

# Mechanistic Insights into non-mAb Aggregation Using MS-Cleavable Linker

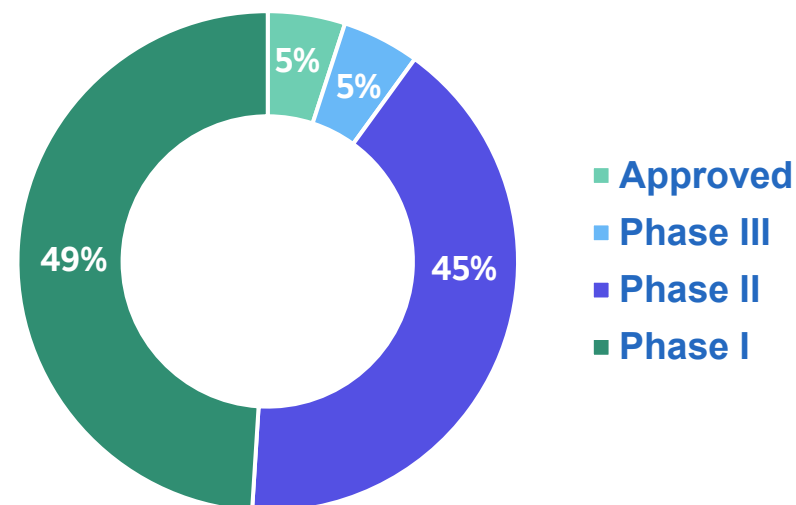
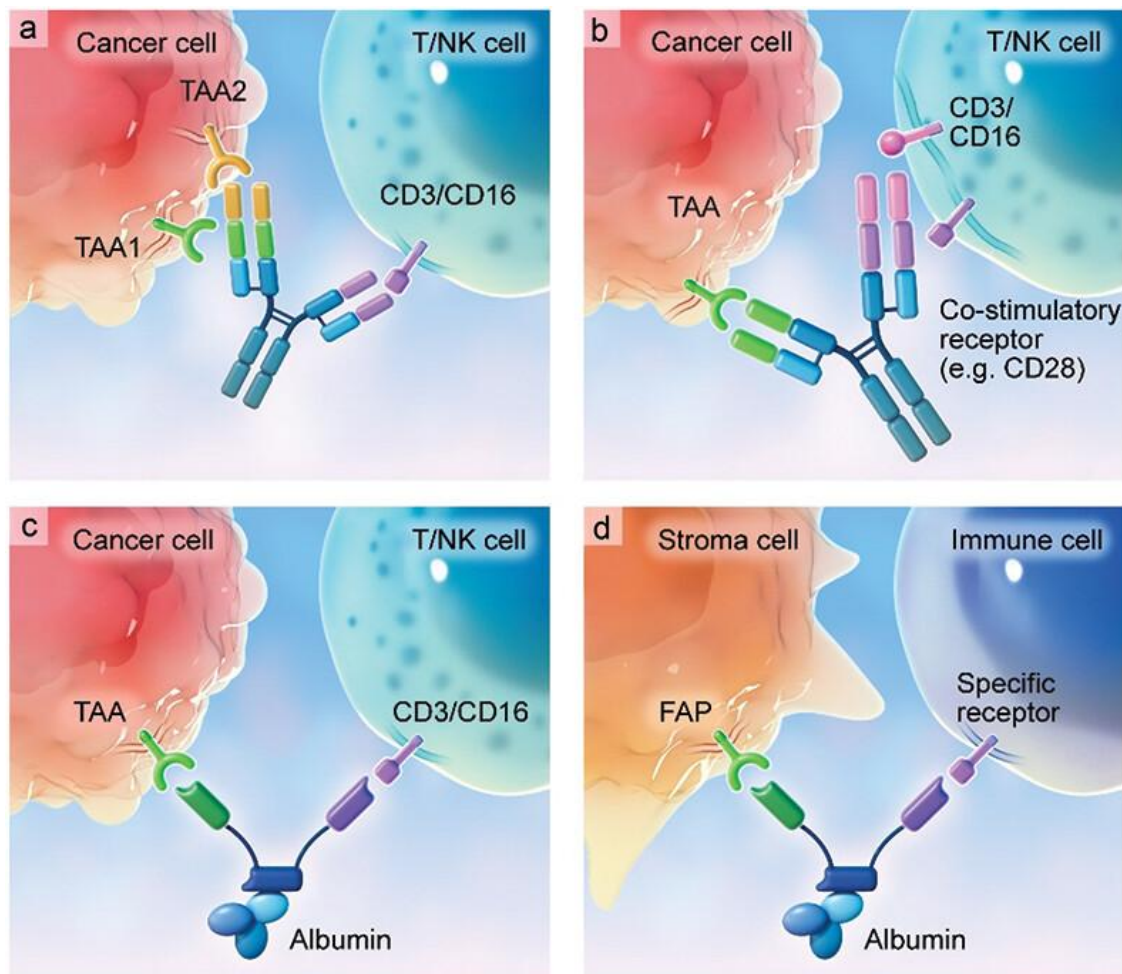
Laurence Whitty-Léveillé\*, Michael Hartmann, Benqian Wei, Anita P. Liu, Cong Wu, Xiaoqing Hua, Hillary A. Schuessler

Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, USA

24 Sep 2025

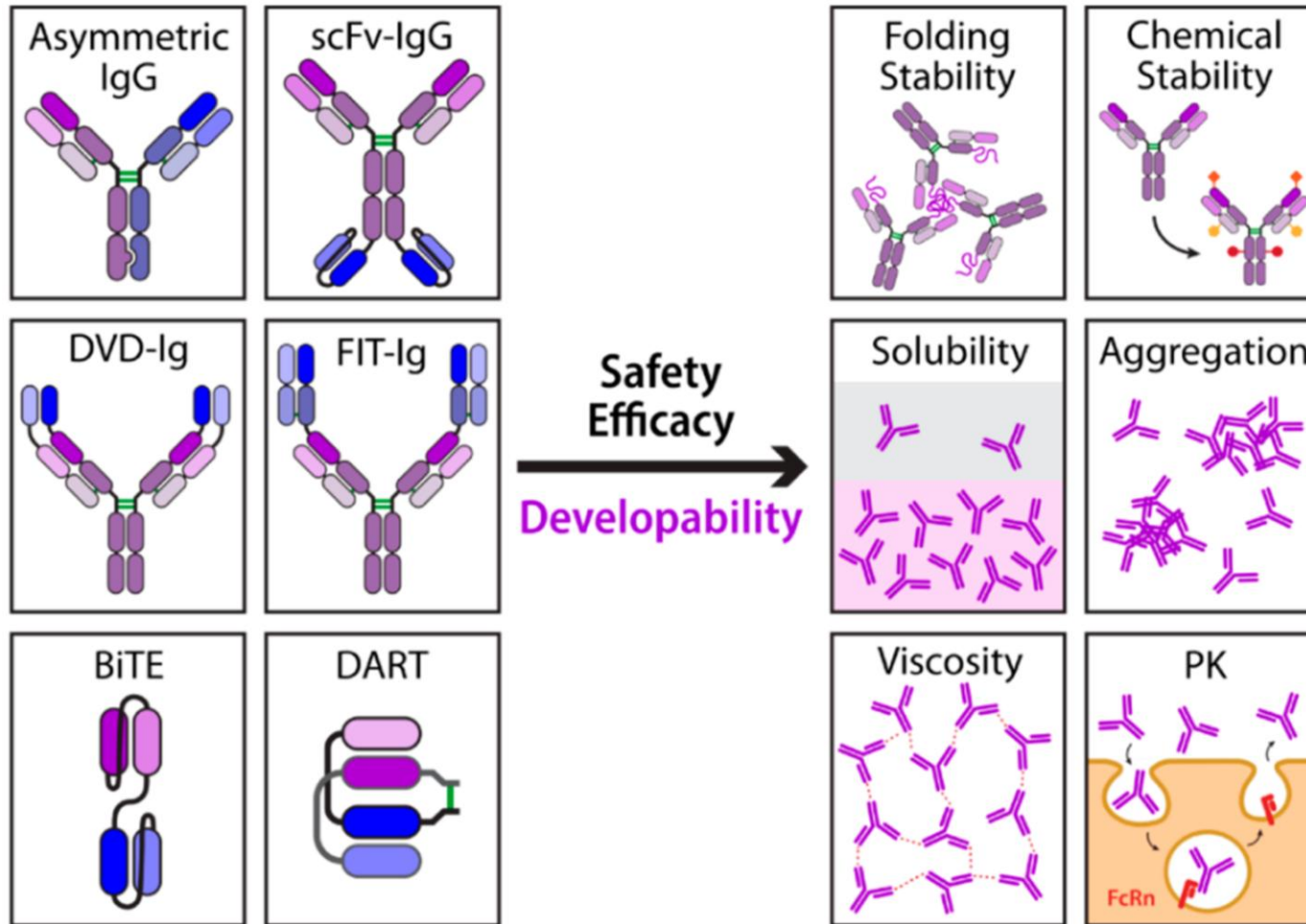


# The Next Big Thing in Tumor Therapeutics



- More than 200 bispecific antibodies (bsAbs) are currently in clinical development.
- 50% of bsAbs in clinical development are in phase II and phase III or already approved.

# Physical and Chemical Challenges of Multispecific Abs (msAbs)



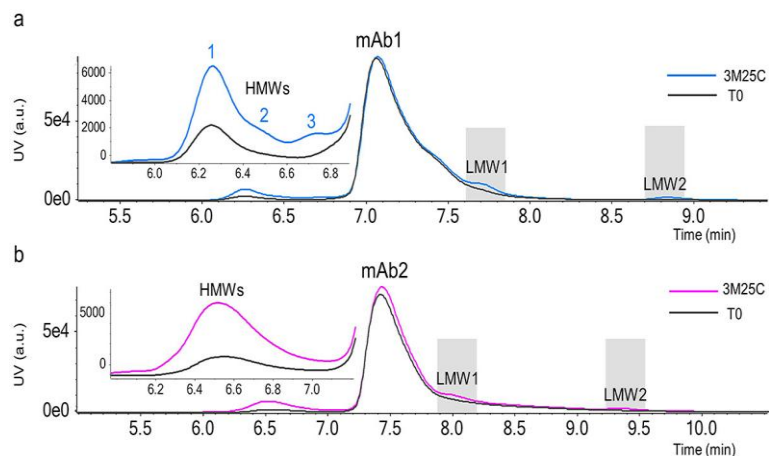
✗ High levels of aggregate formation during protein expression and cell culture

✗ Dimers, trimers, and higher order multimers can form during formulation and storage

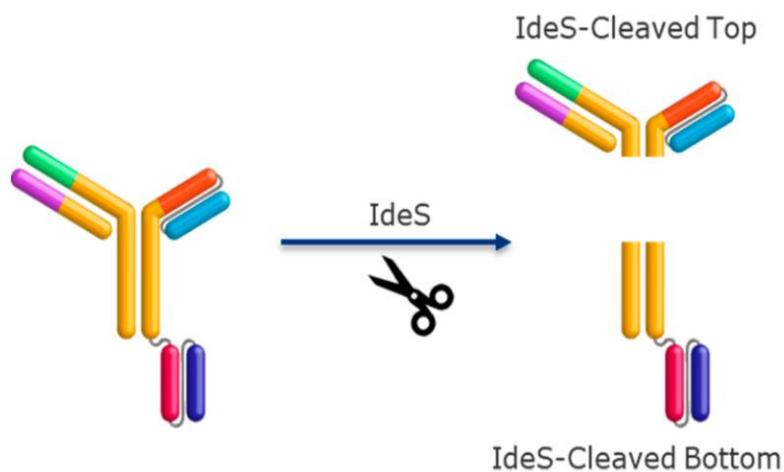
✗ Self-association has the potential to adversely affect shelf-life, pharmacokinetic properties, efficacy, safety and immunogenicity

# Investigating Self-Association: Mass Spec as a Versatile Tool

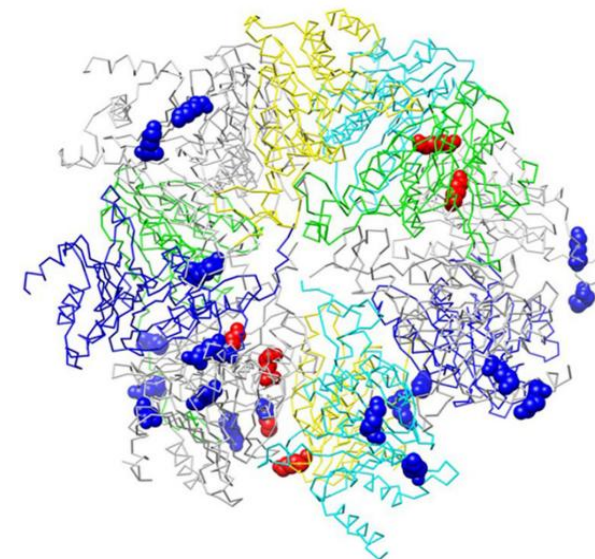
## Native Mass Spec



## Subunit analysis



## Site-targeted analysis

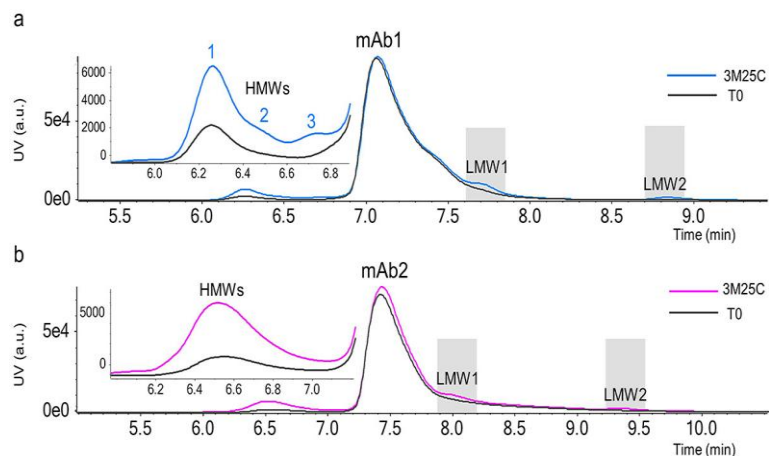


Structural information

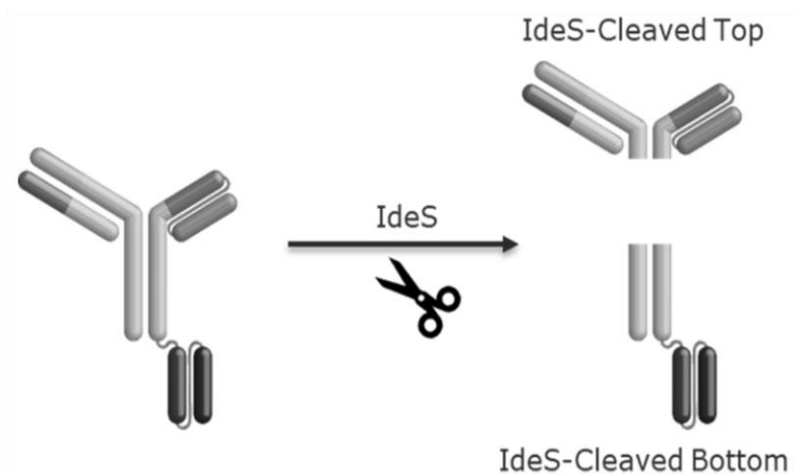
Resolution

# Investigating Self-Association: Mass Spec as a Versatile Tool

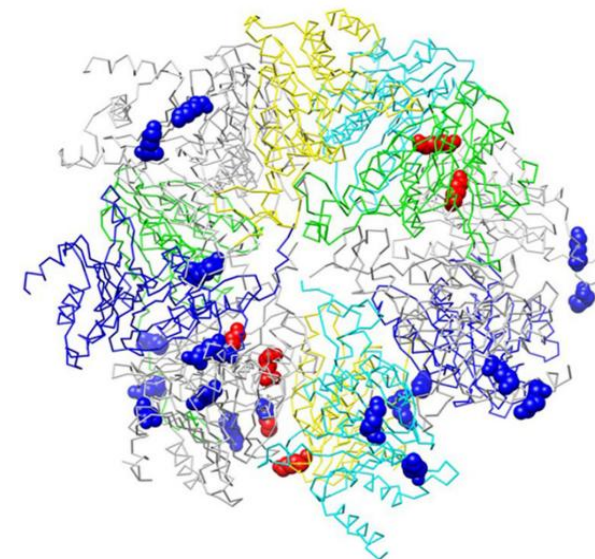
## Native Mass Spec



## Subunit analysis



## Site-targeted analysis



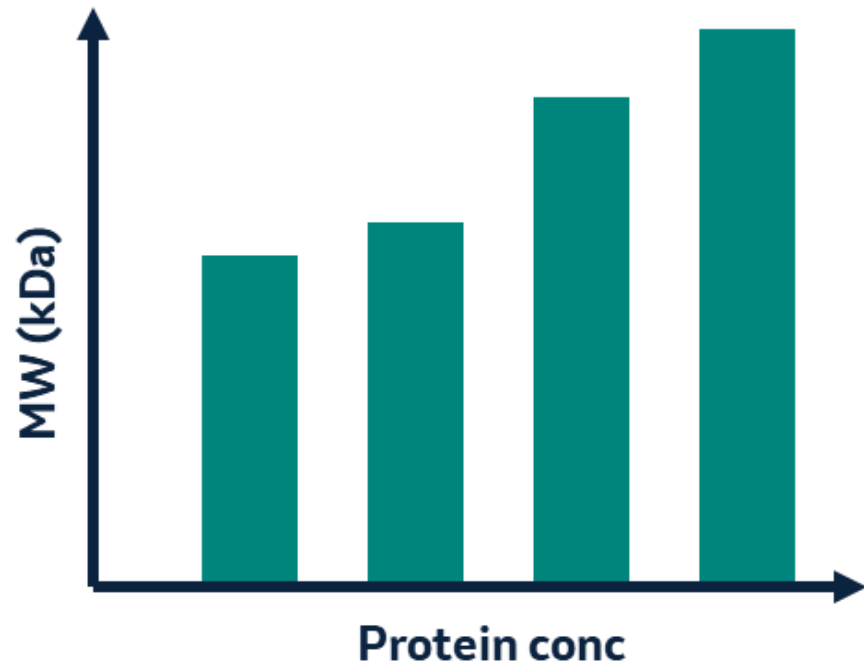
Structural information

Resolution

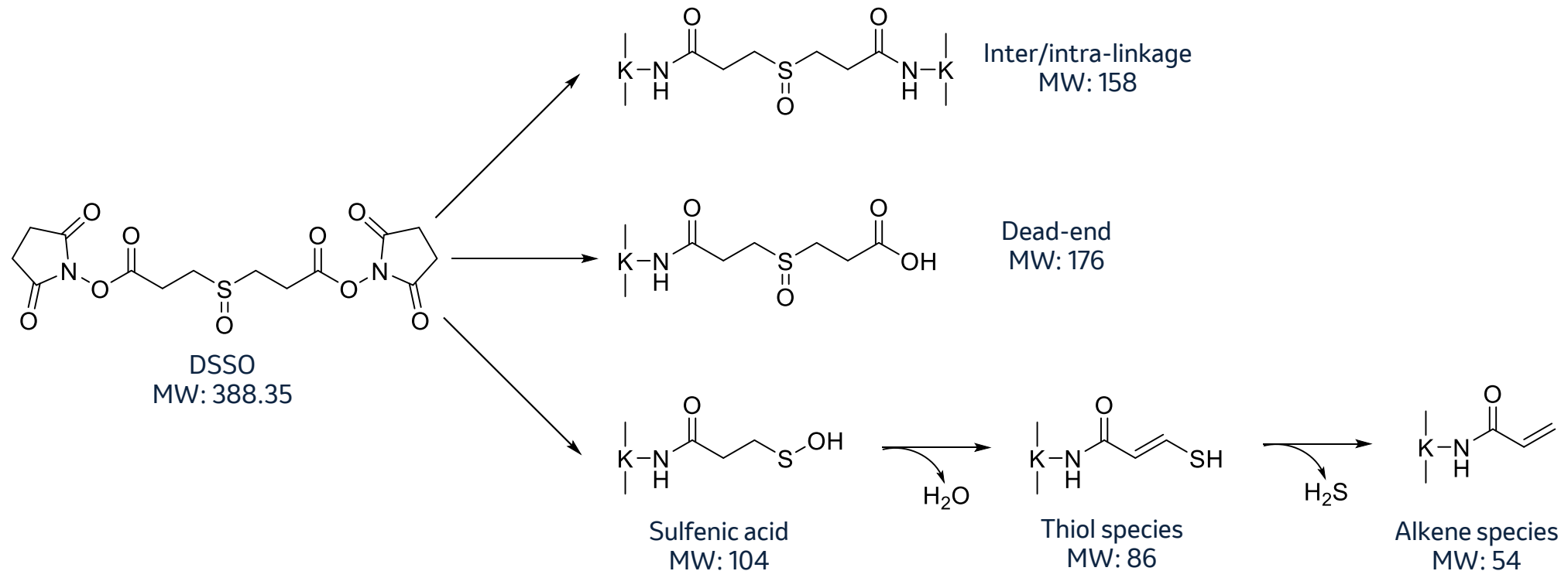


a) Xu, J., Coughlin, J.E., Szyjka, M., Jabary, S., Saluja, S., Sosic, Z., Chen, Y., Xu, C.F. *mAbs*, **2024**, *16* (1) 2334783 b) Poltash, M.L., Srzentic, K., Beil, E., Gorre, E., Damoc, E., Mahan, A.D., Nanda, H., Chowdhury, P. *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* **2023**, *34*, 2654–2661. c) Kao, A., et al. *Mol. Cell. Proteomics* **2011**, *10* (1), M110-002170.

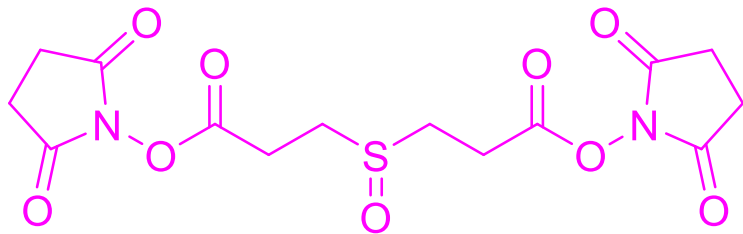
# Understanding Self-Association Mechanism in the Pipeline



# Using a Cross-Linking Reagent to Understand Aggregation



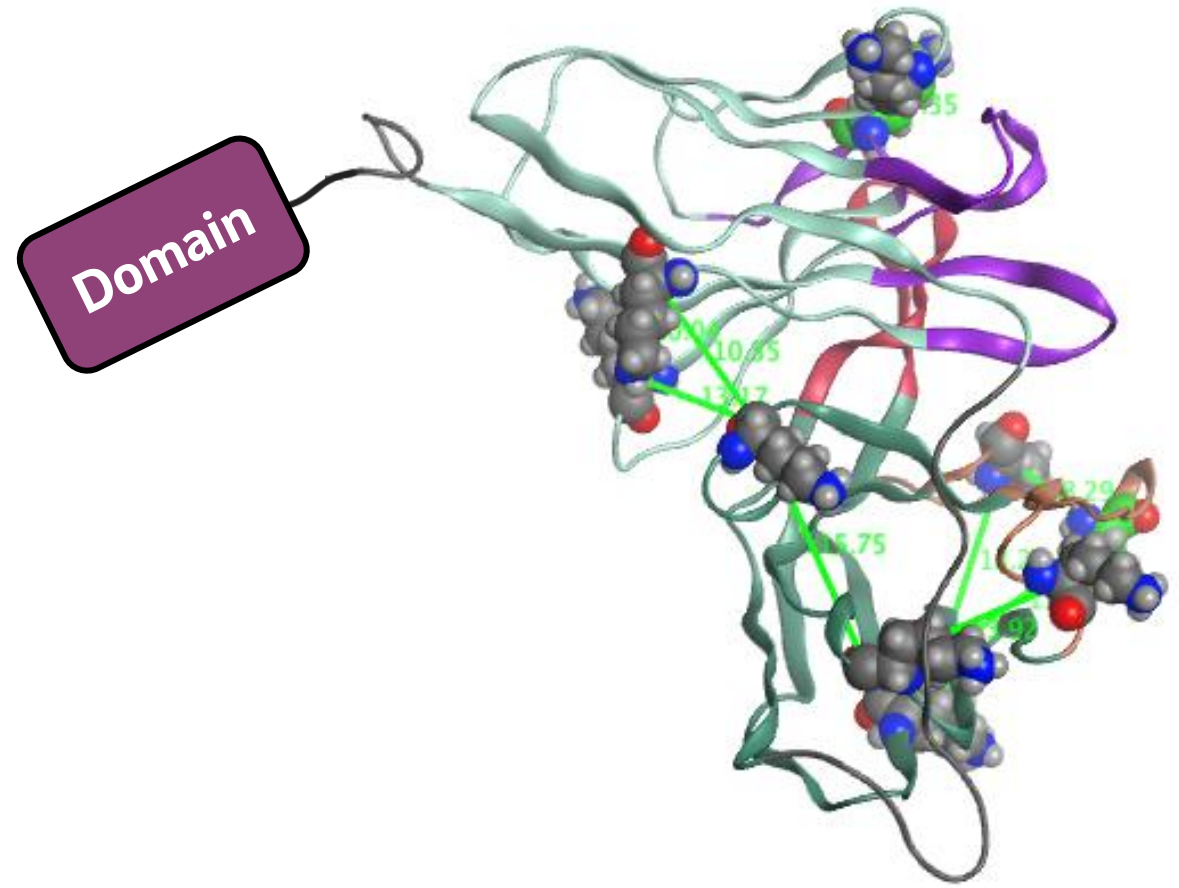
# Using a Cross-Linking Reagent to Understand Aggregation



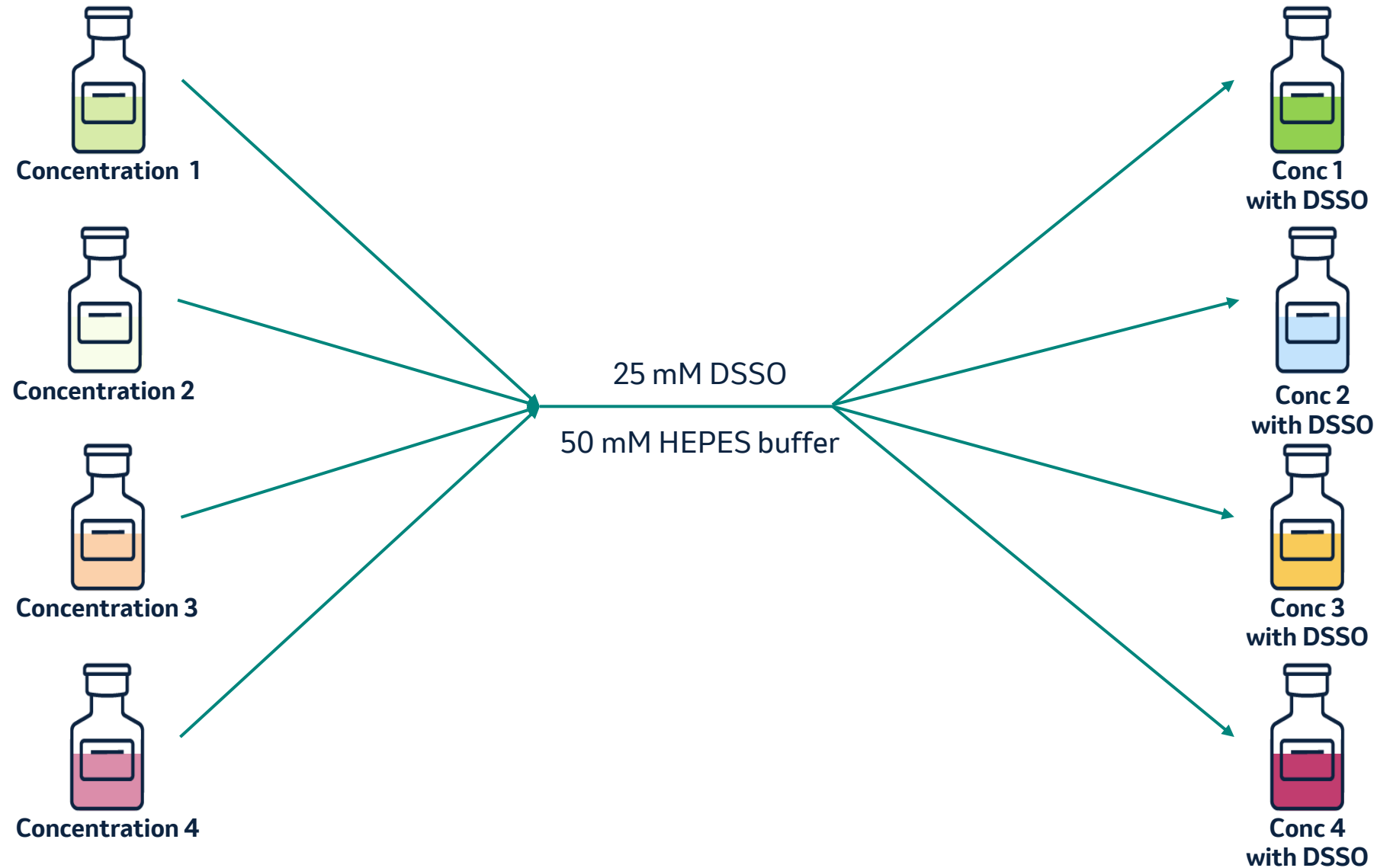
**DSSO**

Targets Primary Amines such as Lysine  
K to K cross-link (XL)

Spacer length: 10.1 Å

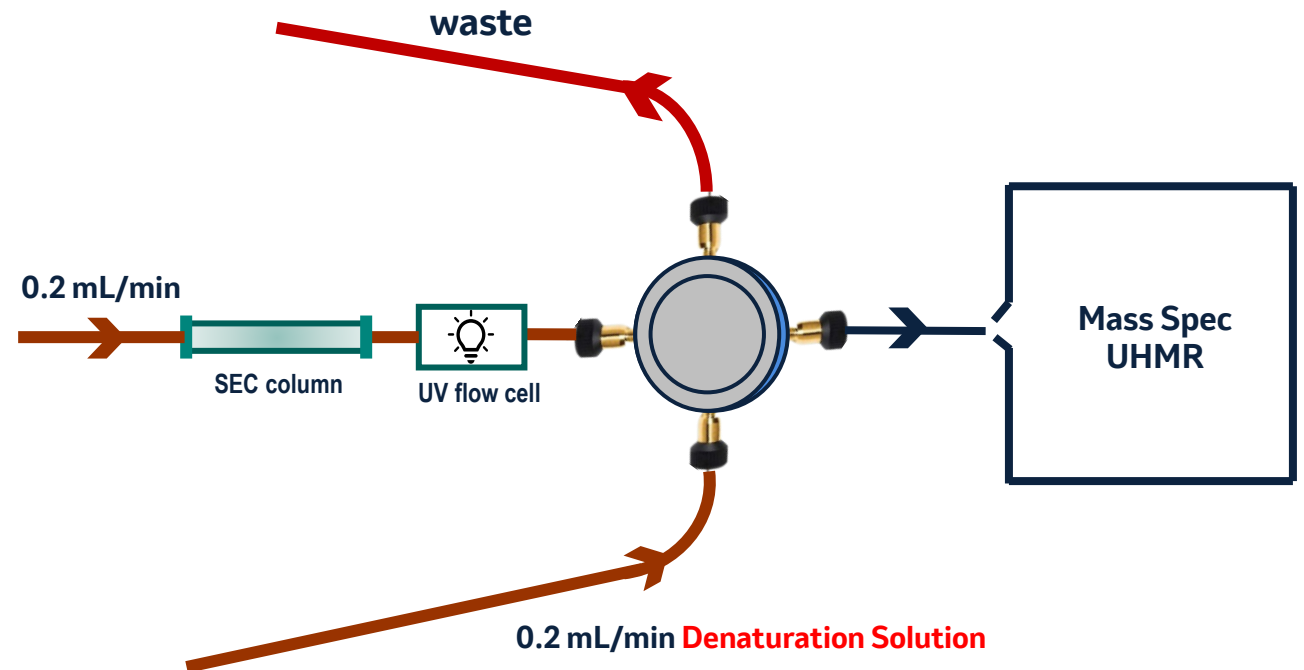


# Preparation of DSSO-Cross Linked Samples

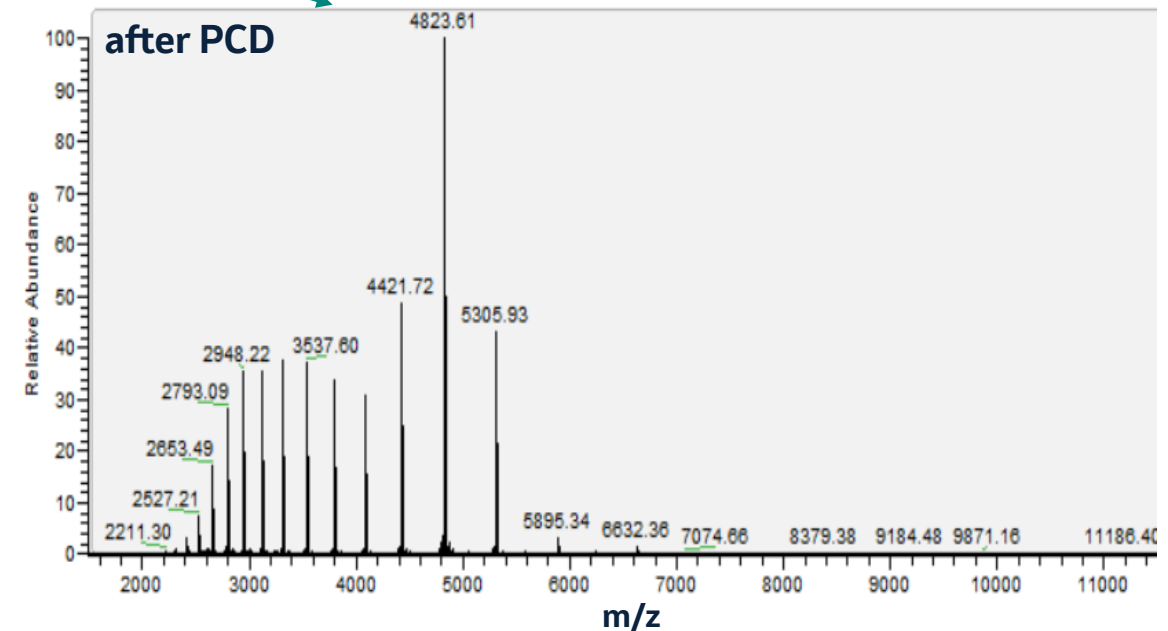
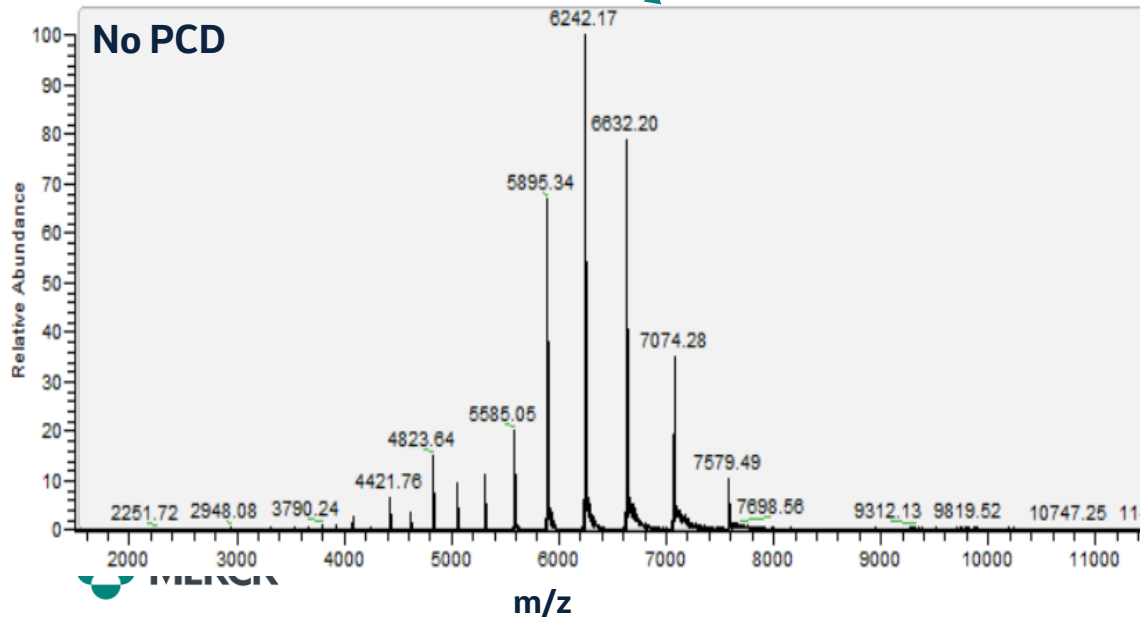
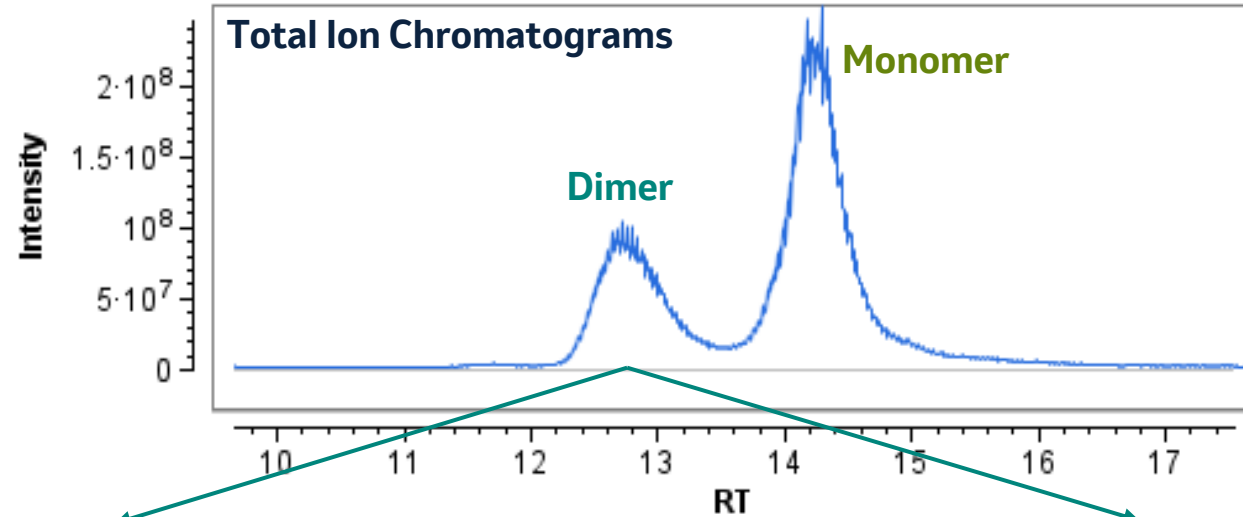


# Native SEC-MS with Post-Column Denaturation (nSEC-PCD-MS)

|                              |                                           |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Column                       | Waters Acquity Protein BEH SEC 4.6x300 mm |
| Mobile Phase A               | 300 mM Ammonium Acetate                   |
| Mobile Phase B               | —                                         |
| <b>Denaturation solution</b> | <b>60% ACN, 4% Formic Acid</b>            |
| Gradient                     | Isocratic over 30 min                     |
| Flow rate                    | 0.2 mL/min                                |
| Column Temp                  | 20 °C                                     |
| Injection amount             | 10 µg                                     |
| UV detection                 | 280 nm                                    |



# nSEC-PCD-MS as a Powerful Tool to Investigate the Nature of Dimers



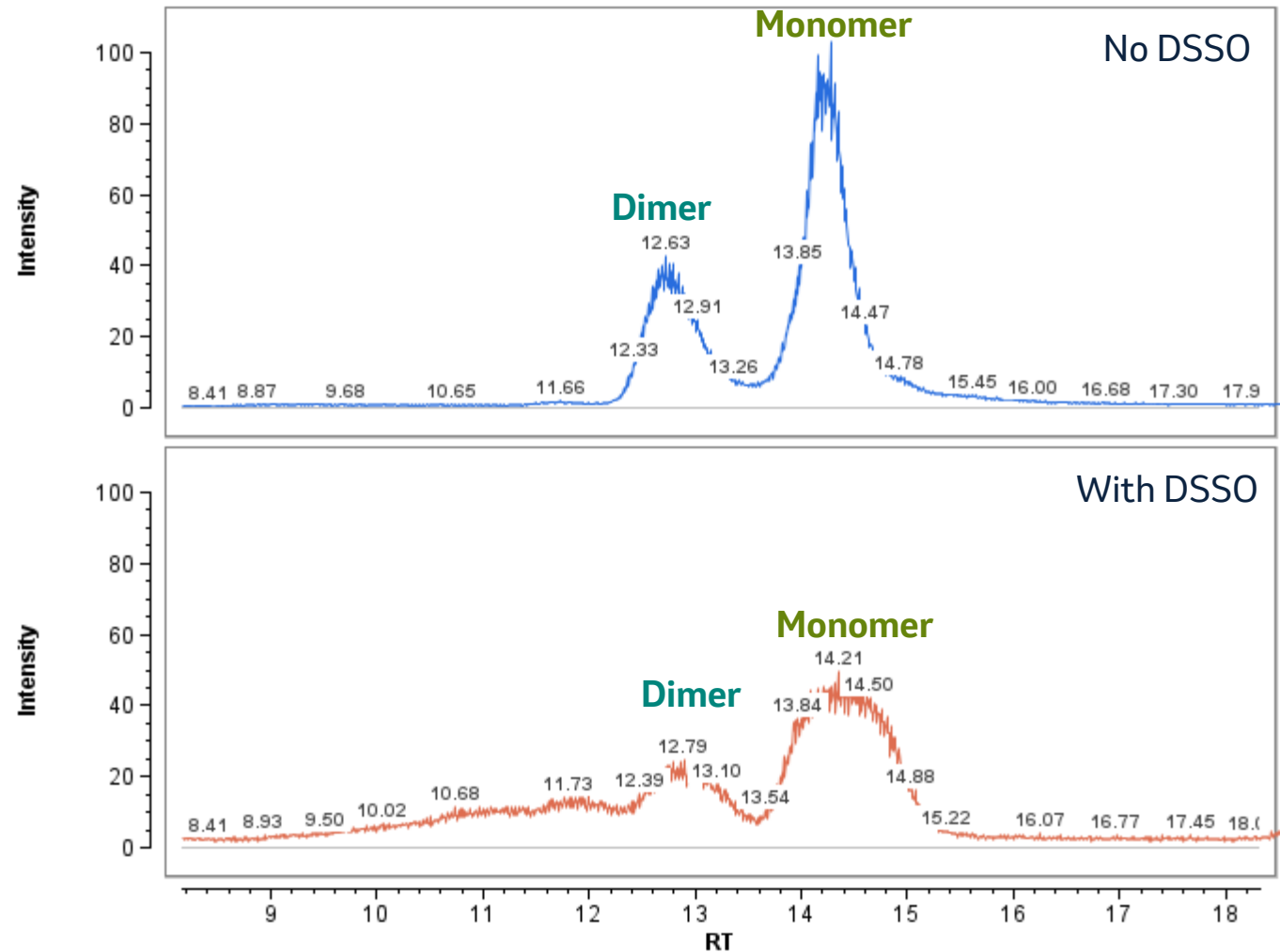
# Using nSEC-PCD-MS to Investigate Protein Cross-Linking



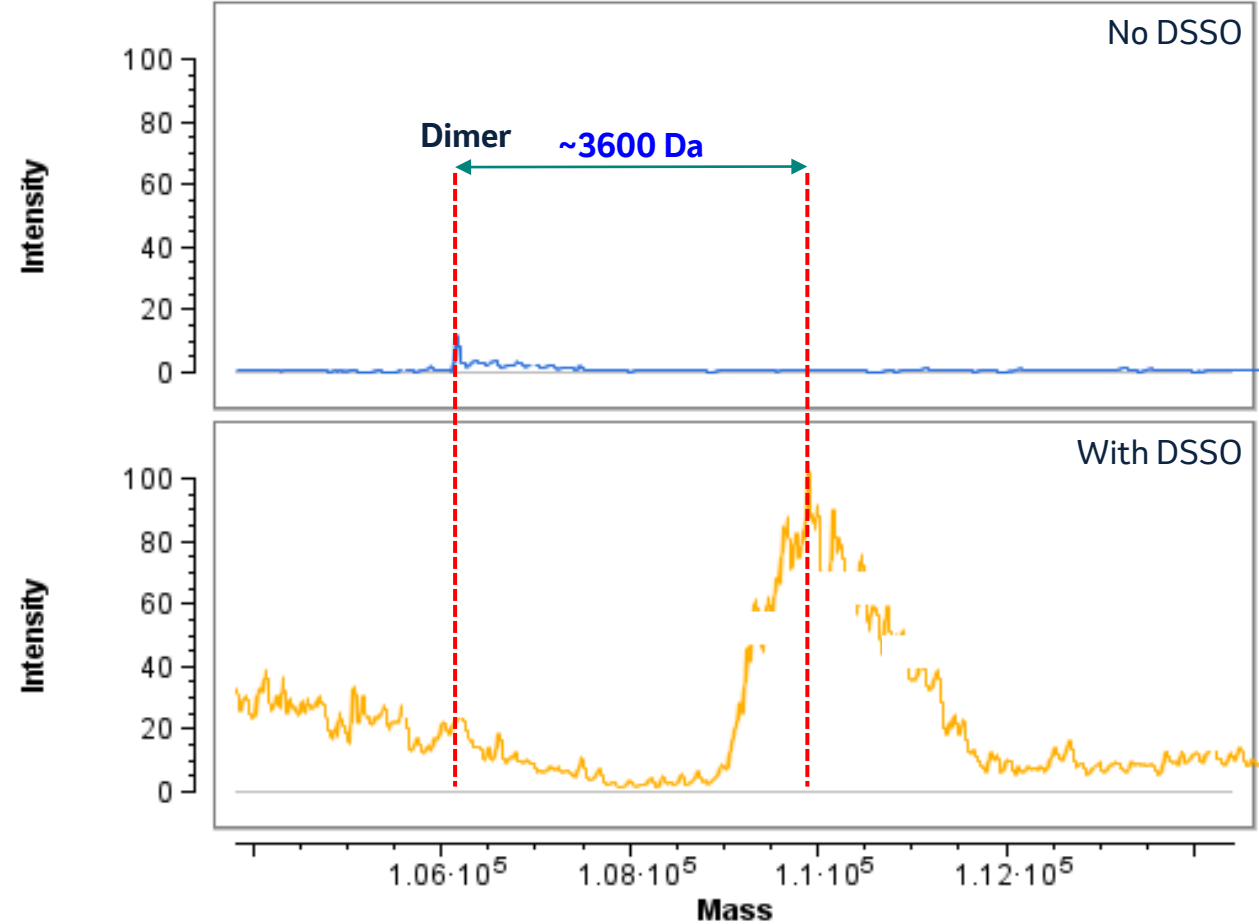
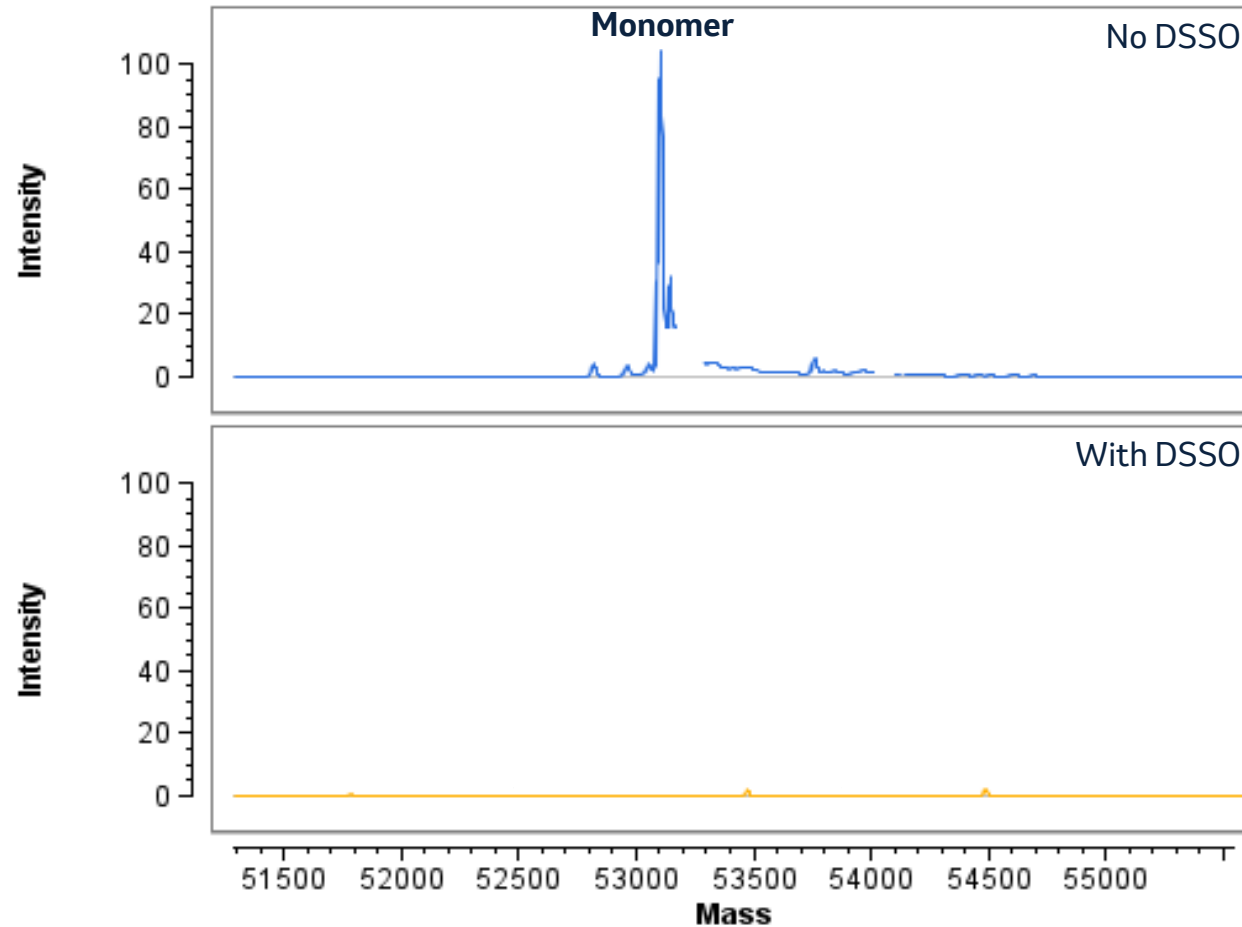
Direct Injection



Total Ion Chromatograms



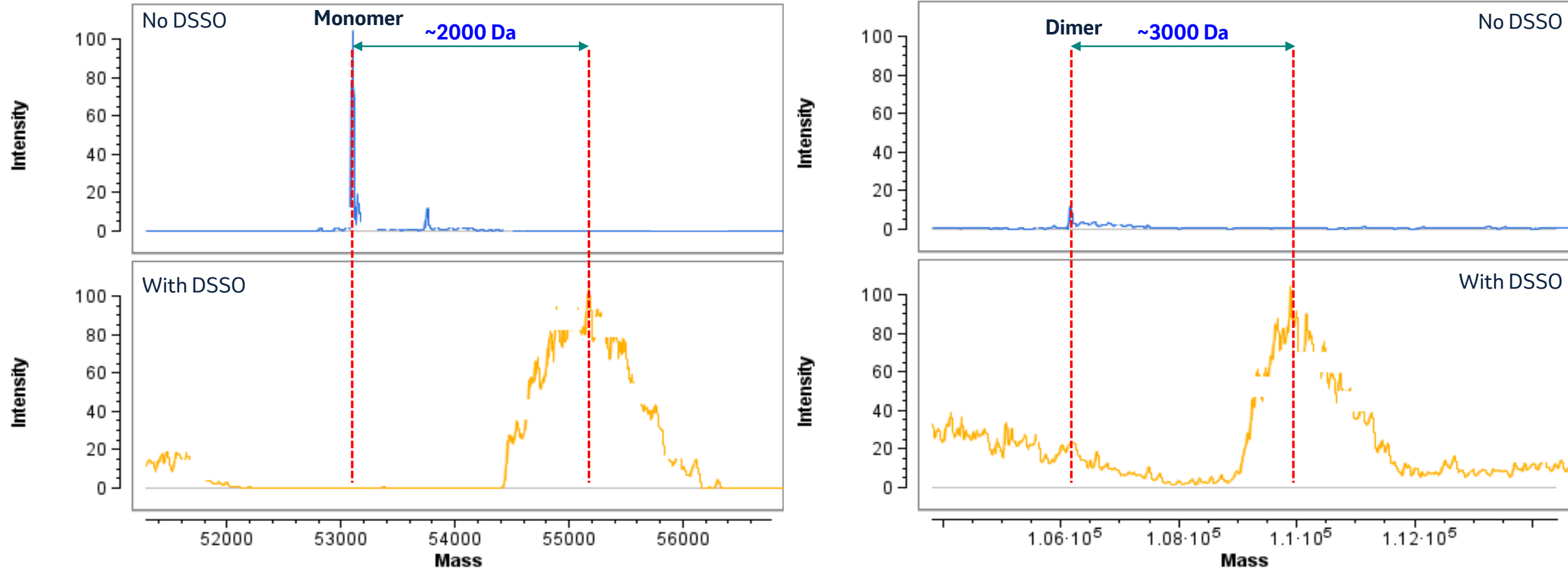
# A Closer Look at **Dimer** Peak following nSEC-PCD-MS



- Dimers in the control sample were denatured into monomers whereas the dimers present in the cross-linked sample stay intact.
- A mass shift of 3600 Da at the expected dimer mass may correspond to DSSO cross-linked mAbs.

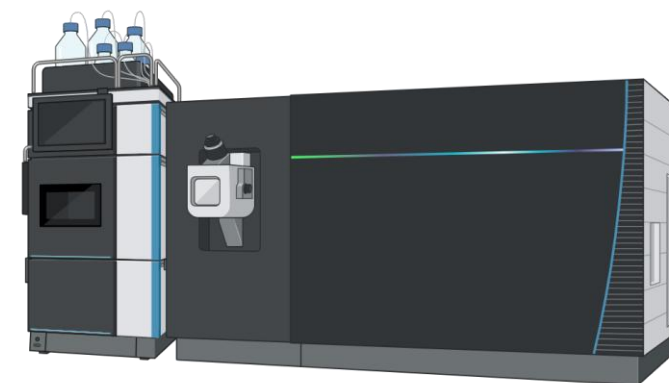
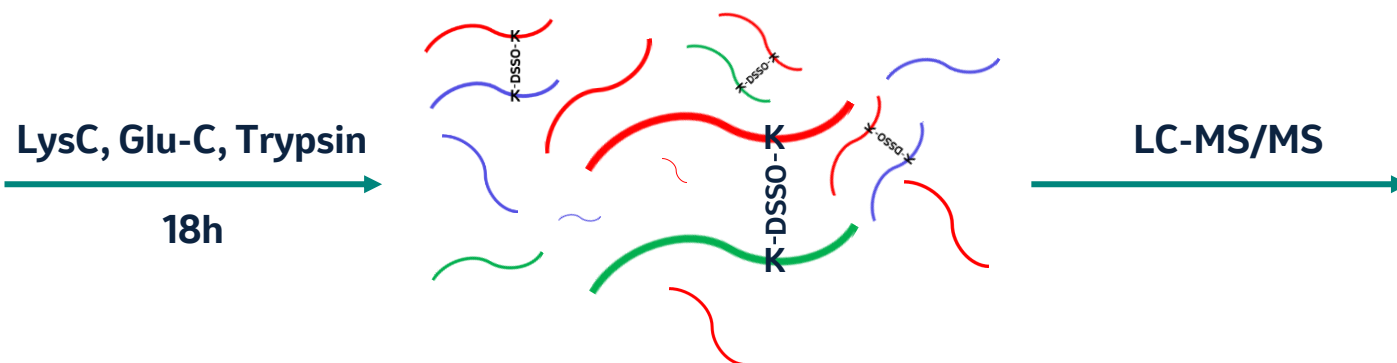


# A Closer Look at **Monomer** Peak following nSEC-PCD-MS

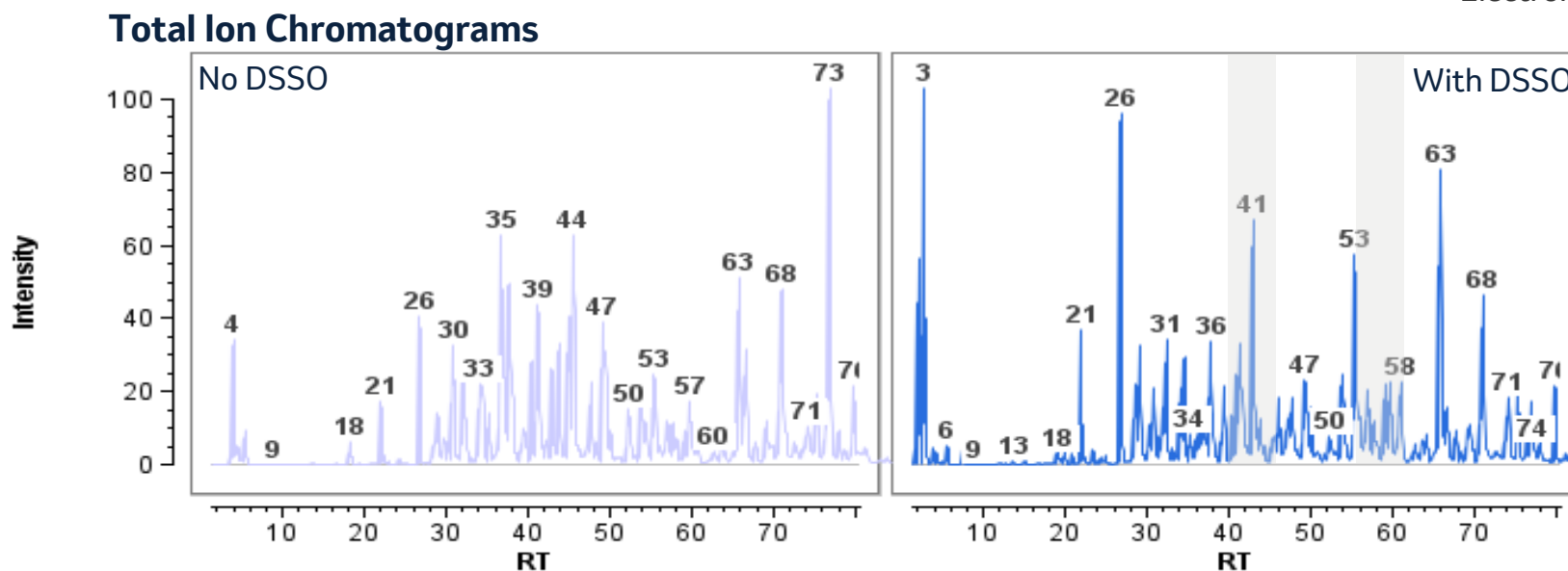


- The monomer mass in the cross-linked sample shows a notable mass shift of ~2000Da compared to the non-cross linked which may indicate the presence of various dead-end species.
- We still observed the presence of cross-linked peptide at higher masses.

# Cross Linking Identification at the Peptide Level

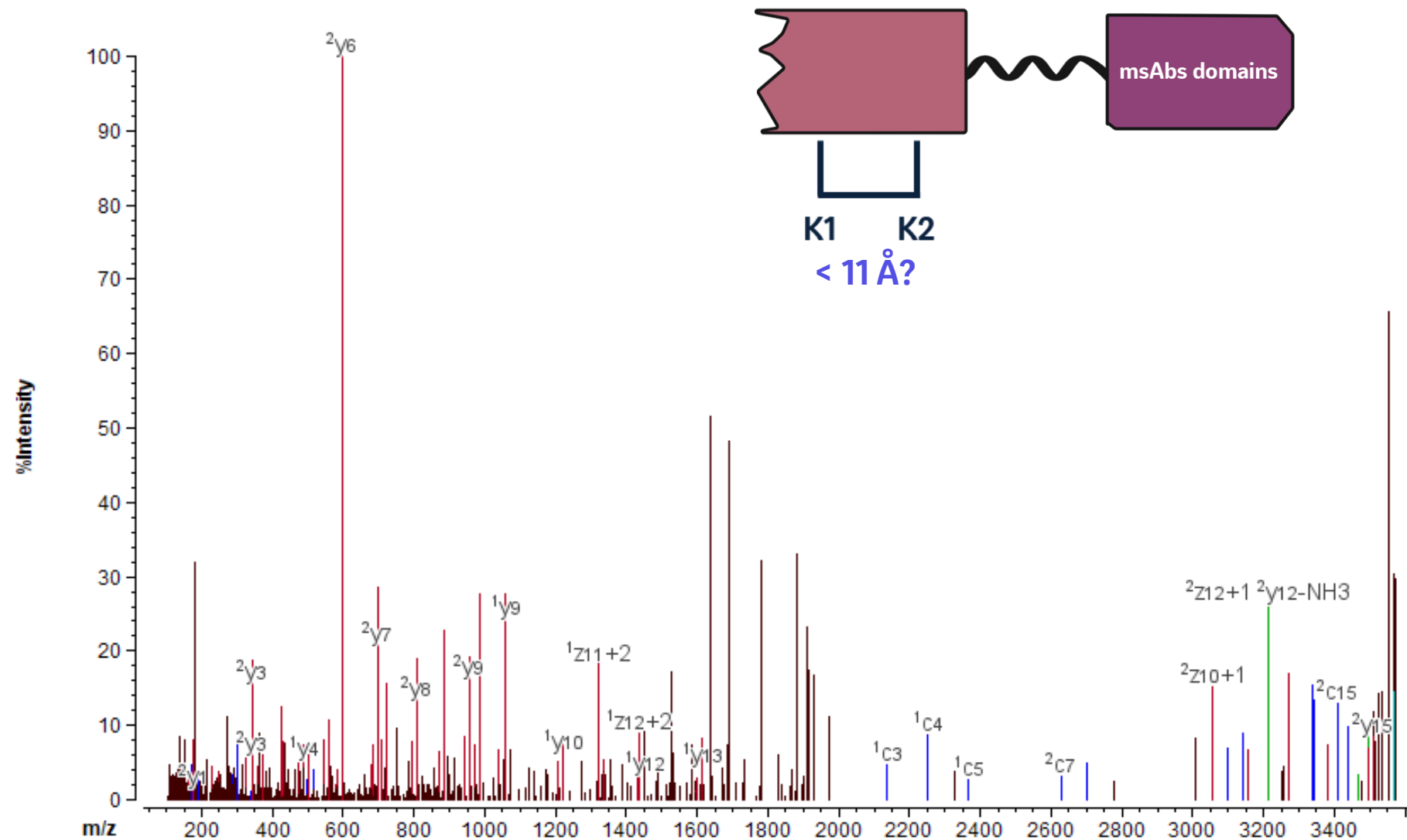


Electron transfer with supplementary HCD (ET<sub>h</sub>cD)



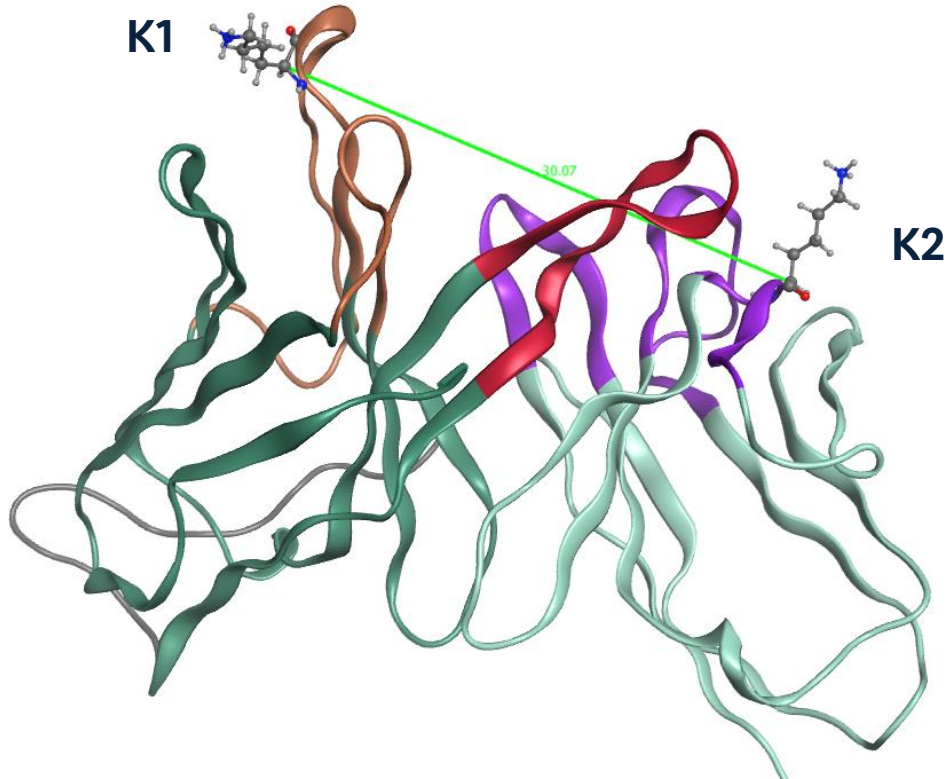
a) Giese, S.H.; Belsom, A.; Rappsilber, J. *Anal. Chem.* **2016**, 88 (16), 8239-8247. b) Kolbowski, L.; Mendes, M.L.; Rappsilber, J. *Anal. Chem.* **2017**, 89, 5311-5318. c) Zhao, B.; Reilly, C.P.; Reilly, J.P. *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* **2019**, 30 (9), 1631-1642.

# Confirming Cross-Linking Identity by MS/MS



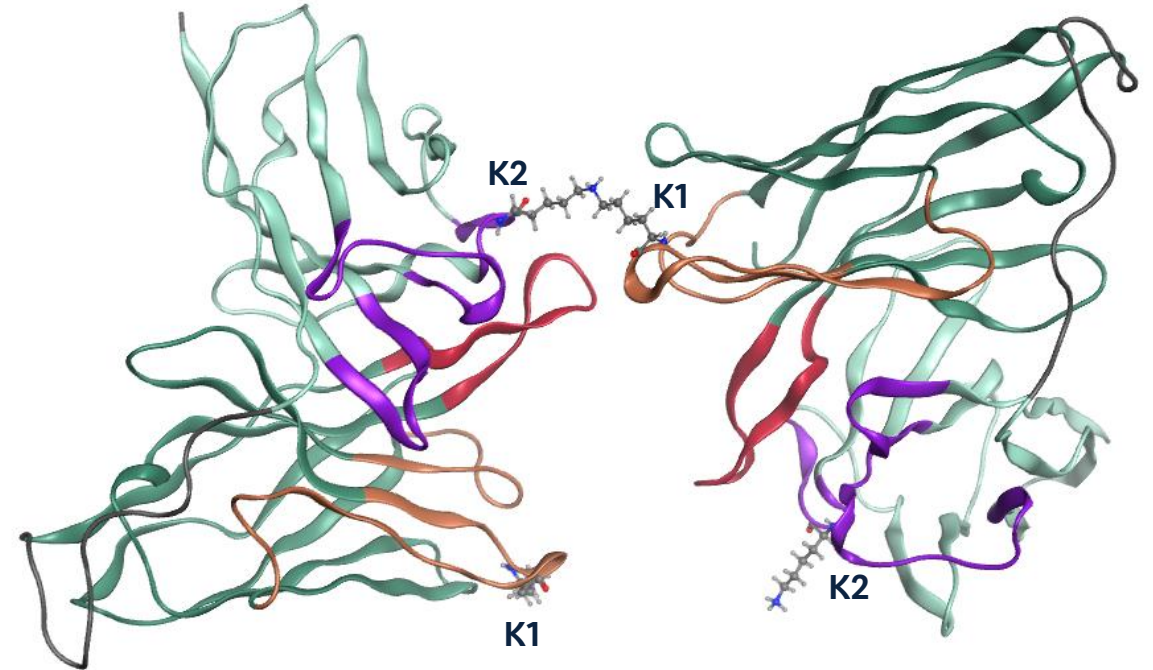
# Digging Into Molecule Geometry Using Computational Modeling

## Intra-molecule cross-linking



- C $\alpha$ -C $\alpha$  distance between K1 and K2 in the monomer is about 30 Å
- **The msAb is too large** for K1 and K2 to form an intra-protein covalent bond

## Inter-molecule cross-linking

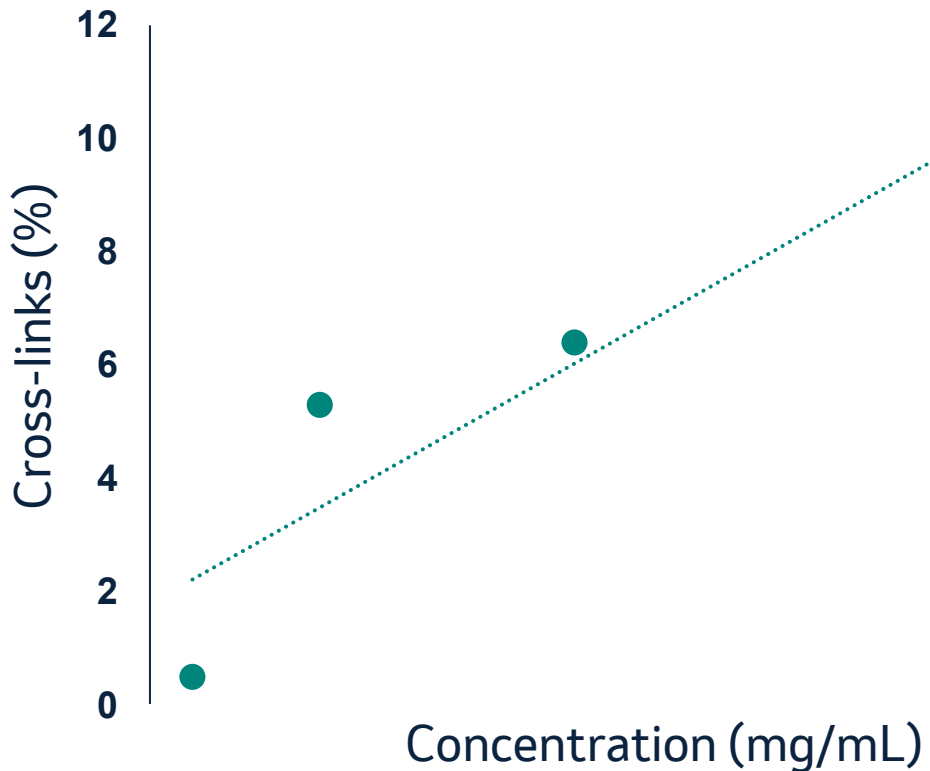


Both K1 and K2 are:

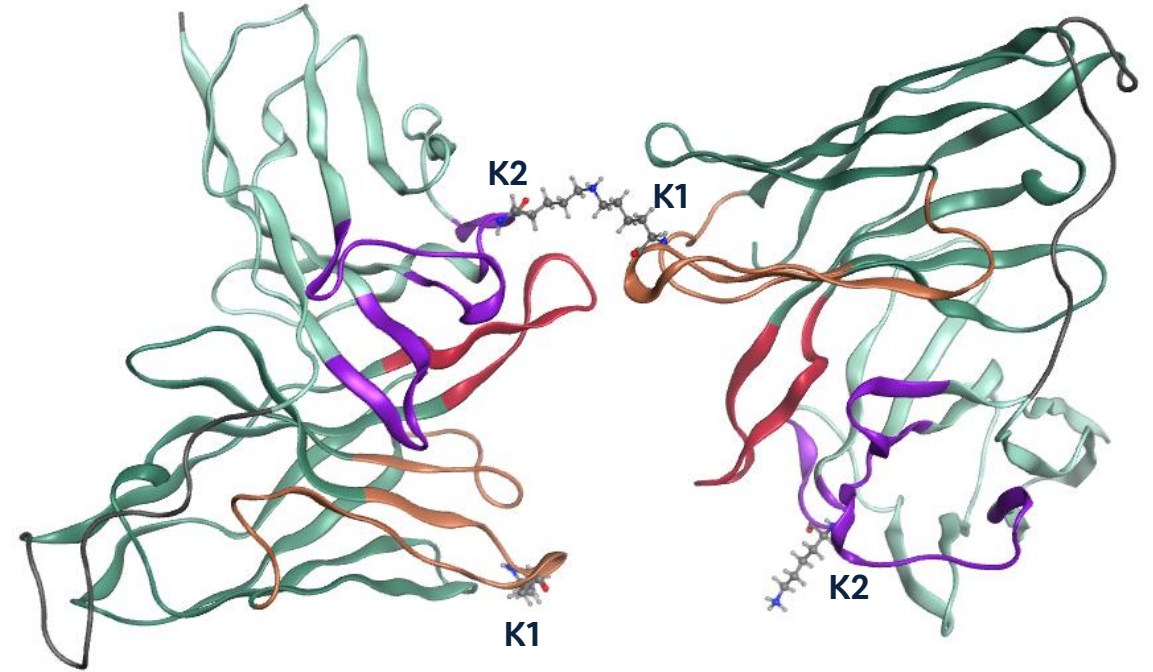
1. Fully solvent exposed
2. On the tips of the predicted CDR loops

➤ **Inter-protein cross-linking plausible if loops face each other.**

# Digging Into Molecule Geometry Using Computation Modeling



## Inter-molecule cross-linking

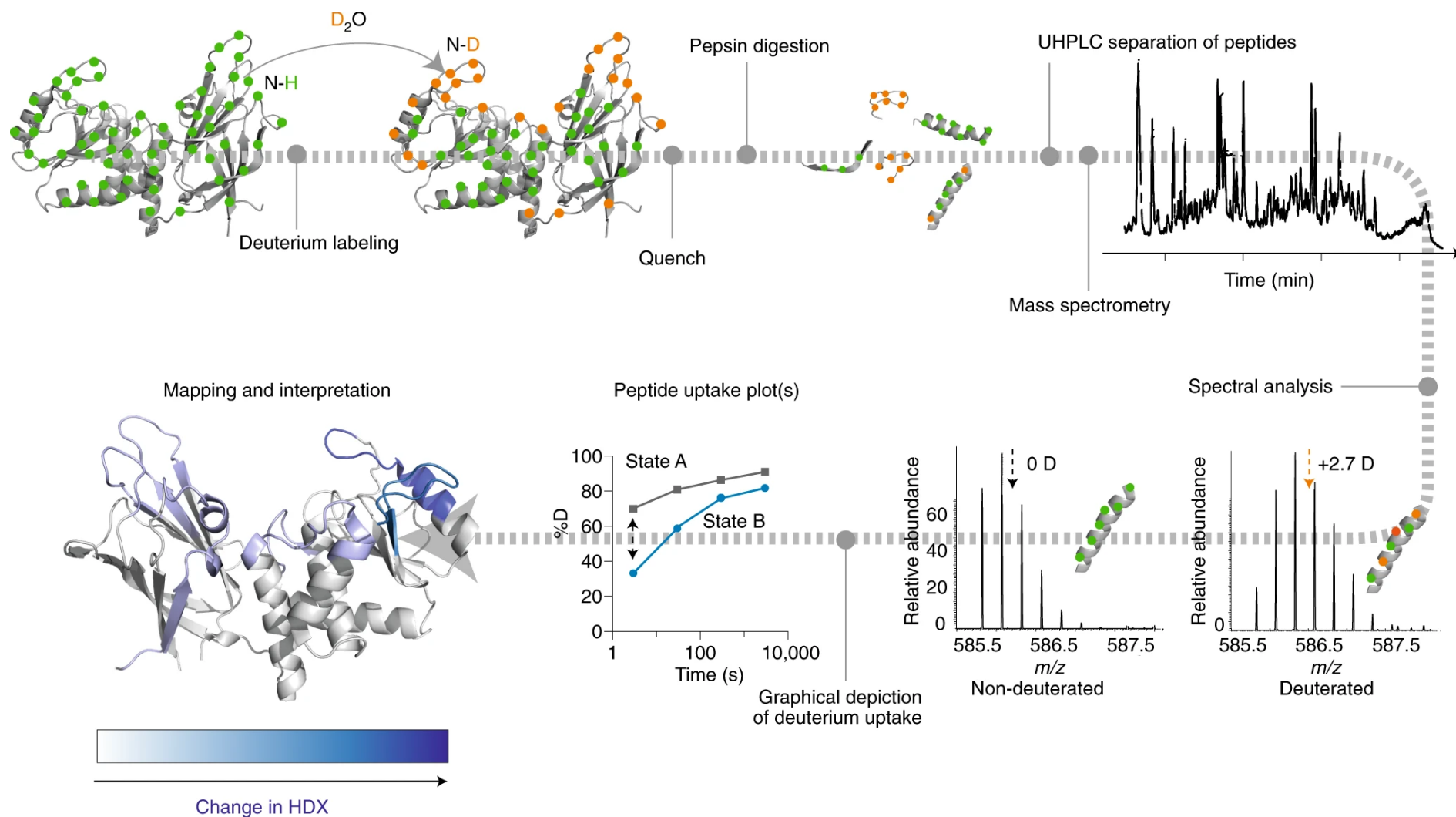


Both K1 and K2 are:

1. Fully solvent exposed
2. On the tips of the predicted CDR loops

➤ **Inter-protein cross-linking plausible if loops face each other.**

# Using HDX-MS Workflow as a Confirmation Tool



# Concentration-Dependent Uptake Changes: HDX Heat Map



# Summary and Conclusions

- nSEC-PCD-MS highlighted that cross linking of the msAb using DSSO was effective.
- Using an overnight enzymatic digestion and EThcD ionization, we revealed many cross-linked peptides, the primary one being Domain 1 residues K1 and K2.
- Computational chemistry confirmed that the molecular geometry enables interactions between K1 and K2 residues from ***two distinct molecules***.
- Additionally, HDX confirmed that the region around K1 and K2 show deuterium uptake, pointing to these residues as cross-linking hot spots.



# Acknowledgments

## **AR&D - Mass Spectrometry**

Anita P. Liu  
Benqian Wei  
Cong Wu  
Hillary Schuessler

## **Discovery - Computational Chemistry**

Michael Hartmann

## **AR&D - Biologics**

Harry Greenberg  
Yannan Lin  
Xiaoqing Hua

# Thank you

