have specific preferences on how information is presented

