

Facilitating Expedited Development of Advanced Therapy Products

CASSS Cell & Gene Therapy Products:

Manufacturing, Quality and Regulatory Considerations Bethesda, MD | June 10, 2019

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Outline



- CBER/OTAT & advanced therapies
- Expedited development of advanced therapy products
- CMC considerations for expedited development
- Interaction with CBER/OTAT & INTERACT program
- Conclusion



CBER/OTAT & advanced therapies



Gene therapy products

- **ZOLGENSMA (onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi):** Adeno-associated virus vector-based gene therapy for the treatment of pediatric patients less than 2 years of age with spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) with bi-allelic mutations in the *survival motor neuron 1 (SMN1)* gene
- LUXTURNA (voretigene neparvovec): Adeno-associated virus vector-based gene therapy for treatment of patients with confirmed biallelic RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrophy
- YESCARTA (axicabtagene ciloleucel): CD19-directed genetically modified autologous T cell immunotherapy for treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL)
- **KYMRIAH (tisagenlecleucel):** CD19-directed genetically modified autologous T cell immunotherapy for treatment of patients up to 25 years of age with B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) that is refractory or in second or later relapse; Adult patients with relapsed or refractory large B-cell lymphoma after two or more lines of systemic therapy including diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL)





Cell therapy products

 RECELL Autologous Cell Harvesting Device: For treatment of acute thermal burn wounds in adult patients. Used at the patient's point-of-care to prepare autologous Regenerative Epidermal Suspension (RES[™]) for direct application to acute partial-thickness thermal burn wounds or application in combination with meshed autografting for acute full-thickness thermal burn wounds.



- MACI (autologous cultured chondrocytes on a porcine collagen membrane): Autologous cellularized scaffold product for repair of single or multiple symtomatic, full-thickness cartilage defects of the knee with or without bone involvement in adults.
- **GINTUIT (allogeneic cultured keratinocytes and fibroblasts in bovine collagen):** For topical (non-submerged) application to a surgically created vascular wound bed in the treatment of mucogingival conditions in adults.
- **PROVENGE (sipuleucel-T):** Autologous cellular immunotherapy for treatment of asymptomatic or minimally symptomatic metastatic castrate resistant (hormone refractory) prostate cancer





Expedited development of advanced therapy products

Expedited development of promising treatments

Expedited Programs

- Accelerated Approval (1992)
- Priority Review (1992)
- Fast Track (FT) (1997)
- Breakthrough Therapy (BT) (2012)
- Regenerative Medicine Advanced Therapy (RMAT) (2016)

FDA Guidance

Expedited Programs for Serious Conditions—Drugs and Biologics (2014)

Expedited Programs for Regenerative Medicine Therapies for Serious Conditions (2019)

FDA

Expedited Development Programs – Criteria



Accelerated Approval	Priority Review	Fast Track (FT)	Breakthrough Therapy (BT)	Regenerative Medicine Advanced Therapy (RMAT)
-Serious condition	-Serious condition	-Serious condition	-Serious condition	-Serious condition
AND	AND	AND	AND	AND
 Meaningful advantage over available therapies Demonstrates an effect on either: a surrogate endpoint or an intermediate clinical endpoint 	-Demonstrates potential to be a significant improvement in safety or effectiveness	-Nonclinical or clinical data demonstrate the potential to address unmet medical need Note: Information to demonstrate <i>potential</i> depends upon stage of development at which FT is requested	-Preliminary clinical evidence indicates that the drug may demonstrate substantial improvement over available therapy on one or more clinically significant endpoints	 It is a regenerative medicine therapy Preliminary clinical evidence indicates that the drug has the potential to address unmet medical needs for such disease or condition

Expedited Development Programs – Features



Accelerated Approval	Priority Review	Fast Track (FT)	Breakthrough Therapy (BT)	RMAT
 Approval based on surrogate or intermediate clinical endpoints* ✓ Save valuable time in the drug approval process. ✓ Reduce waiting period to obtain clinically meaningful benefit. 	 Short Review Clock FDA will Take action on an application within 6 months after filing (compared to 10 months after filing under standard review). 	Frequent meetings Frequent written communication Eligibility for *: ✓ Accelerated Approval ✓ Priority Review ✓ Rolling Review * if relevant criteria are met	 All of FT Features + ✓ Intensive guidance on an efficient drug development program, beginning as early as Phase 1 ✓ Organizational commitment involving senior managers 	All of BT Features + Early discussion of potential surrogate or intermediate clinical endpoint

FDA **BT Designations by product types and indications**

Status as of May 31, 2019

(Excluding withdrawn and pending requests)

Products	Requested	Granted	Indications	Requests	Granted
			Oncology (Solid Tumor)	36	7
Gene	51	24			-
Therapy			Hematology	29	18
Cell Therapy	27	4	(Malignant and Benign)		
Others	21	Δ			
Others	21	-	Non-Onco/Hema	34	7

RMAT designation requests





Administrative Reasons

- Inactive IND
- No preliminary clinical evidence submitted

Analysis of denied RMAT requests

- CMC Reasons
 - Clinical data not based on same product
 - Not Qualified for RMAT product
- Insufficient Preliminary Clinical Evidence
 - Study design issues
 - Inconsistent results with regard to product activity

BT and RMAT Designation requests and granted (cumulative through May 31, 2019)





CMC considerations for expedited development

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CGT Product manufacturing: a new paradigm



FDA

CGT Product: unique manufacturing challenges

- Limited product manufacturing experience prior to licensure (incomplete knowledge of Critical Process Parameters (CPP), limited lots made)
- CQAs not entirely understood due to limited characterization of drug product, drug substance, and in-process material
- Product variability arising from source materials
- Increased demand for qualified reagents and materials
- Assays not fully developed and qualified
- Limited time for testing due to limited material or short shelf-life
- Limited product stability data
- Reproducibility of replacement cell banks
- Complicated planning for advanced manufacturing, process automation, scale up / scale out
- Comparability studies in the absence of reliable reference standards and validated assays
- Direct impact of manufacturing failure on patient



FDA

CGT Product expedited development: CMC expectations



- Clinical program advances rapidly for BT and RMAT products; timelines from early to late development may be compressed
- Accelerated clinical development should not change CMC and CGMP regulatory requirements and expectations
- Need to focus on all CMC and CGMP issues early if CGT Product received a BT or RMAT designation: e.g., CQA/CPP, assay & process development/validation, raw material qualification and supply chain, major manufacturing change
- Planning for commercial scale manufacturing including comparability studies (when needed) should be conducted early (Phase 1/2)
- Aligning CMC with clinical development is crucial



CGT Product expedited development: CMC approach towards licensure

- FDA
- **Essential goal:** Ensure the availability of a quality product that can be consistently produced at the time of approval
- FDA may exercise some flexibility on the type and extent of manufacturing *information* that is expected at the time of submission or approval for certain components to a certain degree. Case by case and dependent on:
 - Product characteristics
 - Seriousness of condition and unmet medical need
 - Manufacturing processes
 - Robustness of quality system
 - Strength of the risk-based quality assessment

• Areas of potential flexibility

Validation strategies, manufacturing scale-up/ scale-out strategies, use of post marketing commitments
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CGT Product expedited development: examples of CMC flexibility in BLA

- FDA
- Concurrent release of PPQ batches for distribution before completion of process validation
 - Might be applicable in <u>rare</u> cases, such as: Limited demand / limited manufacturing To alleviate short supply
- Stability
 - DS and DP Stability Protocols
 - Note: CGT Products are out of scope for ICH Q5C (Stability Testing of Biotechnological/Biological Products)

Prior knowledge / supporting data may be relevant (example: frozen products)

Rolling BLA

- Submission of Module 3 as the last module in rolling submission



Interaction with CBER/OTAT & INTERACT program

Opportunities for interaction with CBER/OTAT



- Novel products & rapid timelines: Increased need for feedback from FDA during CMC development
- Communication is especially useful throughout the product lifecycle for:
 - Topics that lack published guidance
 - Special circumstances
- Provide advice to specific queries (face-to-face, teleconference, or written response)
- Written minutes for formal meetings

FDA

INTERACT program in CBER



- INitial Targeted Engagement for Regulatory Advice on CBER producTs (previously known as pre-pre-IND interactions) https://www.fda.gov/BiologicsBloodVaccines/ResourcesforYou/Industry/ucm611501.htm
- **Goal:** To obtain preliminary informal consultation at an early stage of a product development; also for innovative investigational products that use complex or novel manufacturing technologies, innovative devices, or cutting-edge testing methodologies

• Purpose

- A mechanism for early communication with CBER/OTAT
- Not intended to take the place of a pre-IND meeting for products that are further along the development pathway
- Informal, nonbinding advice from FDA regarding CMC, pharm/tox, and clinical aspects of the development program

Meeting Requests received by OTAT







Conclusion

Summary



- CGT Products require a new manufacturing paradigm and have many unique CMC challenges
- BT and RMAT designations provide numerous benefits towards a rapid clinical development of a novel therapy for serious or life-threatening conditions
- Due to significantly compressed timeline for clinical development under expedited programs, however, focusing on CMC development early and aligning it with the accelerated clinical program is crucial
- Invest enough resources in product characterization (including identification of CQAs) and assay development during early stages of the expedited program
- FDA may exercise some flexibility on the type and extent of manufacturing information in certain areas towards CGT Product license application; however, case-by-case per product
- Novel CGT Products and rapid timelines may require increased need for CMC feedback from FDA; interaction opportunities are available throughout the product lifecycle
- INTERACT is a new CBER program for obtaining informal, nonbinding advice before pre-IND; particularly suitable when using complex or novel manufacturing technologies or cutting-edge testing methodologies

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• OTAT Learn Webinar Series:



FDA Headquarters

http://www.fda.gov/BiologicsBloodVaccines/NewsEvents/ucm232821.htm

- CBER website: www.fda.gov/BiologicsBloodVaccines/default.htm Phone: 1-800-835-4709 or 240-402-8010
- Consumer Affairs Branch: <u>ocod@fda.hhs.gov</u>
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