

ICH Q12 implementation in Japan, and current situation of ICH M4Q (R2)

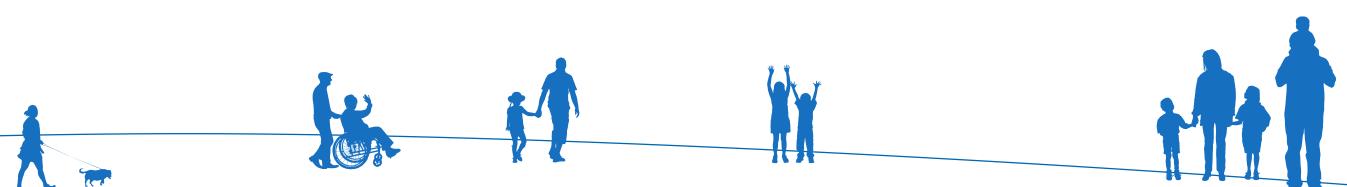
PMDA Office of Cellular and Tissue-based Products
Keisuke Tanaka



Disclosure

The speaker is affiliated with Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency.

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the official views of Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency.



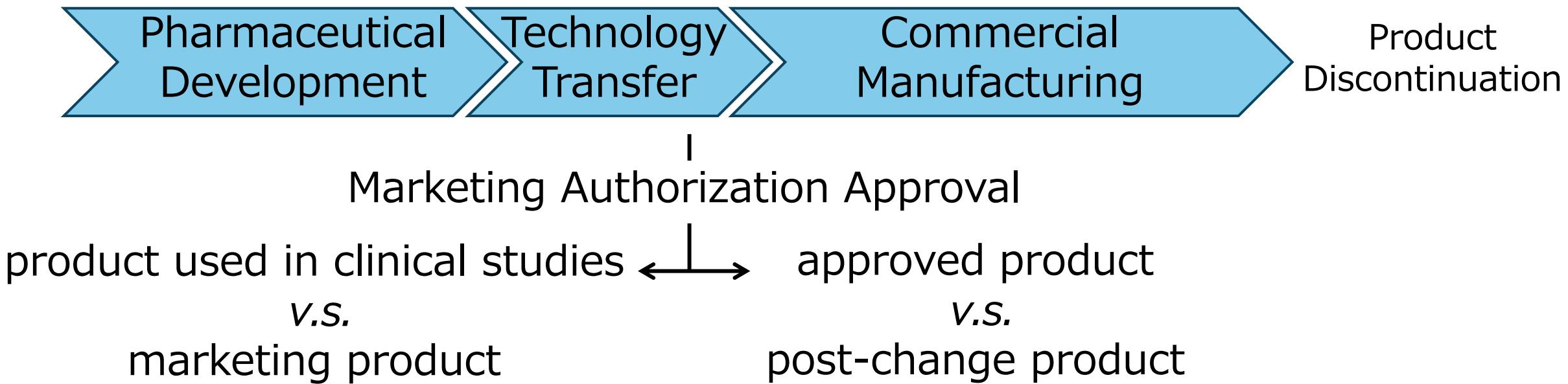
Abstract

- Background
- ICH Q12 implementation in Japan
- Current situation of ICH M4Q (R2)
- Summary



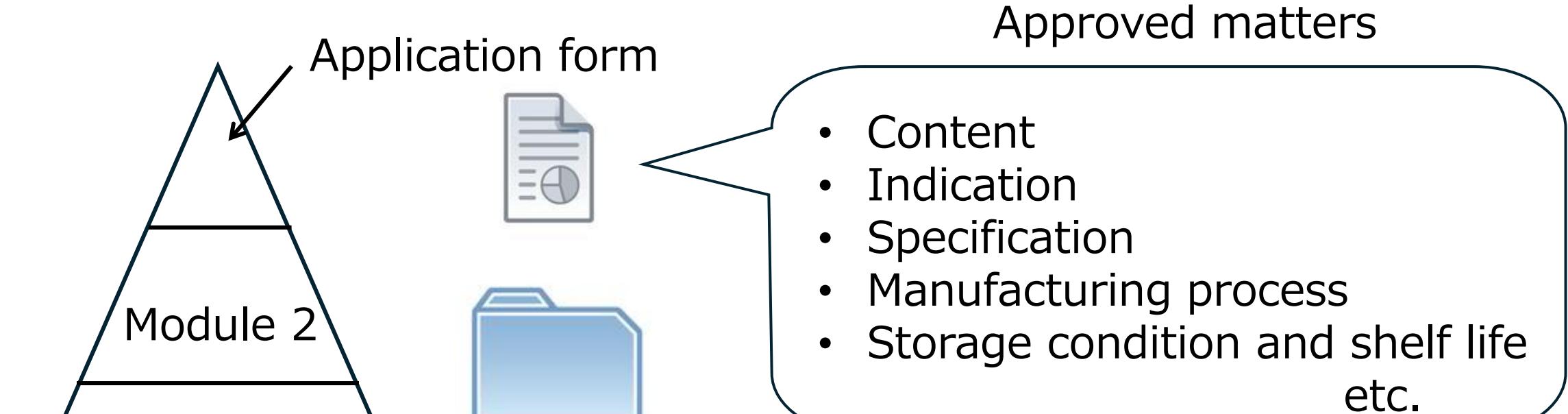
Background

Through product lifecycle,
comparability exercise must be conducted based on ICH Q5E.



Background

In Japan, Application form is required to maintain through lifecycle.



To change approved matters,
regulatory submission is required



Abstract

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Overview of ICH Q12

Core Guideline

1. Introduction
2. Categorisation of Post-Approval CMC Changes
3. Established Conditions (ECs)
4. Post-Approval Change Management Protocol (PACMP)
5. Product Lifecycle Management (PLCM) Document
6. Pharmaceutical Quality System and Change Management
7. Relationship Between Regulatory Assessment and Inspection
8. Structured Approaches for Frequent CMC Post-Approval Changes
9. Stability Data Approaches to Support the Evaluation of CMC Changes
10. Glossary
11. References



Established Conditions (ECs)

ECs definition in ICH Q12

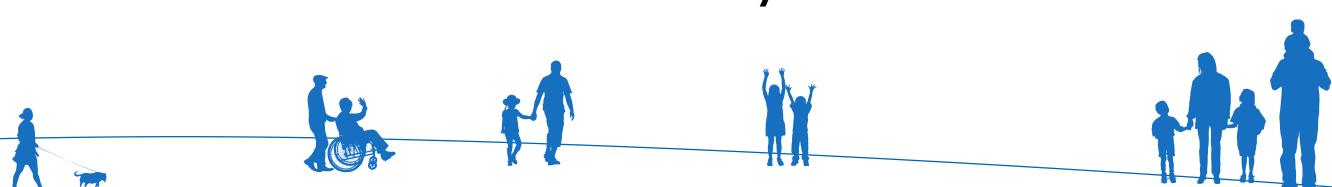
ECs are legally binding information considered necessary to assure product quality. As a consequence, any change to ECs necessitates a submission to the regulatory authority.

Example of description of manufacturing process in Application form.

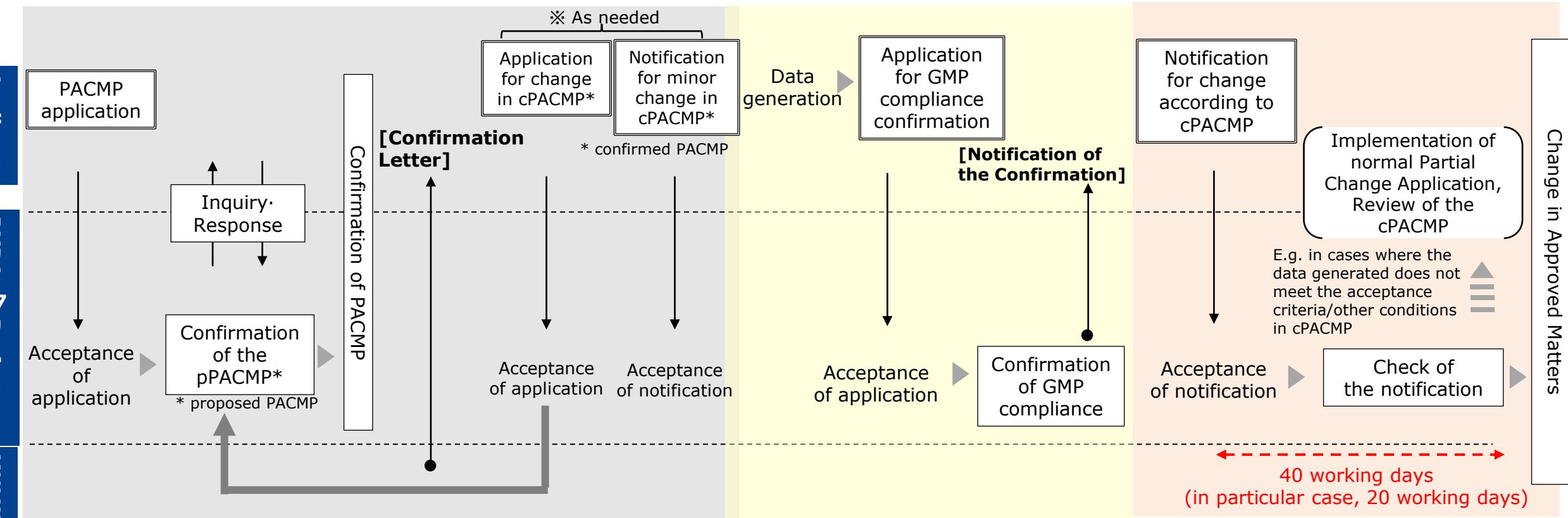
Step X: Production culture

Medium and cell culture from expand culture are transferred into a XXX L bioreactor. Bioreactor temperature, pH and O₂ are controlled within ○○ - ××°C, pH○○ - ××, and "○○ - ××"%. After <<○○ days>>, the culture is harvested.

Approved matters in Application form seem to correspond to ECs. However, these approved matters are not necessarily identified in line with ICH Q12.



Legislated PACMP was started from Aug. 2021 in Japan.



https://www.mhlw.go.jp/web/t_doc?dataId=00tc5989&dataType=1&pageNo=1 (in Japanese)



PLCM document definition in ICH Q12

The PLCM document outlines the specific plan for product lifecycle management that includes the ECs, reporting categories for changes to ECs, PACMP (if used) and any post-approval CMC commitments.

In Application form

- ECs
- Reporting categories for changes to ECs
- PACMP
- Post-approval CMC commitments



Approved matters are written with reporting categories.



PACMP application needs another application form, but it links to the marketing authorization application form.



Application form includes post-approval CMC commitments.



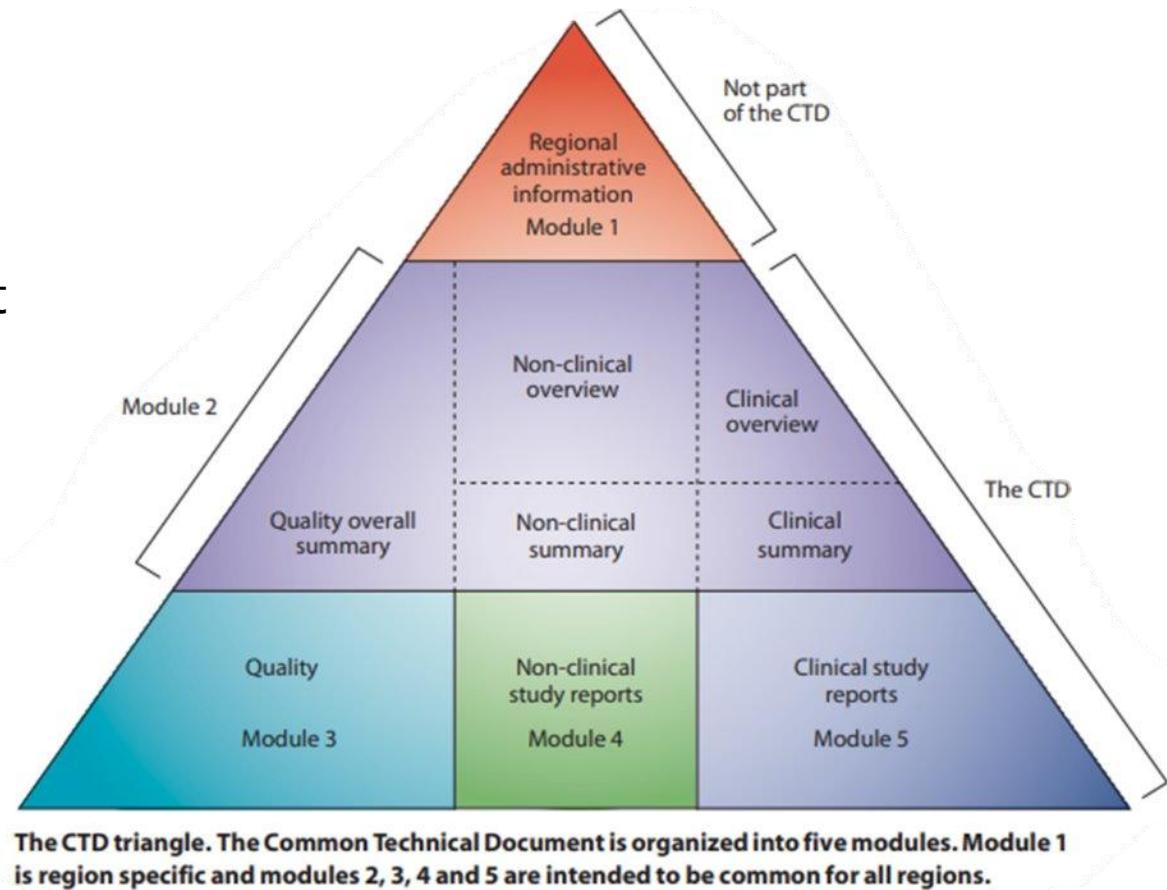
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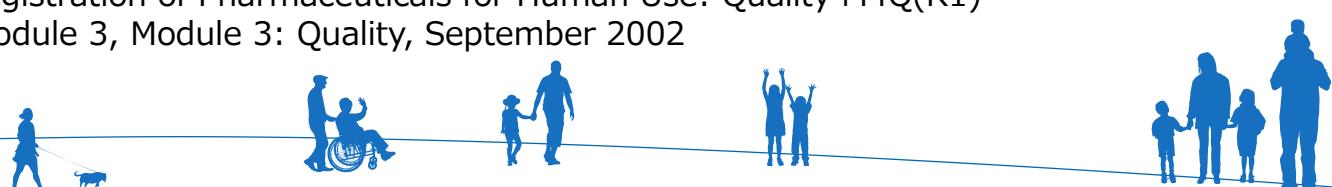


CTD M4Q (R1)

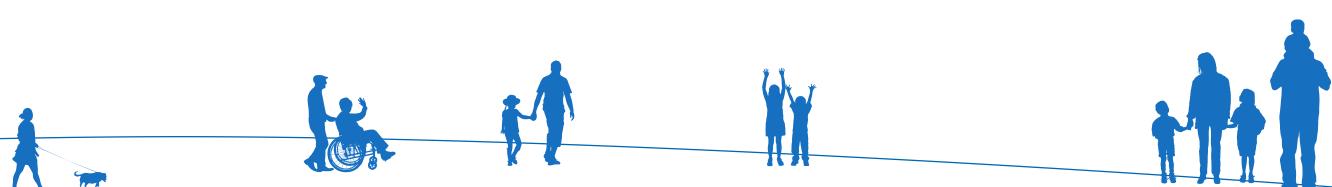
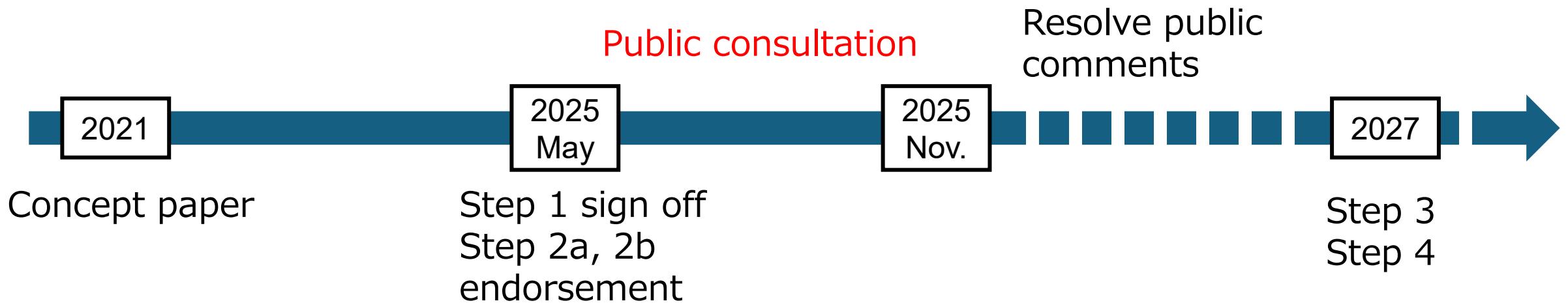
- Globally harmonized content and organization of quality information in Common Technical Document (CTD)/eCTD
 - ✓ **Module 2.3 Quality Overall Summary (QOS)**
 - ✓ **Module 3 Quality**
- M4Q(R1) was a substantial improvement compared to the prior state with regional submission formats



ICH The Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use: Quality M4Q(R1)
Quality overall Summary of Module 3, Module 3: Quality, September 2002

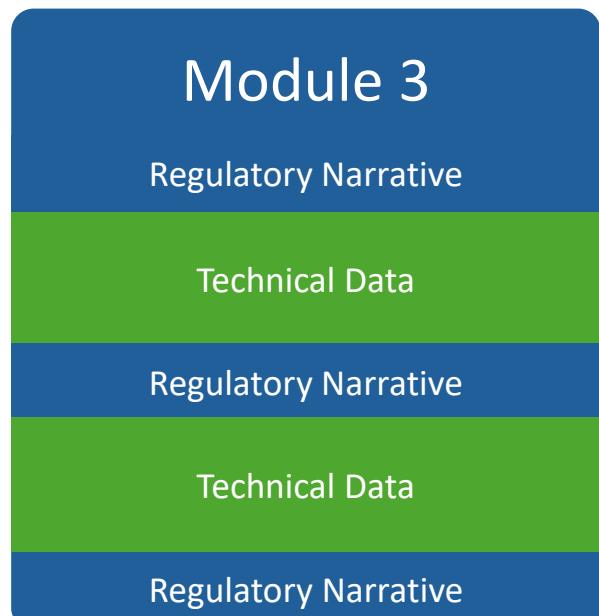


M4Q(R2) Road map



Current vs Future Framework

M4Q(R1)



Basis for Regulatory Review

M4Q(R2)

Module 2 Regulatory Narrative

References -
not duplication

Module 3 Technical Data Repository

- More robust regulatory information
- Capturing the overall control strategy
- Inclusion of lifecycle management tools

- Flexible modular structure
- Alignment with IDMP standards

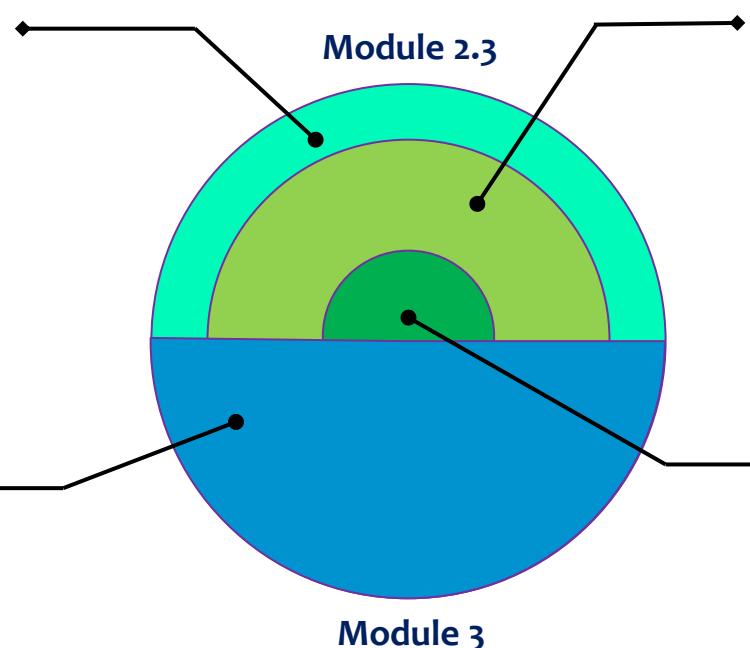


Overall Development and Overall Control Strategy

Provide a holistic view of the medicinal product and submission

Body of Data

Offers additional in-depth information to support the submission



Development Summary and Justifications

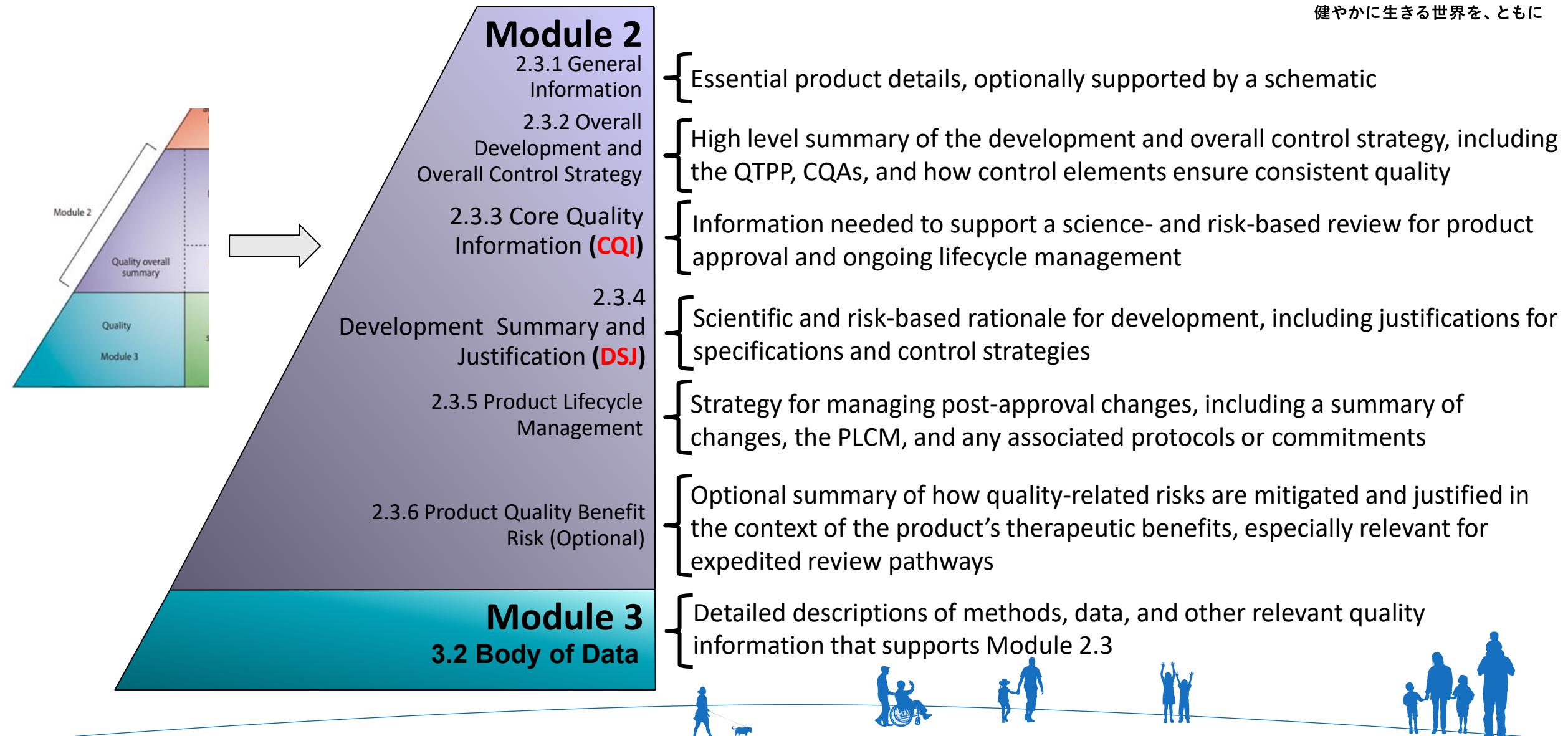
Summarizes the development process and provides justifications

Core Quality Information

Focuses on the essential quality aspects of the product

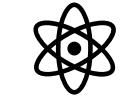
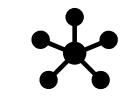


Structure of M4Q(R2)



Subsections for materials/components

- Facilitates re-use of information/ minimises duplication
- Alignment with ISO IDMP standards
- Information organised in defined substructure (DMCS)
- Information on analytical procedures and facilities applies across materials and is presented in dedicated sections with separate substructure

	Product Intermediate (PI)		Raw Material (RM)
	Drug Substance (DS)		Starting / Source Material (SM)
	Substance Intermediate (SI)		Excipient (EX)
	Packaged Medicinal Product <i>for multiconstituent products</i> (PM)		Reference Material (RS)
	Pharmaceutical Product <i>after transformation</i> (PH)		Impurities (IM)

	Medical Device (MD)		Drug Product (DP)
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Facilities



Analytical Procedures

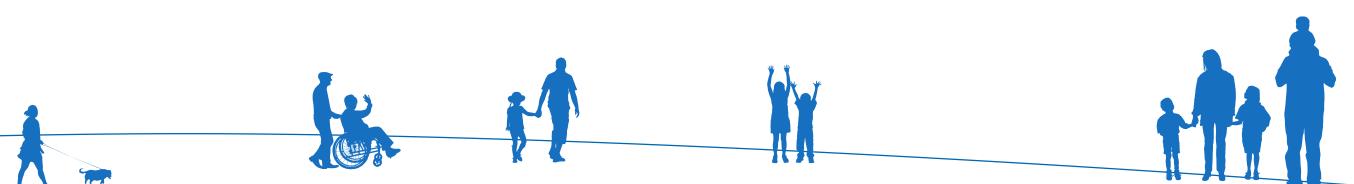


Standard subsections

Most subsections of M4Q(R2) follow a standardized Description, Manufacture, Control, Storage (DMCS) model for information about materials, such as substances and products

D	Description	Identifies the material and its key characteristics
M	Manufacture	Outlines the production process
C	Control	Describes quality control measures such as specifications
S	Storage	Provides stability, container closure information, and retest period/shelf-life

This DMCS model applies across the main dossier sections to support efficient information management and retrieval





SakuraBloom R2

V1.0 (Last updated: 15Sep2025)

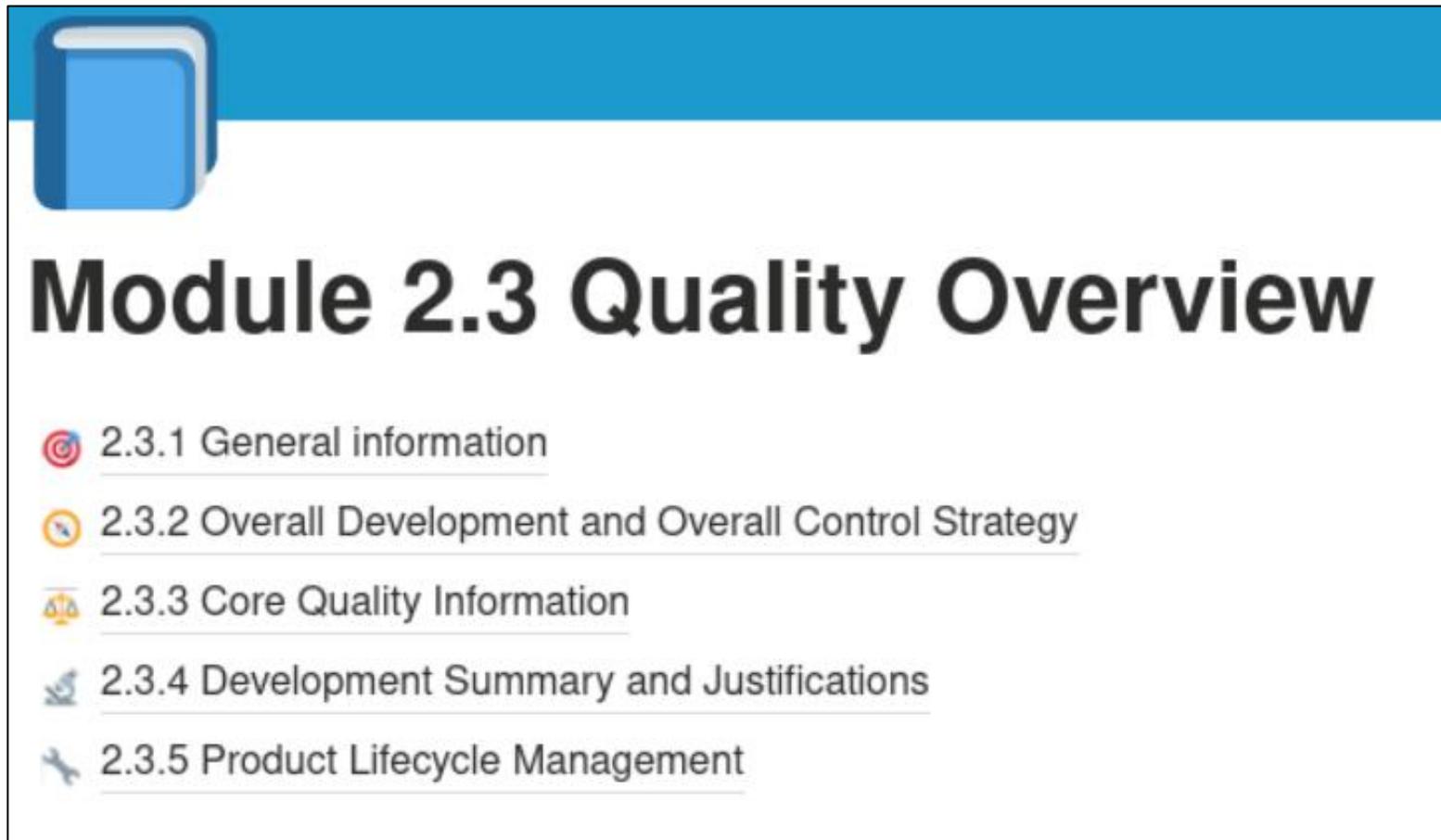
SakuraBloom R2 serves as a mock-up example of how the new Modules 2 and 3, as defined by ICH M4Q(R2), can be structured for a small molecule.

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[Module 2.3 Quality Overview](#)

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Module 2.3 Quality Overview

 2.3.1 General information
 2.3.2 Overall Development and Overall Control Strategy
 2.3.3 Core Quality Information
 2.3.4 Development Summary and Justifications
 2.3.5 Product Lifecycle Management





2.3.3 Core Quality Information

-  2.3.3.DS Drug Substances
-  2.3.3.SI Substance Intermediates
-  2.3.3.SM Starting Material(s)
-  2.3.3.RM Raw Materials
-  2.3.3.EX Excipient(s)
-  2.3.3.RS Reference Standards and/or Materials
-  2.3.3.DP Drug Product
-  2.3.3.AP Analytical Procedures
-  2.3.3.FA Facilities
-  2.3.3.FA Facilities_USA



Summary

- ICH Q12 was implemented in Japan.
Usage of ICH Q12 elements is expected to make lifecycle management more efficient.
- Public consultation of ICH M4Q (R2) has been done by the end of Nov.
ICH M4Q (R2) aims to enhance lifecycle management and knowledge management.



One of the objectives of ICH Q12



Based on ICH Q12 and M4Q (R2), we need to discuss
how we achieve more efficient lifecycle management.





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