

EMA's support to innovation – a status update

11th meeting of the CMC Strategy Forum Japan - 5-6 December 2022

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Content

- Innovation trends and challenges
- What EMA does to support innovation
- Where do we focus: EMA's survey on Innovation
- Quality Innovation group





Innovation trends and challenges



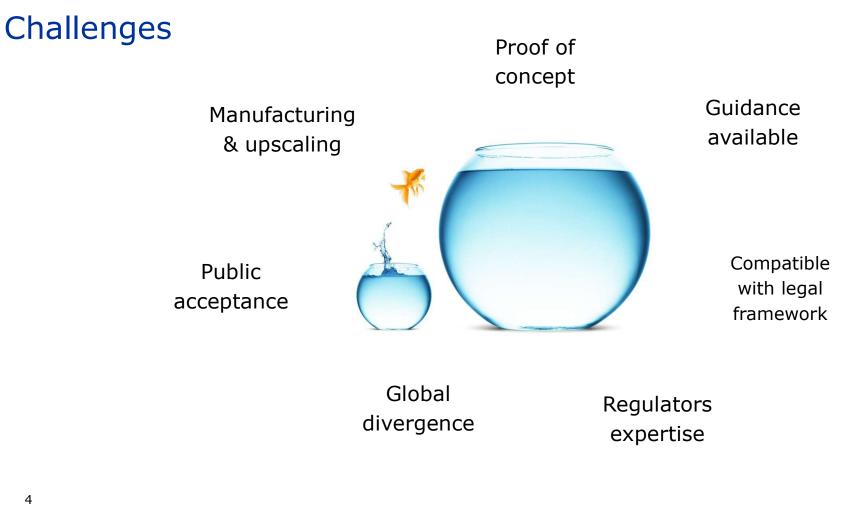


Support to innovation is a key priority for EMA

- Benefits patient and public health
- Can address unmet medicinal needs & public health challenges
- Efficiency and productivity (manufacturing/lifecycle management/licensure)
- Reliability and resilience in the supply chain
- Environmental footprint







Technical & regulatory challenges

Examples from EMA's Innovation Task Force (ITF) meetings (2021)

	3D printed bioimplants	Gene Editing platform	Aseptic automated processing system
Product description	Cellularised bioimplants by 3D bioprinting (cartilage, stem cells, lipid mediators + growth factors)	In vivo non-viral delivery Gene Editing Platform (CRISPR)	Innovative gloveless robotic isolator technology
Questions	 Guidance on biological starting materials + Organ-on-a-Chip model & 3D printing Classification as medical device/ATMP 	 Orphan designation / ATMP classification GMP & supplier requirements quality control & characterisation 	 GMP requirements (Air Velocity and Flow) Control strategy
Key challenges	 Classification Tailored scientific advice Guidance limited EC Q&A md mdcg qa 3d ppp covid- 19 en 0.pdf (europa.eu) 	 International alignment Early engagement on GMP aspects SA on characterisation + control 	 Early engagement on GMP aspects Translating platform approach → product (FU on specific SA)

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What EMA does to support innovation





Joint EMA-FDA workshop on quality support to PRIME & Breakthrough

Scope:

- ✓ Identify scientific elements/tools within existing guidance to help address the challenges (i.e. EU, US & ICH guidance)
- ✓ Identify gaps in the current guidance landscape
- ✓ Explore areas of common agreement & areas that would benefit from further harmonisation between EMA/FDA

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20 November 2018 EMA/493240/2018 Human Medicines Research and Development Support Division

Workshop with stakeholders on support to quality development in early access approaches (i.e. PRIME, Breakthrough Therapies)

26 November 2018, European Medicines Agency, London

Purpose

The European Medicines Agency (EMA) and the US FDA launched the PRIME and Breakthrough Therapy schemes to strengthen their support for the development of medicines that address unmet medical needs with the aim to help patients to benefit from these therapies as early as possible. Experience to date has shown that Applicants face challenges to complete quality and manufacturing development and data requirements during accelerated development. In order to address/overcome these challenges EU and US FDA Regulators with to support Applicants with guidance and risk-based flexibility regarding their pharmaceutical development programme including, e.g., product characterisation, specification setting, validation and stability testing as well as early identification of quality issues? Jattributes that and critical to the dirical use of the medicinal product. The earl of this workshop, which constitutes a joint collaboration between EU regulators comprising BWP, QWP and IWG, and international partness including US FDA, is to discuss between Regulators and industry these quality challenges and possible scientific and regulatory approaches which could be used to facilitate development and preparation of robust quality data packages, to enable timely access to medicines for patients whiles providing assume that patients safety and product quality are not compromised.

These general discussions will be further elaborated through a number of specific industry case studies (covering chemical molecules, biologicals and ATMPs) and a discussion of experiences to date from early access approaches.

The conclusions from the workshop will be captured in a report, which will be published. The development of further follow-up guidance may be considered. The live broadcast can be followed on the link below under Nuttmedia tab. https://www.ema.europe.eu/ewstworkshop-stakeholderssupport-guality-development-early-aconss-aporoaches-ie-prime-breakthrough

Location

European Medicines Agency 30 Churchill Place, Canary Wharf London E14 SEU United Kingdom

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https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/events/stakeholder-workshop-support-quality-development-early-access-approaches-such-prime-breakthrough#documents-section



Deliverables from the workshop



Meeting Report: Workshop with stakeholders on support to quality development in early access approaches (i.e. PRIME, Breakthrough Therapies)



https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/events/stakeholderworkshop-support-quality-development-early-accessapproaches-such-prime-breakthrough

EU toolbox guidance

In addition, the organizing committee proposes to develop a 'Toolbox- guidance' for PRIME products, which shall summarise the identified scientific elements/regulatory tools that are already available in the EU to address some of the challenges faced during the development of products under PRIME and generation of robust quality packages for MAA review . This toolbox will include scientific elements/regulatory tools applicable to small molecules, Biologicals/Biotechnological products and ATMPs.

Joint EMA-FDA discussion on PRIME/BT

4 joint FDA-EMA Q&As

Control strategy

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- Process validation
- · Stability models
- GMP aspects (launch from former clinical site)



EMA toolbox guidance



22 April 2022 EMA/CHMP/BWP/QWP/IWG/694114/2019 Committee for Human Medicinal Products (CHMP)

Toolbox guidance on scientific elements and regulatory tools to support quality data packages for PRIME and certain marketing authorisation applications targeting an unmet medical need

Consultation with BWP, QWP, IWG and CAT	September 2020
Draft adopted by BWP, QWP, IWG and CAT	December 2020
Draft adopted by CHMP for release for consultation	29 January 2021
Start of public consultation	1 February 2021
End of consultation (deadline for comments)	31 July 2021
Consultation on the revised guideline with BWP, QWP, IWG and CAT	February-March 2022
Adopted by CHMP for publication	22 April 2022

Keywords	Priority Medicines (PRIME), quality development, Module 3, data,	
	scientific elements, regulatory tools, flexibility, benefit-risk, unmet	
	medical need	

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- To summarise the identified scientific elements/regulatory tools already available in the EU to address some of the challenges faced and generation of robust quality packages.
- Applicable to small molecules, Biologicals/Biotechnological products and ATMPs
- Living document to be updated as experience evolves.

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/scientific-guideline/toolbox-guidance-scientificelements-regulatory-tools-support-quality-data-packages-prime-certain_en.pdf



EMA toolbox guidance



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Primary scope: PRIME designated medicines

but... it is also recognized that some of the tools may be considered, on a case by case basis, and <u>subject to</u> <u>prior agreement with EMA</u>, for certain products intended for early access that address an unmet <u>medical need</u>, but where PRIME status may not have been requested by the applicant.

Toolbox: public consultation Feb – July 2021



Stakeholder comments	Agency response	
Scope beyond PRIME (title should be changed)	Unmet medical need & when justified (\rightarrow title adjusted)	
Pandemic experience should be considered	pandemic experience was considered if within scope (scientific considerations for quality data packages / regulatory tools). GMP flexibilities outside of scope of guidance & specific to COVID	
Regulatory tools beyond the ones in the GL (e.g. rolling reviews etc.)	Novel regulatory tools to be agree within EU regulatory framework + subsequently referenced in the toolbox (not the other way around)	
Dedicated section on lifecycle management	 Considered premature - important future topic: 1 continuation/completion of data requirements of flexibility applied during initial MAA; 2 new flexibilities afforded in the context of variations 	
ICH Q12 + ICH Q14 tools to be added	tools to be elaborated within ICH process and cross-referred when ready/if relevant	
further guidance (e.g. models)	guidance should be developed at source and reference in the toolbox (not other way around)	

General

Process Validation



- Unmet medical need-> flexibility for data submission for timely patient access (PRIME).
- Prior knowledge: relevance; postponement / alternative approach
- `Risk-based approach'

Potential risk in **context of benefit-risk** assessment.

 Concurrent validation (exceptional circumstances) - protocol scope, tests & acceptance criteria;

Need appropriate **process evaluation &** control strategy.

- **Defer** submission (certain data) to the post-authorisation phase.
- Prior Knowledge- non-PV batch data incl at other sites.
- Decoupling drug substance and drug product process validation activities

Control strategy

Stability

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Adapted control strategy to off-set reduced product/process knowledge

- Additional spec. tests
- Additional IPCs, etc
- Higher CPPs, narrower ranges

'Relax' strategy once data available (implementation-PACMP?)

Prior knowledge/ manufacturing experience for flexibility but possible less product/ process knowledge ICH Q5C:**real time/ real condition data** for **Bio** products **Accelerated stability data**-trend analysis

Stability models (prior knowledge of structurally similar products), fit model?

Extrapolation **risks mitigated** by sufficient data/prior knowledge

Protocol & post-approval commitments

Comparability

Regulatory tools

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•Risk-based approach (RBA), supported by prior knowledge



•Small-scale data / platform data / prior knowledge informs RBA

- Extent of downstream comparability
- Stressed/ accelerated stability data
- Comparability protocols

. .

•Separate assessment of individual changes or part of the process, when justified

•**PRIME scheme** (support, frequent interactions, early Rapporteur appointment)

•Scientific advice /Pre-submission meetings

•Accelerated assessment of MAA/ Conditional Marketing Authorisation (CMA)

PACMPs

PAMs



Prior knowledge workshop (2017)



- How to use it & justify
- Case studies
 - product development,
 - process development & manufacture,
 - control strategy

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22 March 2018 EMA/CHMP/BWP/187162/2018 Human Medicines Research and Development Support Division

Meeting Report: Joint BWP/QWP workshop with stakeholders in relation to prior knowledge and its use in regulatory applications 23 November 2017, European Medicines Agency, London

Introduction

Prior knowledge has always been an important tool in designing both manufacturing processes and control strategies for medicinal products. In recent years, it has gained more focus in EU guidelines (e.g. process validation for biotech drug substances¹; process validation for finished products²), and has been a regular topic of conversation at various conferences, symposia and meetings.

At the BWP meeting with interested parties in July 2016 a workshop on the use of prior knowledge was proposed and subsequently included in the BWP workplan 2017³. The BWP, in cooperation with the QWP, formed an <u>organising committee</u> of BWP & QWP members and industry representatives nominated by the interested parties to the BWP & QWP.

Making use of prior knowledge in regulatory application dossiers, to support manufacturing and control strategies, could be justifiable in certain circumstances. For prior knowledge to be used in this way, a good understanding among regulators and industry regarding the expectations of how prior knowledge should be documented in regulatory application dossiers is essential. The aim of the workshop was therefore to address what prior knowledge entails and how it can be used to support product development, manufacturing and control strategies. These general discussions were further elaborated through a number of specific industry case studies and a discussion of experiences to date of accelerated access schemes.

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/report/meeting-report-joint-biologics-working-party/quality-working-party-workshop-stakeholders-relation-prior-knowledge-its-use-regulatory-applications_en.pdf



Flexibilities used in COVID vaccines/therapeutics

Pre-requisite	Scientific tools used	Regulatory tools used
 Development data from non-commercial sites Platform data Strategy agreed in rapid scientific advices Close dialogue Comparability to clinical development batches shown 	 Protocol to complete process validation & comparability post-approval Concurrent validation of commercial manufacturing process Extrapolation of stability data (comparability, accelerated conditions + supportive stability data) 2-tiered comparability of AS / FP (1: comparison of release and IPC results; 2: additional characterisation test results post-approval) Initial batch data + supplier information for excipient from clinical development and risk-based considerations (safety/quality) 	 Specific Obligations (completing validation/comparability/novel excipient datasets) with interim timepoints Annex II conditions Recommendations Post-Approval Change Management Protocols (PACMPs) Exceptional change management process (ECMP)* to transfer analytical methods to already approved QC sites Derogations (batch release testing in EU)
Knowledge and dialogue	Validation, comparability, stability, excipients	PACMPs, SOB and Recs
16		* COVID scop

Classified as public by the European Medicines Agency

* COVID scope only





Commentary

Considerations for the chemistry, manufacturing and Controls (CMC) - quality package for COVID-19 vaccines- interim lessons learnt by the European medicines Agency (EMA)



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ABSTRACT

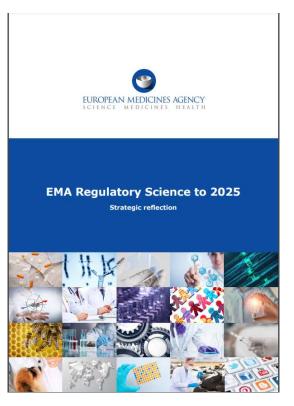
The European Medicines Agency (EMA) has approved five pandemic COVID-19 vaccines (prior to April 2022) and many others are in the pipeline. The commentary describes how timely approval and rapid manufacturing capacity scale up could be achieved from our perspective.

The commentary considers the need for: early, continuous engagement with the regulator for COVID-19 vaccines; understanding key Chemistry, Manufacturing and Controls (CMC) challenges in order to build a successful COVID-19 vaccine CMC dossier; investing in production and testing site readiness for COVID-19 vaccines; CMC Lifecycle and post-approval planning for COVID-19 vaccines as well as future directions including international regulatory cooperation.

EMA's experience of the CMC scientific considerations, which facilitated both timely approvals (as Conditional Marketing Authorisations) and rapid increase in production capacity and supply, is of interest to healthcare professionals academia pharmaceutical industry and global regulators to communicate the



Focussing Regulatory Science on support to innovation



https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/regulat ory-procedural-guideline/ema-regulatory-science-2025-strategic-reflection_en.pdf

Goal 1: Catalysing the integration of science and technology in medicines' development

- Facilitate the implementation of novel manufacturing technologies
- Support translation of ATMPs into patient treatments
- Develop understanding of, and regulatory response to, nanotechnology and new materials in pharmaceuticals

Goal 5: Enabling and leveraging research and innovation in regulatory science

Pharmaceutical Strategy for Europe

...'aims at creating a future proof regulatory framework and at supporting industry in promoting research and technologies that actually reach **patients** in order to fulfil their **therapeutic needs** while addressing market failures



A pharmaceutical strategy for Europe

Adopted on 25 November 2020, the Pharmaceutical Strategy for Europe (reader-friendly version 🍋 (****)) aims at creating a future proof regulatory framework and at supporting industry in promoting research and technologies that actually reach patients in order to fulfil their therapeutic needs while addressing market failures. It will also take into account the weaknesses exposed by the coronavirus pandemic and take appropriate actions to strengthen the system.

https://health.ec.europa.eu/medicinal-products/pharmaceuticalstrategy-europe_en#next-steps * Access (affordability & unmet medical need)

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- * Competitiveness, innovation, sustainability
- ***** Crisis preparedness & response
- * EU voice

Digitalisation & innovation:

- emerging new manufacturing methods
- master files
- personalised medicines & platform approaches
- Variations & lifecycle management

Next steps:

- March 2021 Roadmap
- Consultation activities ongoing
- new pharma legislation expected in 2023 (timeline tbc)





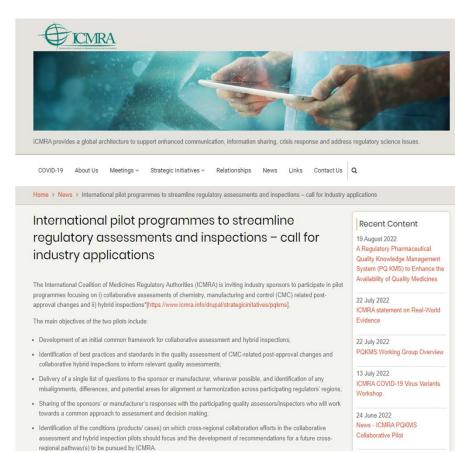
Support to Global convergence and alignment

ICMRA pilots

- Collaborative assessments (scope: PACMP)
- Hybrid inspections

Objective: increase collaboration and convergence of assessment approaches when assessing manufacturing facilities and reviewing PACs and PAC Management Protocols.

- Open call to Industry for both pilots since June 2022
- A number of proposals submitted for the collaborative assessment
- 1st pilot submissions selected and starting soon
- ✓ The pilots remain open encourage new proposals





Where do we focus: EMA's survey on Innovation



Survey Overview



- Development of vision overall aims
- Survey of industry, tech. organisations and SMEs for identification of priority topics
- 38 respondents
- Novel manufacturing technologies:
 - Continuous manufacturing (CHE and BIO) (13)
 - Digitalization, automation, AI (11)
 - Aseptic micro-filling, sterility assurance related tech (9)
 - Microfluidics (7)
 - Closed automated system technologies (cell and gene therapies) and mRNA platforms (6)
- Novel analytical technologies
 - Rapid microbiological methods (12)
 - Digitalization/AI/modelling (11)
 - Advanced process controls and multi-attribute methods (10)
 - 22

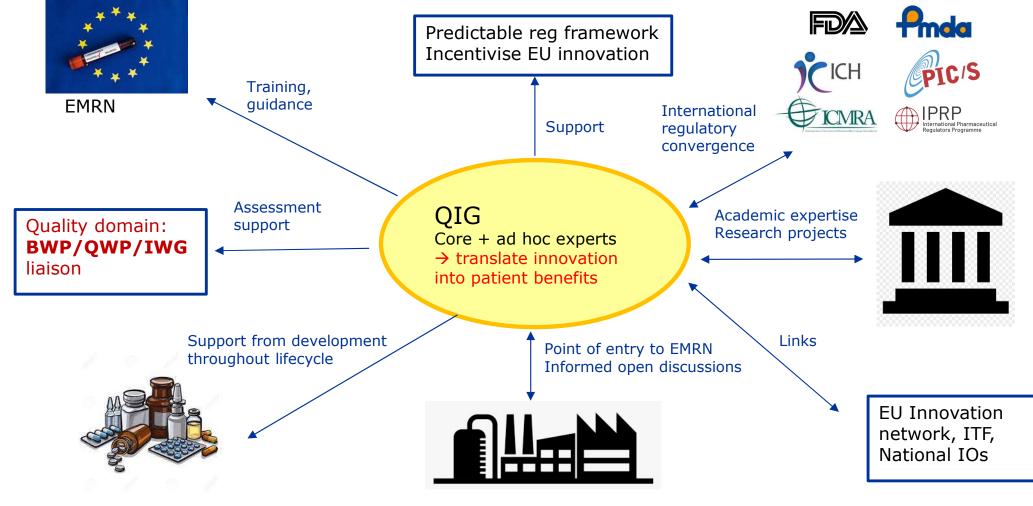


Quality Innovation Group



QIG - the Vision

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Quality Innovation Group



What is happening right now?

Members Mandate Kick-off • Product **o** Intelligence **U** development + . Priority topics **S** review S Workplan Link into EMA **U** processes/ITF/E Listen-learn U-TN focus groups **C** Engagement Academic strategy expertise International outreach

Quality Innovation Group | European Medicines Agency (europa.eu)

ITF and QIG



Innovation Task Force (ITF)

Early informal meetings to support innovative drug development



- Early landing platform
- One off, follow-up usually not planned
- Multidisciplinary, scope goes beyond manufacturing/CMC
- Covers products/technologies with an innovative component
- Industry and Regulators (EMA/network)

Quality Innovation Group

Product-specific support on key technology topics



- Eligibility based on topic priorities & maturity of technology
- Scope on manufacturing/CMC and facility
- Ongoing product-specific interaction across lifecycle
- Industry with Regulators (EMA/network) & Academia
- International outreach
- Scientific guidance development

QIG - what can Industry expect:





Topics (1st priority)

Advanced manufacturing approaches

- Continuous Manufacturing for Biologicals
- Decentralised manufacture
- Digitalisation/automation
- Other (feedback from Industry)

Deliverable

- Challenges/solutions
- Case studies
- Guidance
- Training material
- Communication material



Key points

- Support to innovation is a **key priority** for EMA & EU regulatory Network
- Innovation in manufacturing & product design is associated with challenges → lack of guidance, legal framework, time & resources, divergencies between regions etc.
- **Solutions:** specialised guidance, flexible legislation, international harmonisation on technical requirements, predictability & direct communication channels w. Regulators
- **Quality innovation group**: product specific & ongoing support on key technology; engagement on priority topics with all stakeholders (Reg, Acad, Ind, Internat)
- **Risk-based flexibility** developed before & used during Pandemic continues to play a role
- International alignment and mutual reliance are an area of focus



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