



An Advanced Process Control Framing to Application of Analytics and Modeling for Biopharm Manufacturing



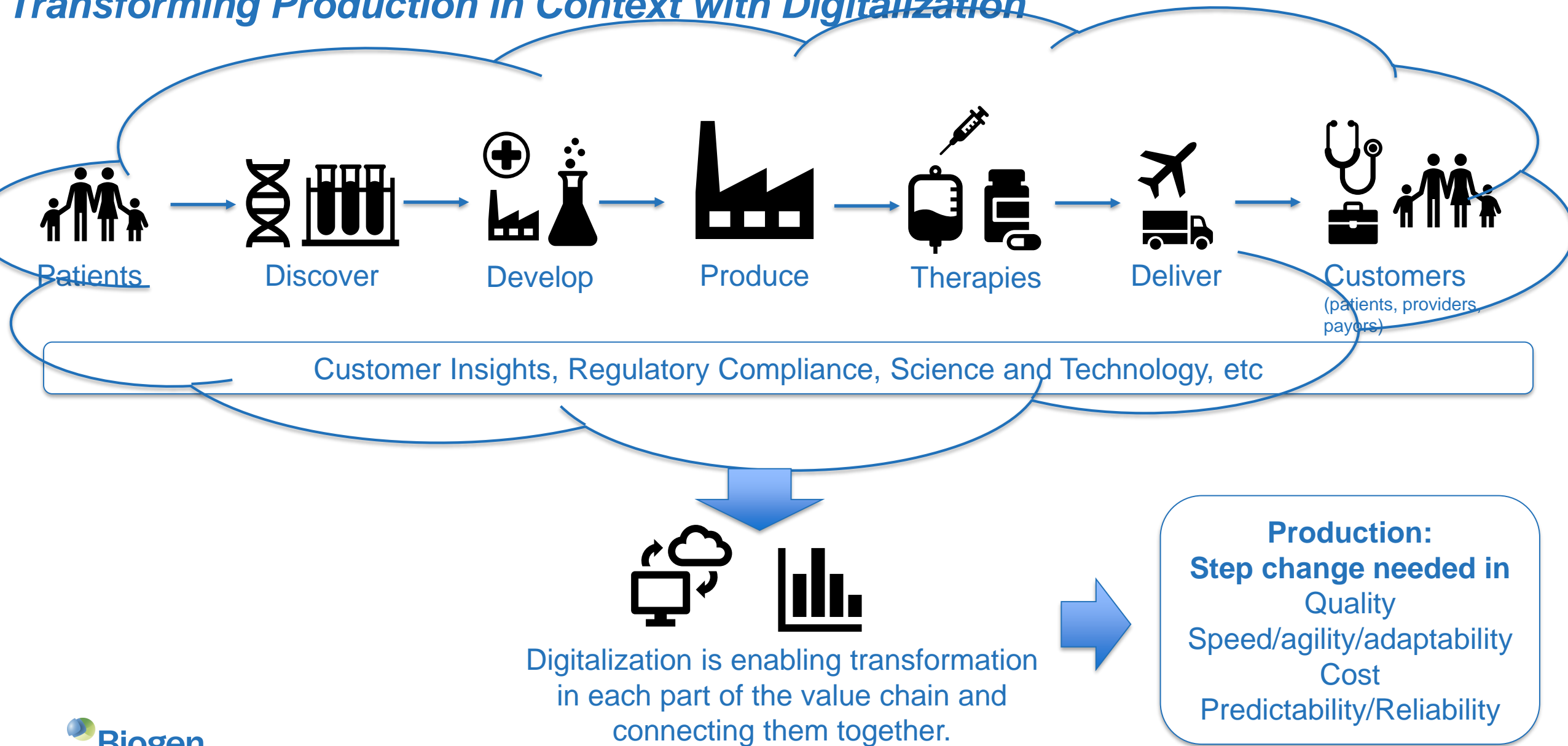
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WCBP 2019 - Use of Advance Computational Tools in the Biopharmaceuticals and Vaccines Industries Session

Customer-centric Biopharm Modernization

Transforming Production in Context with Digitalization



Intelligent Manufacturing Starts in Development!

Design for X (Quality, Cost, Reliability, etc.)*



Patients

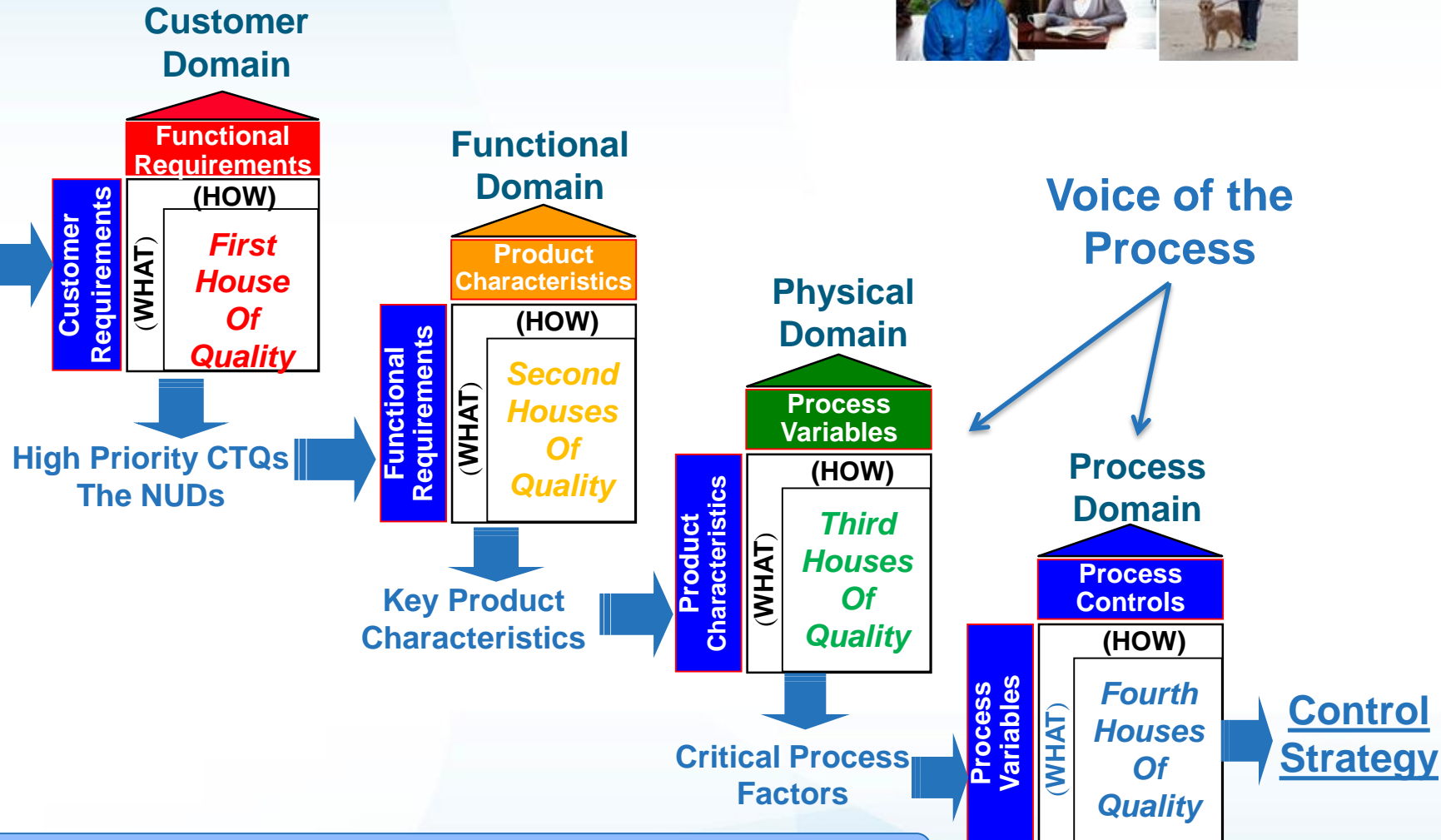


Providers



Payors

Voice of the Customer



Modern Control Strategy Element: Advanced Process Control (APC)

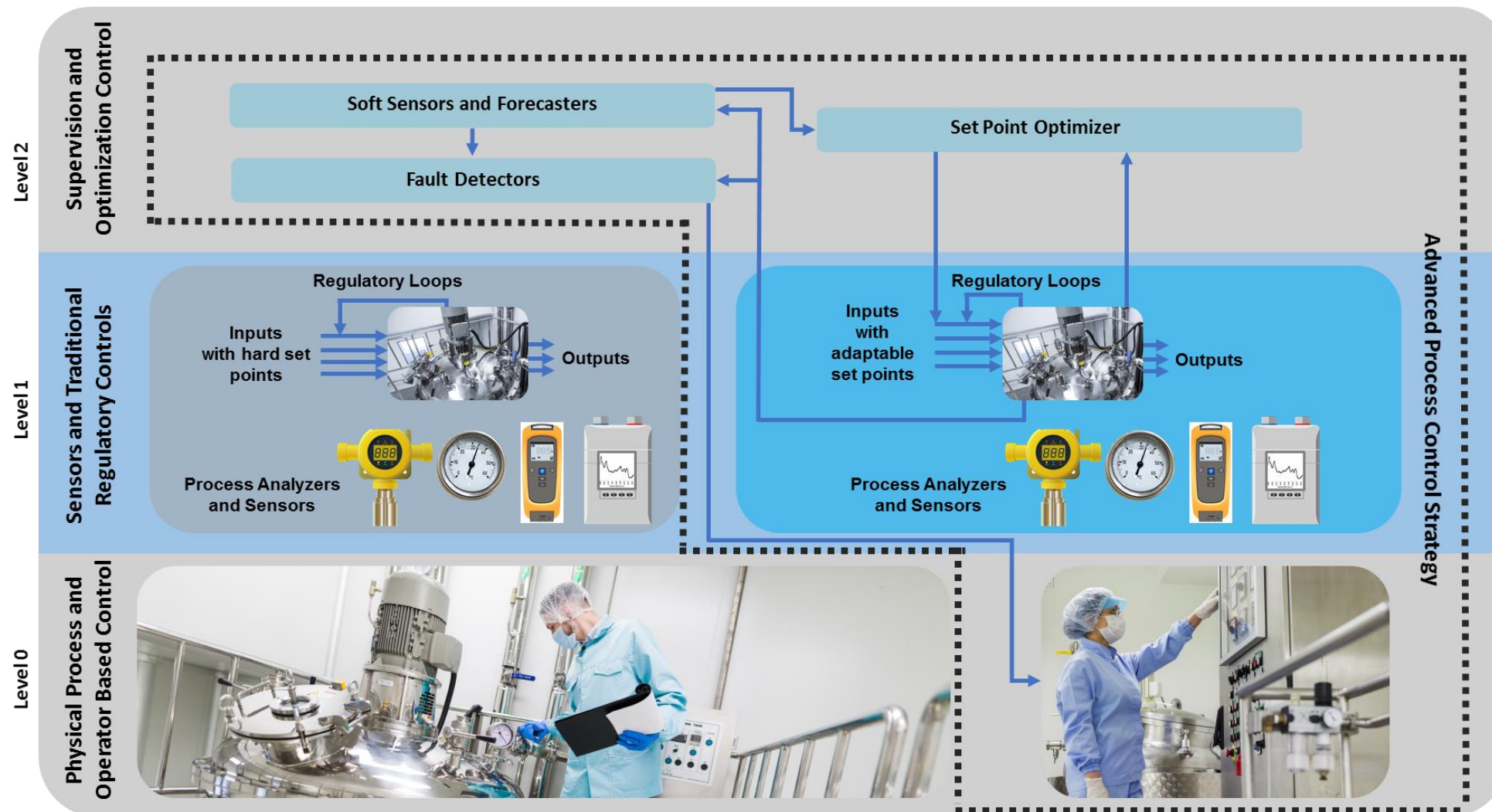
APC is commonly defined as Model-Based Process Control plus Fault Detection and Classification

$$APC = MBPC + FDC$$

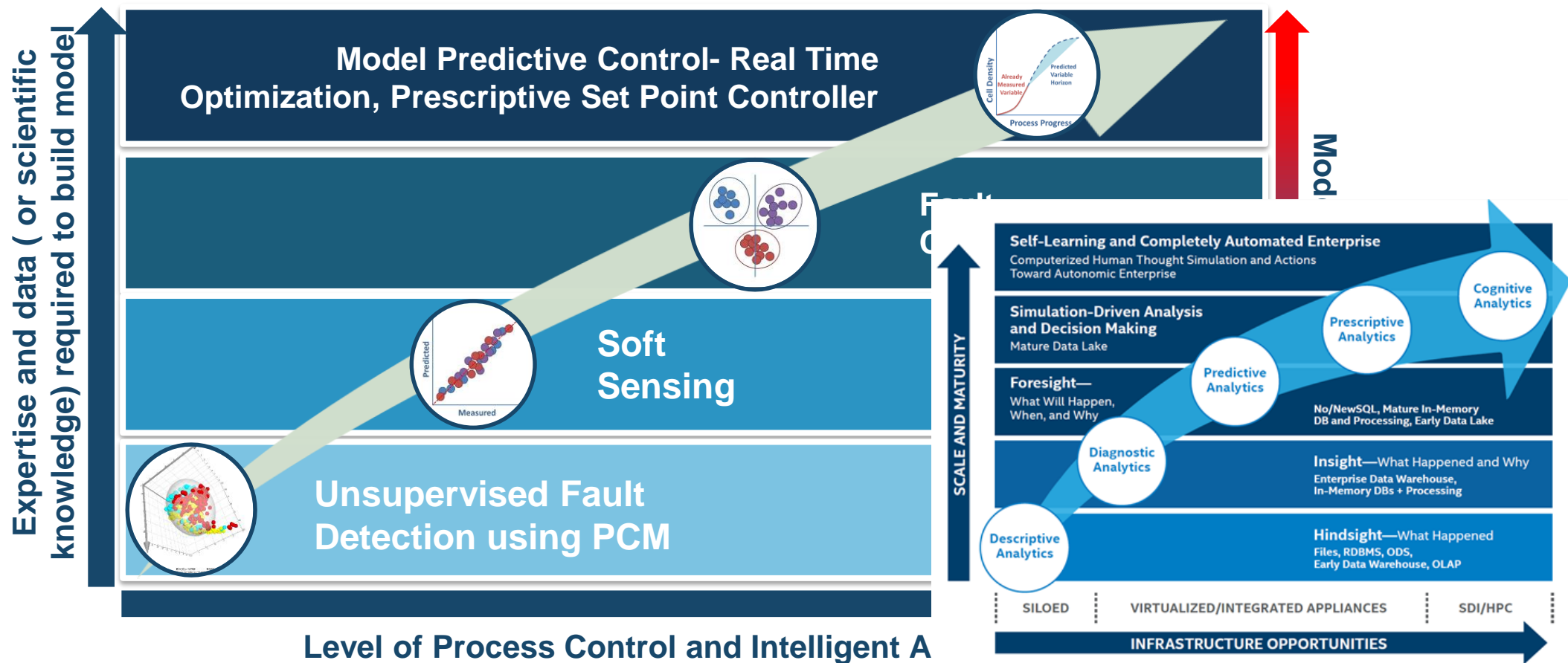
Handbook of Semiconductor Manufacturing Technology, Second Edition /Yoshio Nishi and Robert Doering

- ❑ **Model Based Process Control (MBPC)** : “The technique of **modifying the selection of control parameters between runs** to improve process performance.”
- ❑ **Fault Detection (FD)**: the technique of **identifying changing conditions** within equipment and/or process.
- ❑ **Fault Classification (FC)**: analyzing available data to **determine the root cause** of a fault
- ❑ **FDC = FD + FC**

APC Resides at Level 2 of ISA S-95*



Biopharm Process Model Continuum for APC*

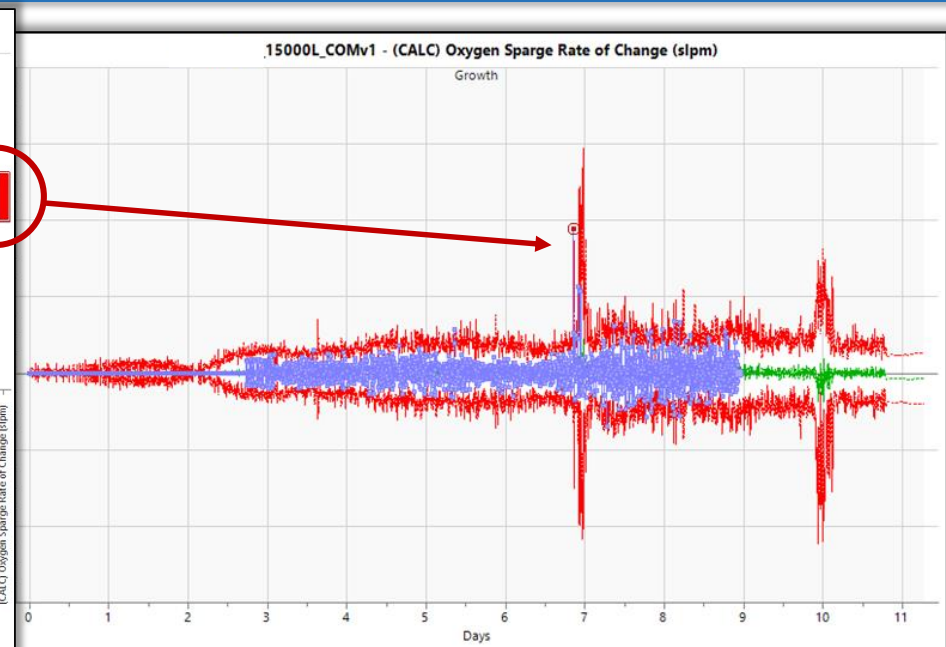
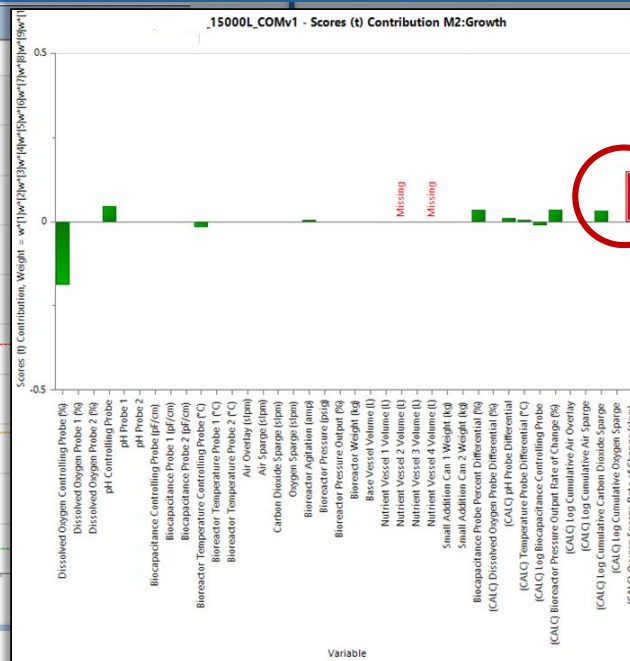
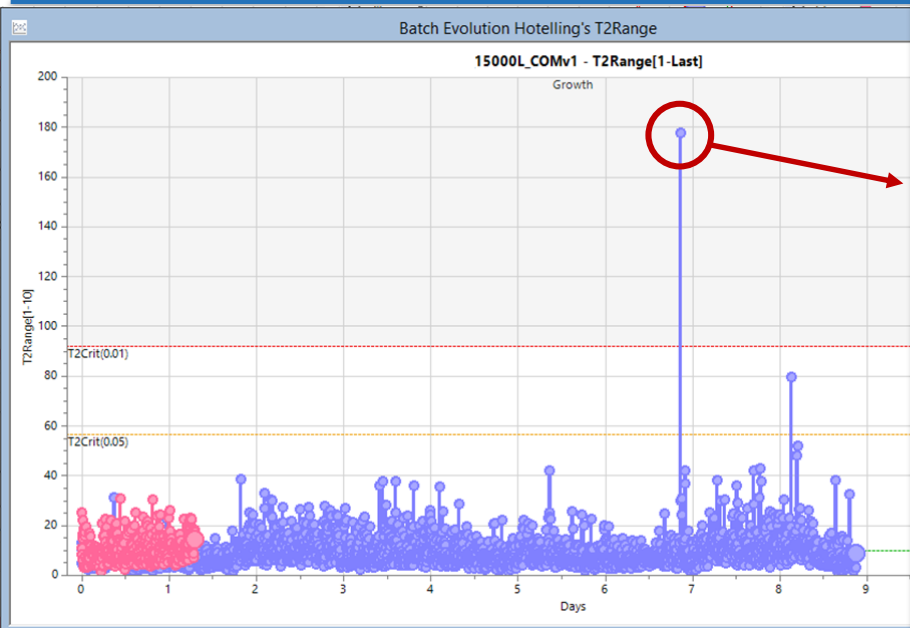
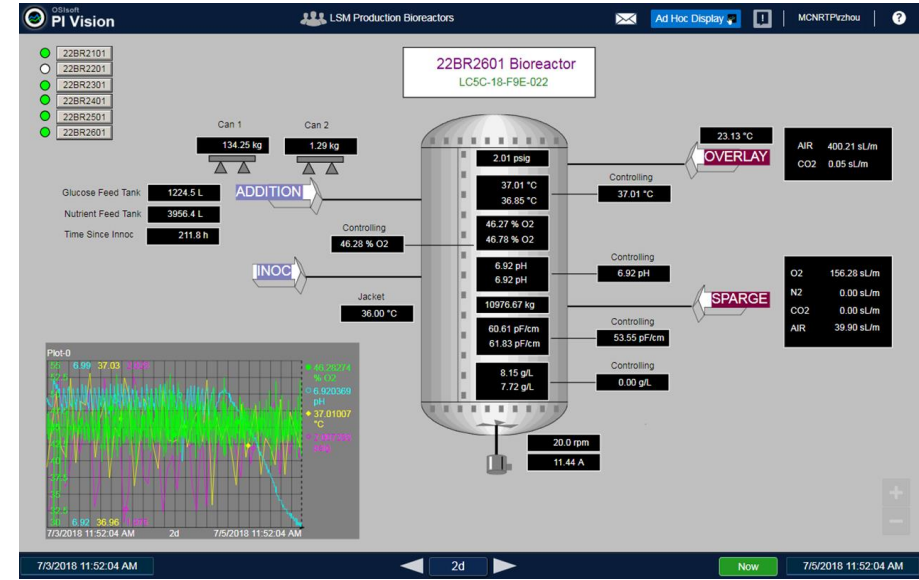


Fault Detection – Process Condition Monitoring

What? Multivariate real-time process monitoring of equipment and state variables.

How? Utilize SIMCA On-line and unsupervised multivariate models.

Why? Provide production floor with process health monitoring capability and ability to diagnose root causes of process disturbances and faults.

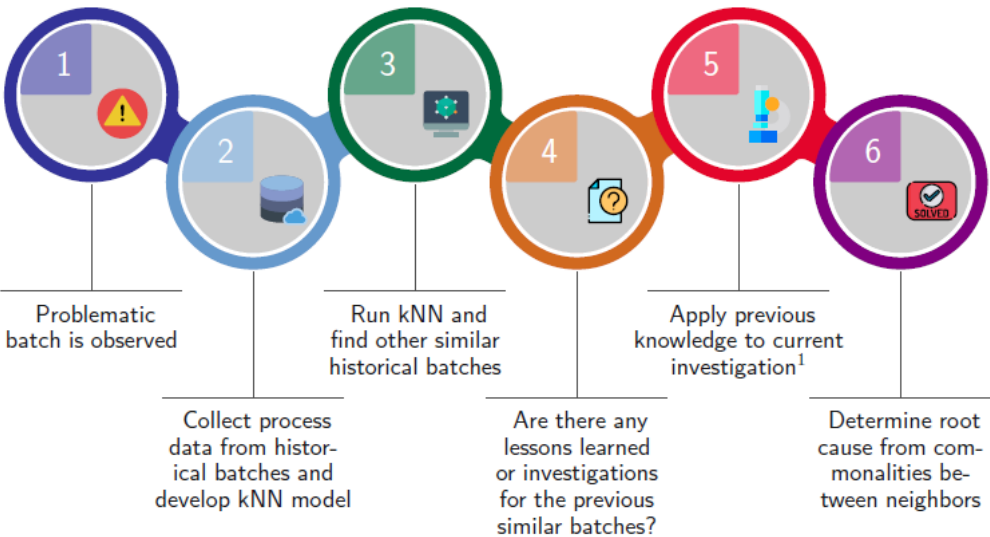


Fault Detection – K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN)

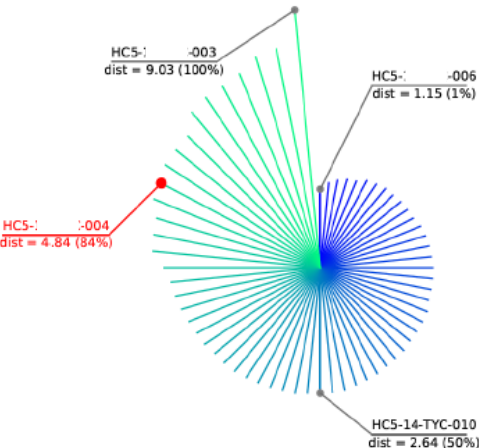
What? Innovative solution to support root cause analysis and process performance evaluation

How? Through inter-batch similarity analysis using KNN based method.

Why? Long-term resource and time saving during process investigations and evaluations



Drug Information		
name		
unit	Production BRX	
duration	11.8 days	
kNN Information		
target	HC1	04
start	day 3	
end	day 9.5	
feature selected	state variables	
Fault Detection – Soft Sensors [...]		



Similarity analysis can be used to calculate the distance/deviation of a batch to the historical average. Therefore, the tool can also help select representative or 'golden' batches.

Fault Detection – Soft Sensors

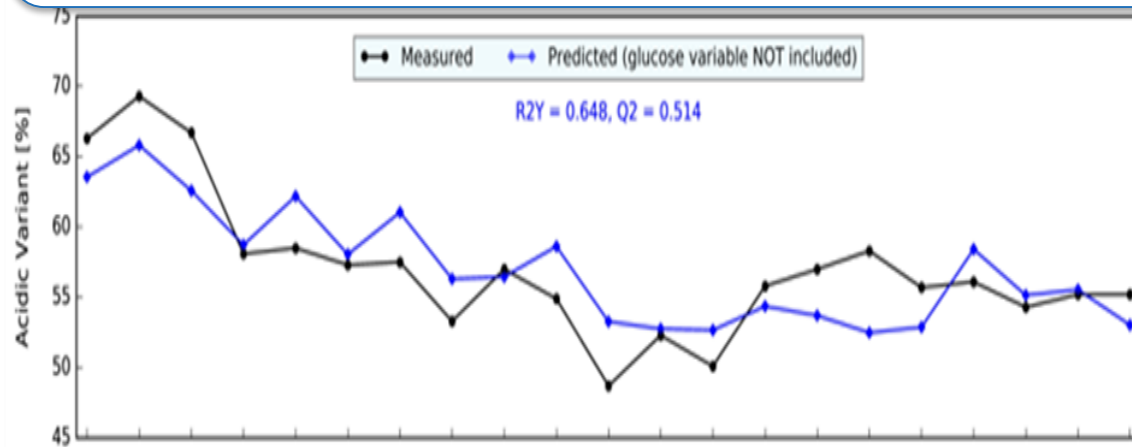
(estimators)

What? Develop quantitative soft sensors to estimate quality attributes based on state variables.

How? Apply MLR and PLS to build supervised models using an empirical approach.

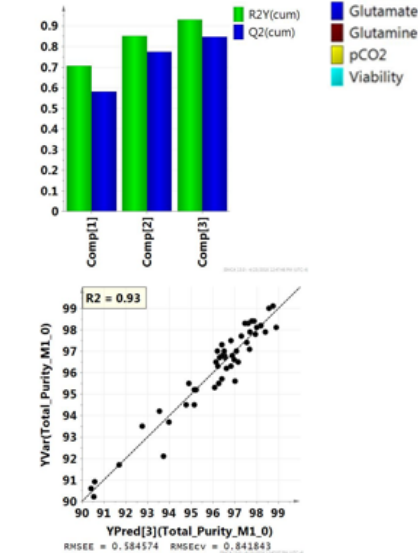
Why? Fault detection/real time quality & gain valuable process understanding.

Quality attribute estimator using traditional process sensing.
R2=0.65

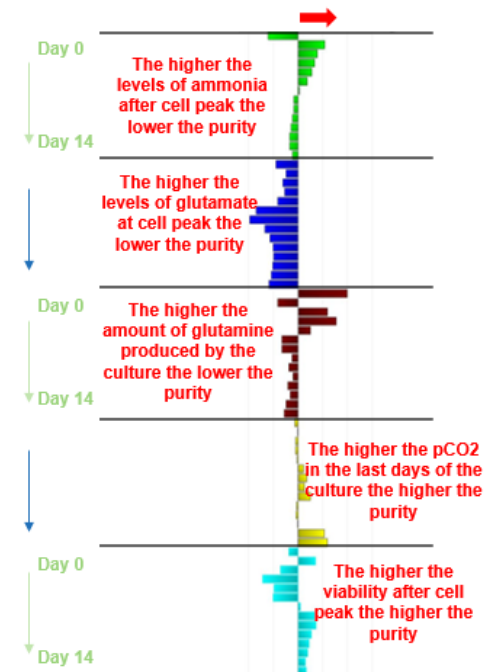


PLS Model Results

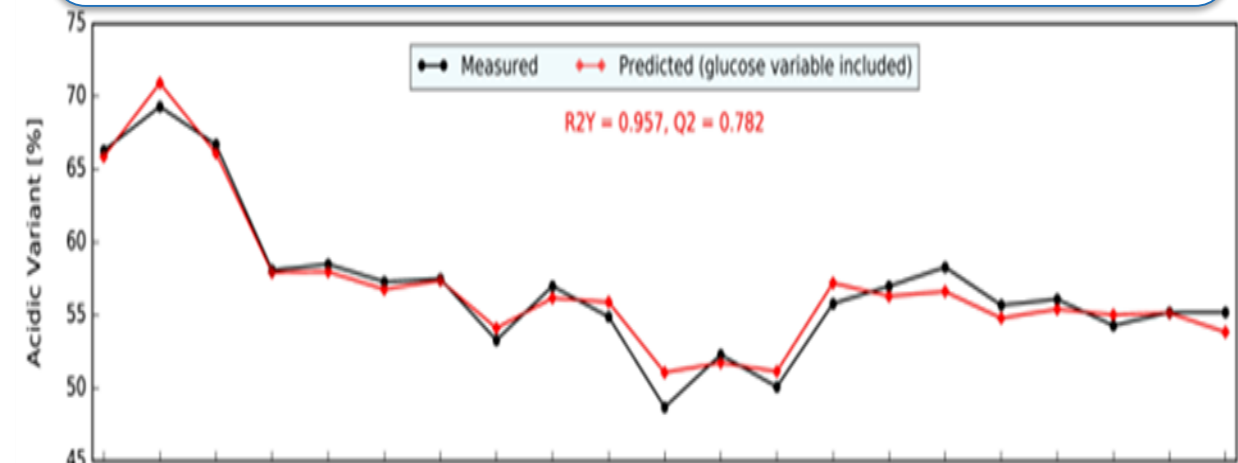
Modelability $R2Y(cum) = 0.93$
Predictability $Q2(cum) = 0.85$



PLS Model Coefficients



Quality attribute estimator using traditional process sensing and in-line Raman.
R2=0.96

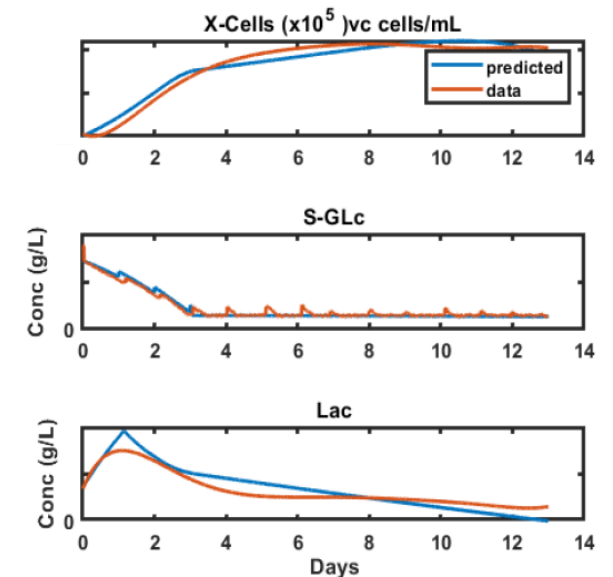
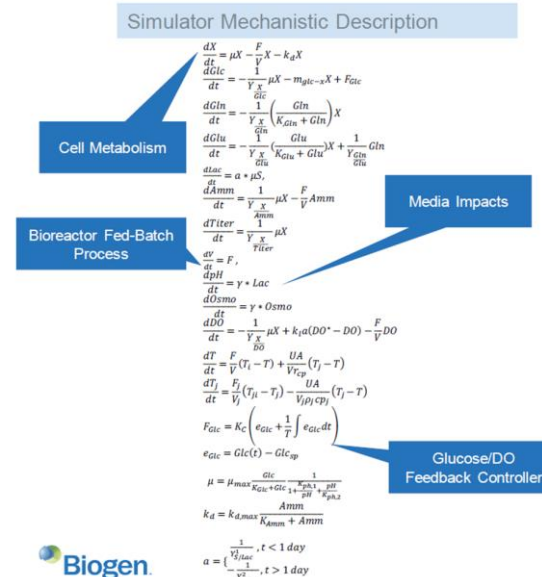
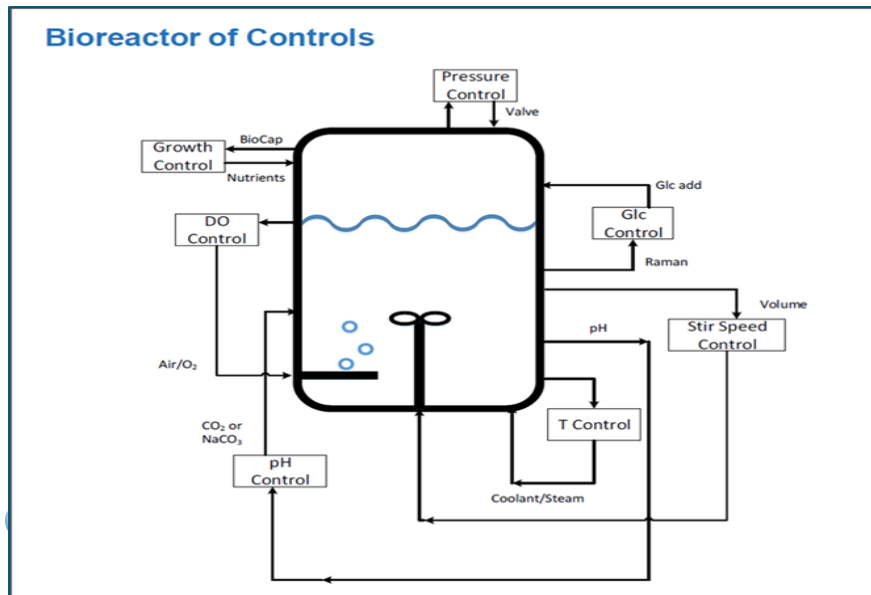
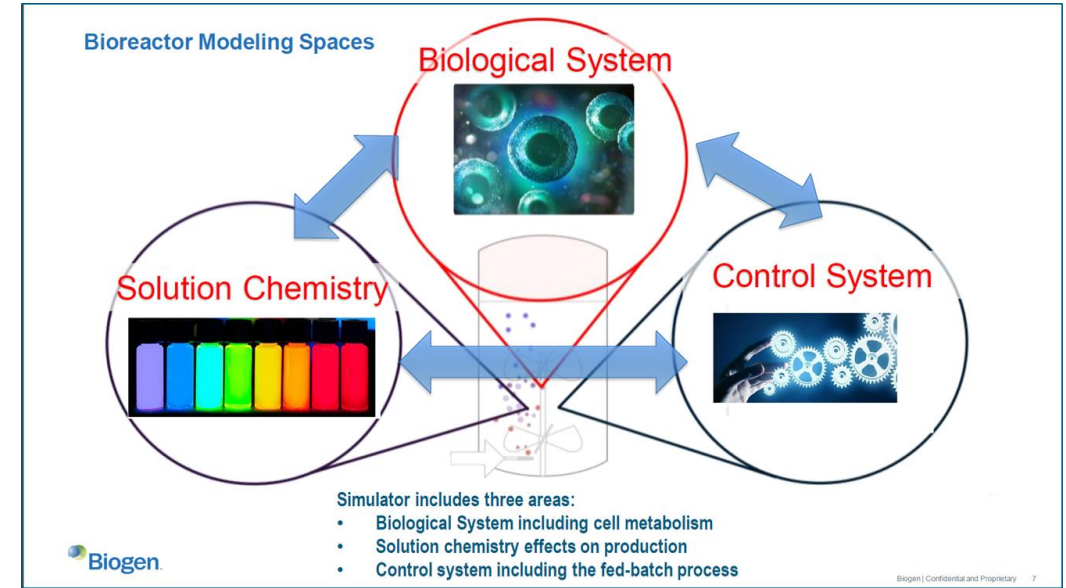


Model-Based Control – Bioreactor Simulator (digital twin)

What? A bioreactor simulator that incorporates mechanistic and machine learning modeling strategies.

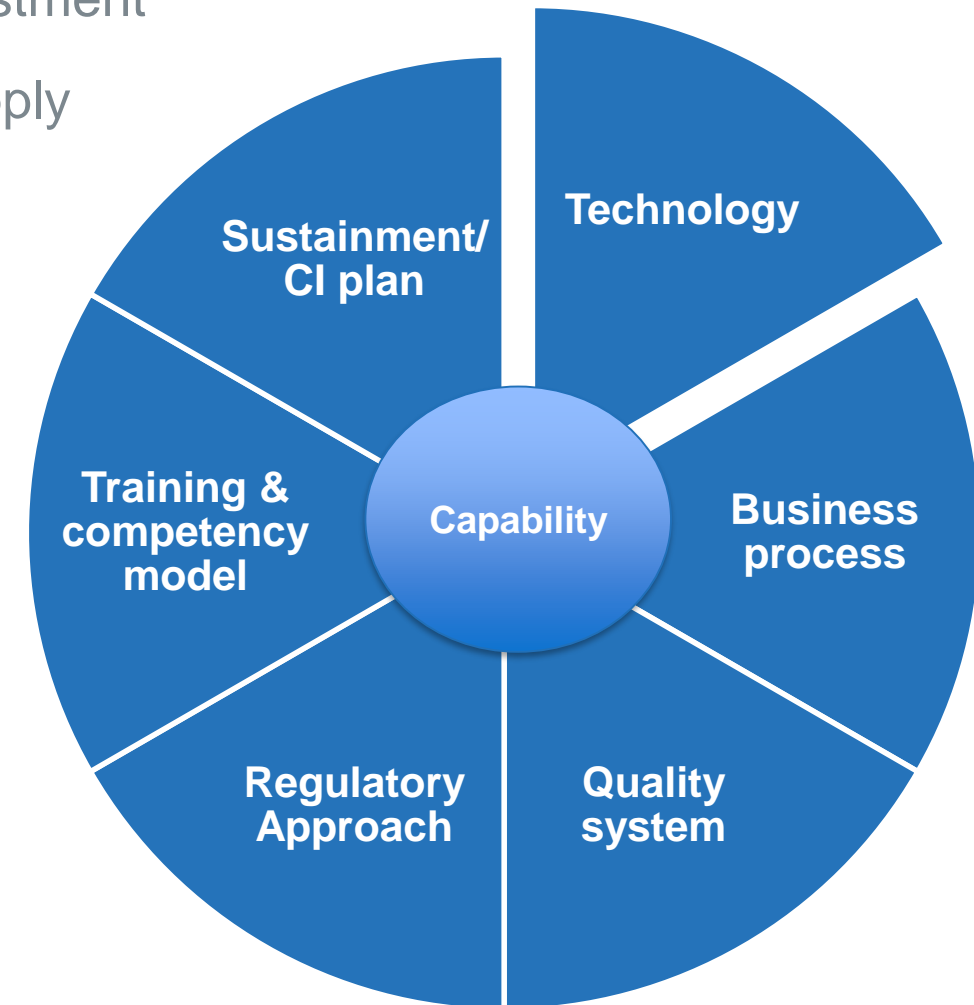
How? By utilizing fundamental principles found in the literature, DOEs and manufacturing data sets

Why? To capture mechanistic understanding (and data patterns) in support of process development/ improvements & advanced controls.



APC Journey: Lessons and Guiding Principles so far...

- Sponsorship is key – transformation takes vision and investment
- Innovate for unmet needs and drivers in the context of supply chain to patient
- Turn technologies into capabilities
- It takes a diverse village of partners: co-creation!
- No AI without IA – need data systems & architecture.
- Models create a virtuous learning loops
 - *Takes knowledge to build them*
 - *Gain knowledge by using them*
- We are just scratching the surface!



Summary

- Demands are increasing on manufacturing to improve supply chain performance and patient access
- Digitalization is enabling a disruptive change across the value chain and production
- Use of process control approaches like APC will help modernize production.
- Must build capabilities from disruptive technologies
- “The future is here now...it’s just not yet evenly distributed”

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