

# Antibody-Mediated Effector Function: Learning and Challenges from Early Discovery to Development

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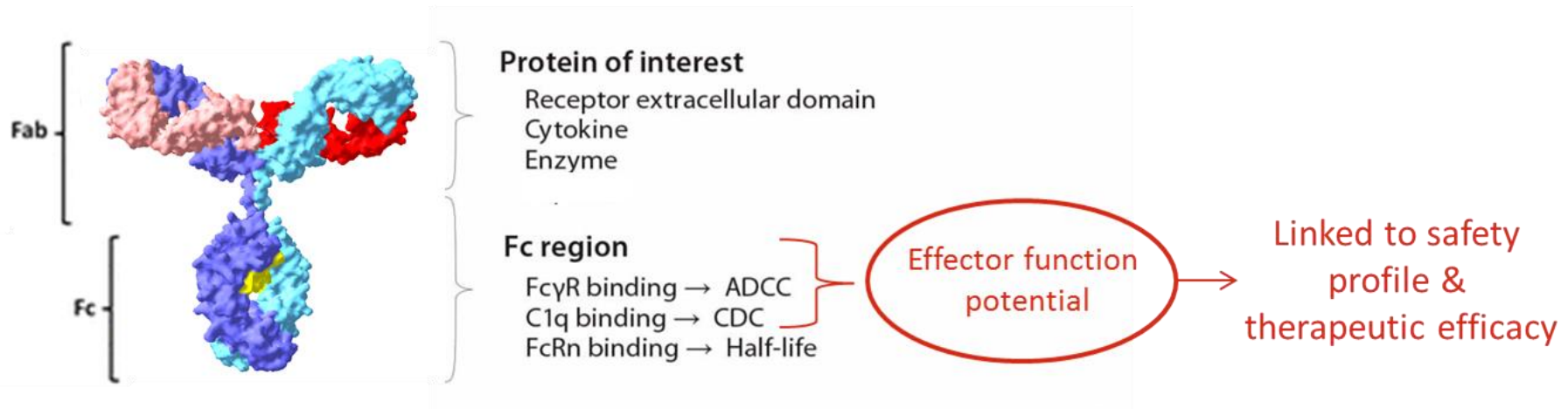
*9<sup>th</sup> May 2017*



# Agenda

- ◆ Overview of Antibody (Ab)-Mediated Effector Function
- ◆ Ab-Effector Function Testing During Life Cycle Development of Drug
- ◆ Transition Challenges from Discovery to Development
  - Mouse to Human transition
  - Choice of Appropriate Assay Format When Multiple Receptors Are Part of MOA
  - Finding Appropriate Target Cell Lines
    - Representative of Physiological Target Expression
    - Stability Over Assay Runs
- ◆ Summary

# Bimodal Nature of Antibodies: Implications for Safety and Efficacy

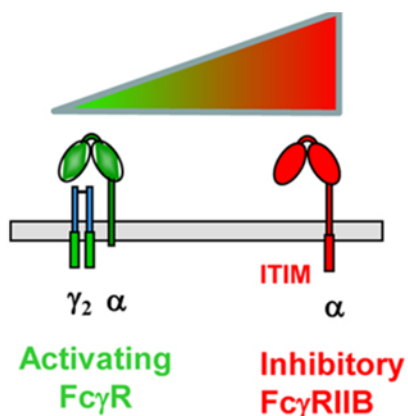


**Table 1 Key features of the four IgG isotypes**

	IgG1	IgG2	IgG3	IgG4
FcRn <sup>e</sup>	+	+	+	+
Effector functions				
C1 <sup>e</sup>	++	—	+++	—
FcγRI <sup>e</sup>	+++	—	+++	++
FcγRII <sup>e</sup>	+	±	+	?
FcγRIIIa/b <sup>e</sup>	+	—	+	±

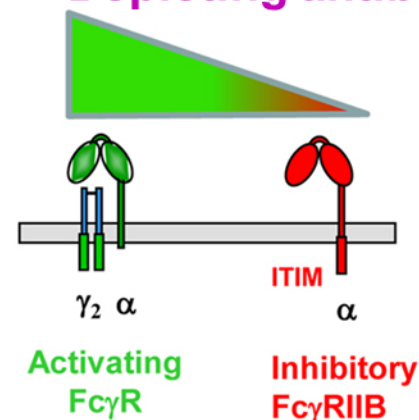
# Is Effector Function Always Non-Desirable?

## IMMUNO-ONCOLOGY AUTOIMMUNITY



- Beneficial where target cell depletion is **NOT** desired- Ex. autoimmunity targets, immuno-oncology targets
- Fc-engineering of antibody to ablate effector function

## ONCOLOGY Depleting antibodies



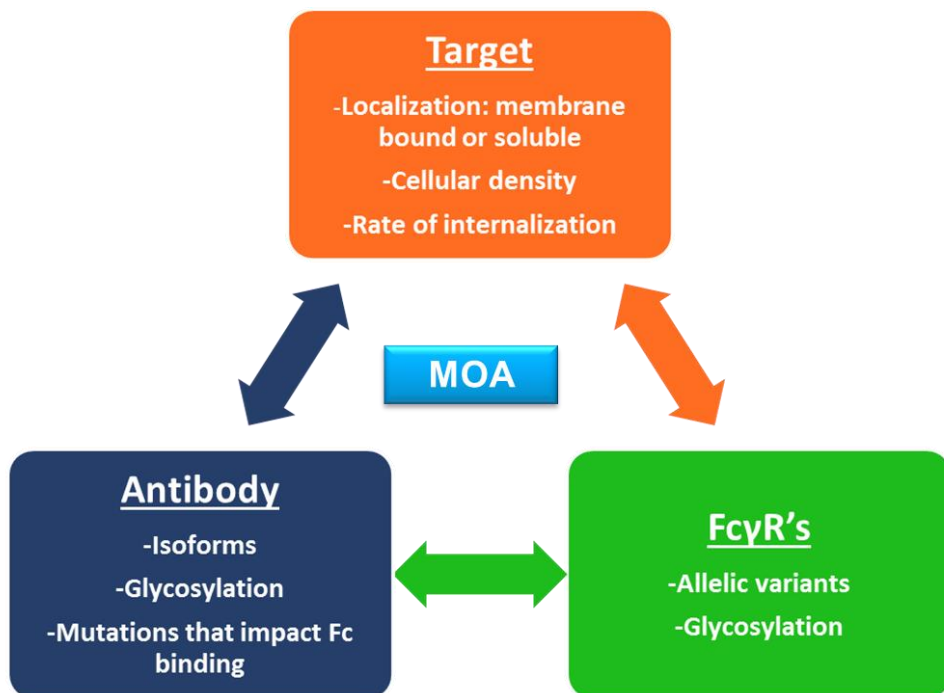
- Beneficial where target cell depletion is desired MOA
- Fc-engineering of antibody to enhance effector function

# Effector Function Potential: Interplay with MOA

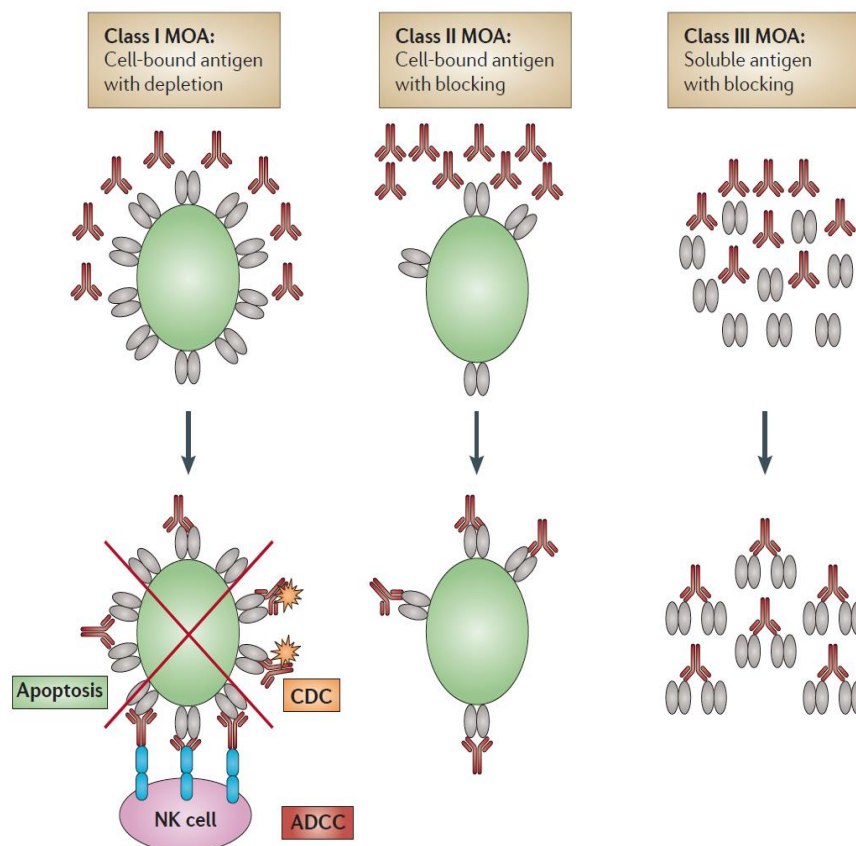
## OPINION

### Advances in the assessment and control of the effector functions of therapeutic antibodies

*Xu-Rong Jiang, An Song, Svetlana Bergelson, Thomas Arroll, Bhavin Parekh, Kimberly May, Shan Chung, Robert Strouse, Anthony Mire-Sluis and Mark Schenerman*



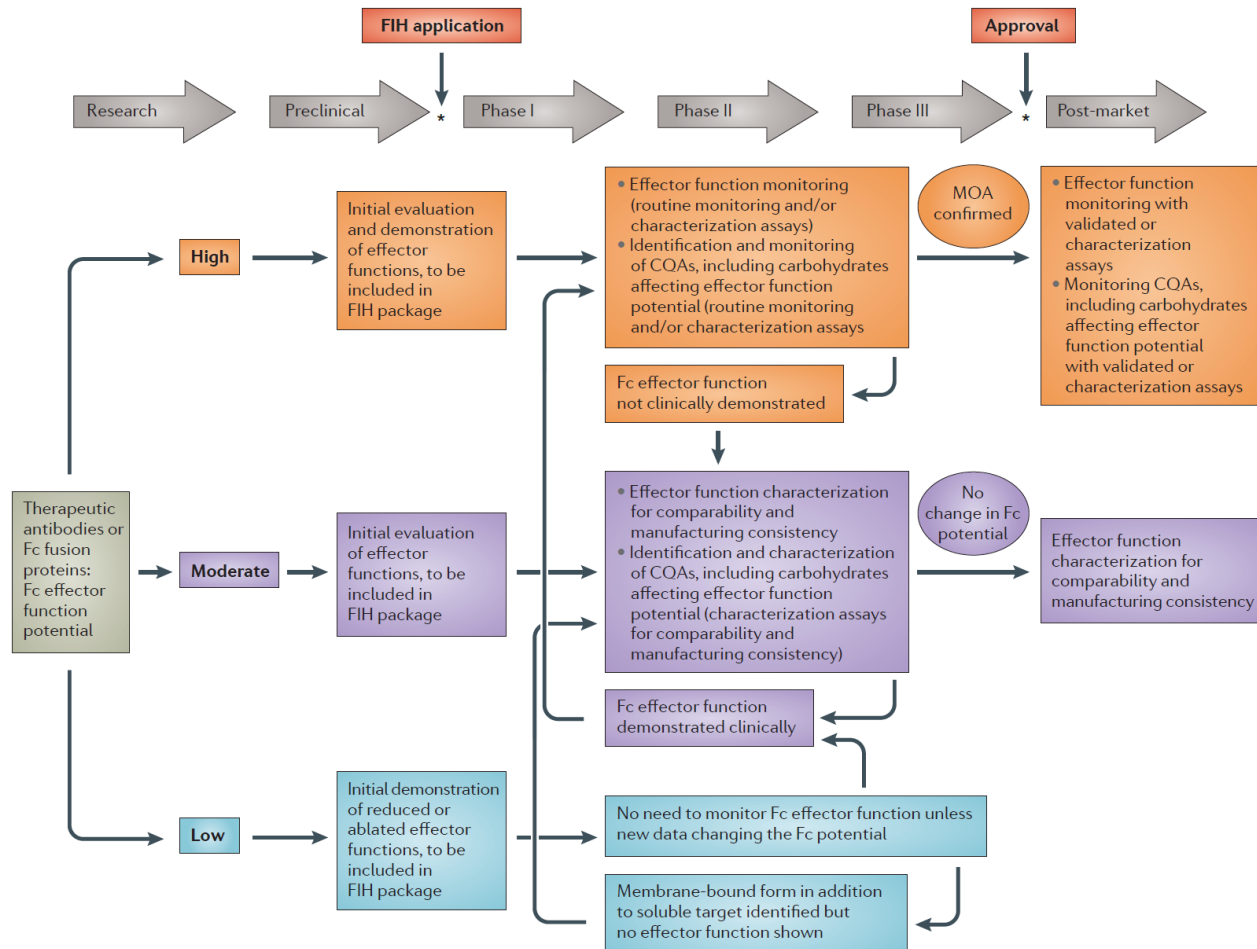
Nature Reviews Drug Discovery, 2011 (10), 101



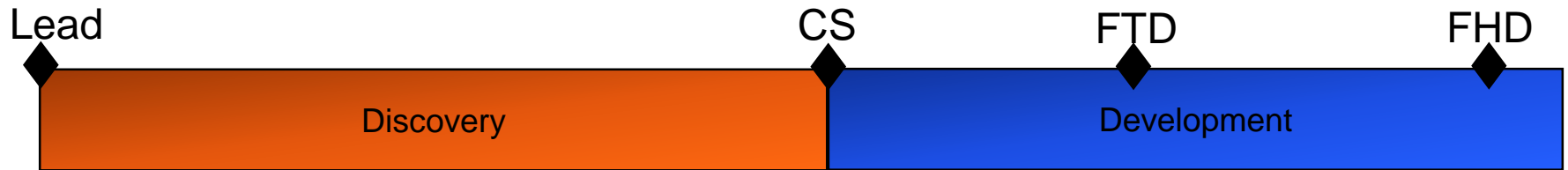
# Effector Function Testing: Continuous Monitoring

Effector Function Status is impacted by isotype, Fc engineering or Glyco-engineering

Jian et al; Nature Reviews Drug Discovery, 2011 (10), 101

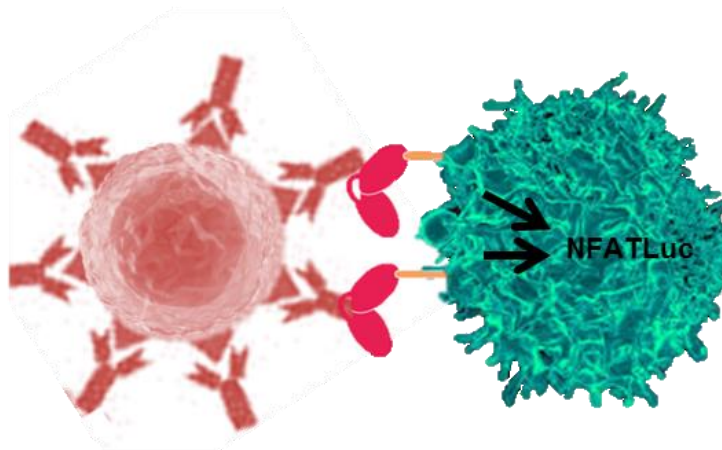


# Transitioning Effector Function Cellular Assays from Discovery to Development

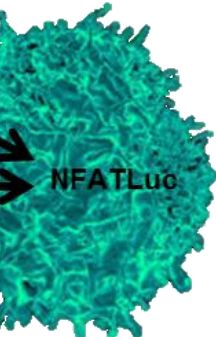


## Discovery

- **Purpose:** Establish the presence of effector for establishment
- **Assay Format:** could either be cell line or overexpression
- ***In vivo* studies:** link of effector to MOA
- **Species:** Human or mouse



## Development

- 

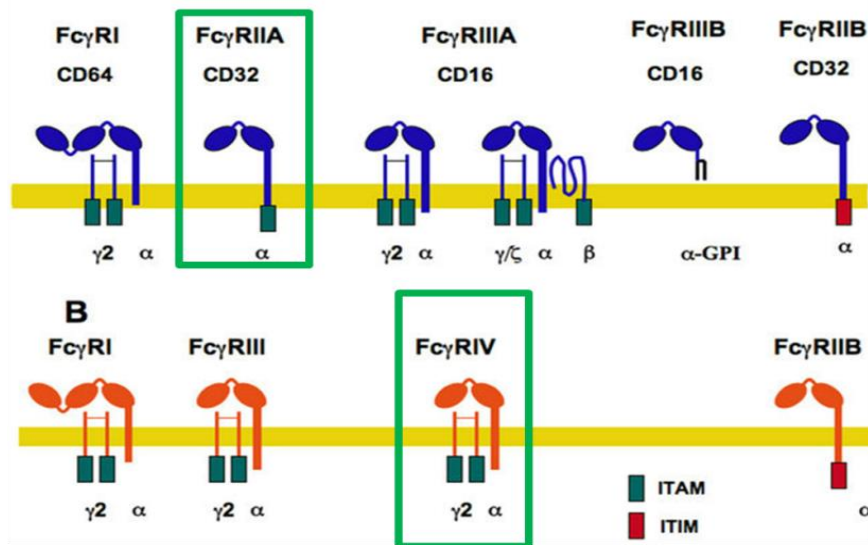


# Case Study #1: Transitioning Effector Function Data from Mouse to Human

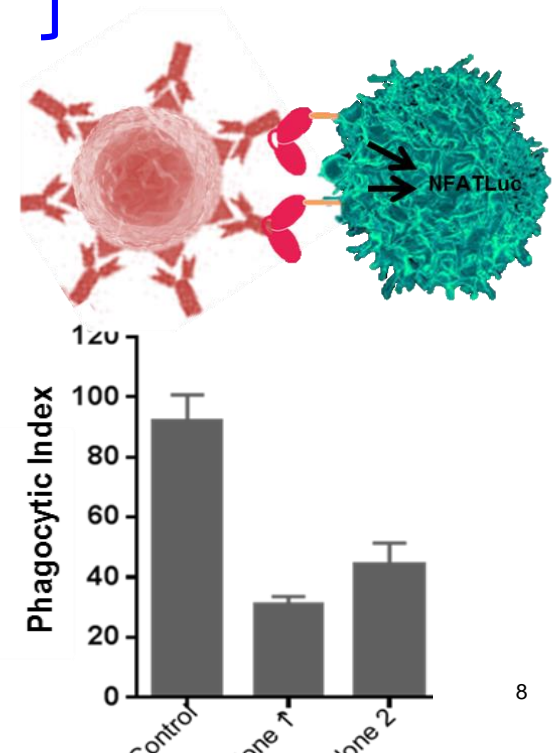
## ◆ Understanding of putative MOA of therapeutic antibody within the context of a disease comes from *in vivo* mouse studies

- Mouse and human FcγR repertoire is very different
- Mouse IgG isotypes different than humans
- Human and mouse FcγR (s) exhibit differences in IgG binding pattern's
- Human and mouse FcγR (s) differ in lineage expression profiles
- Reporter cell-based assays use cell lines expressing individual FcγR's

These differences add to the complexity of crossing over experimental data between the two species

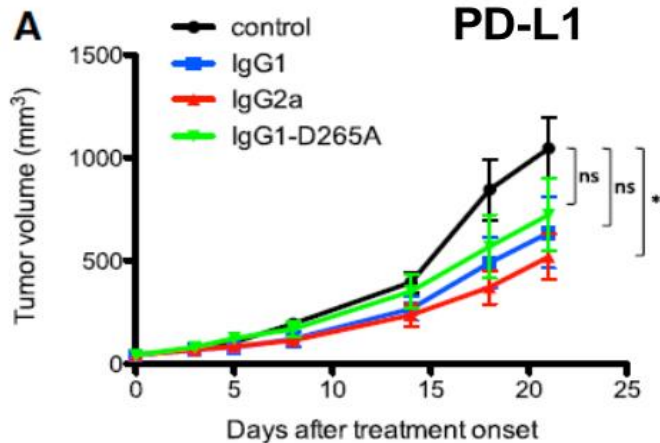


Advances in Bioscience and Biotechnology, Vol.4 No.4A(2013)

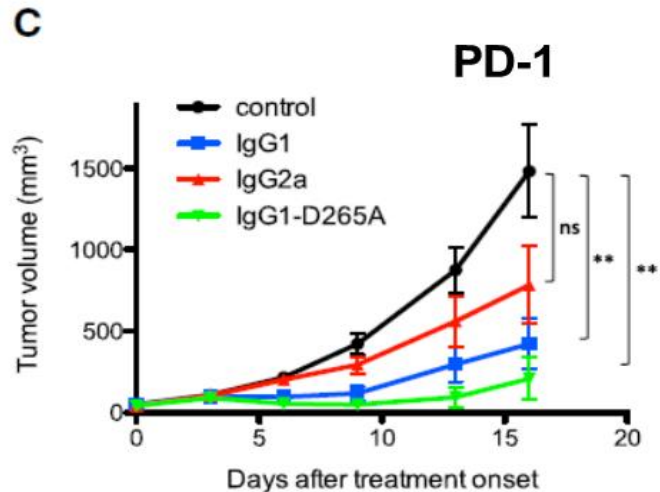




# Transitioning *in vivo* Results to Design Cell-based Effector Function Assays



- Effector function independent trans-co engagement of agonist CD40 Ab with FcγRIIb is MOA.
- PD-L1 blocking antibody requires trans engagement with activating receptor for optimal *in vivo* efficacy.
- On the contrary interaction with FcγR's reduces efficacy of PD-1 blocking antibody in *in vivo* mouse tumor models.
- Therefore, choice of backbone is dictated by a better understanding of MOA of antibody and a thorough understanding of biology (QoD)

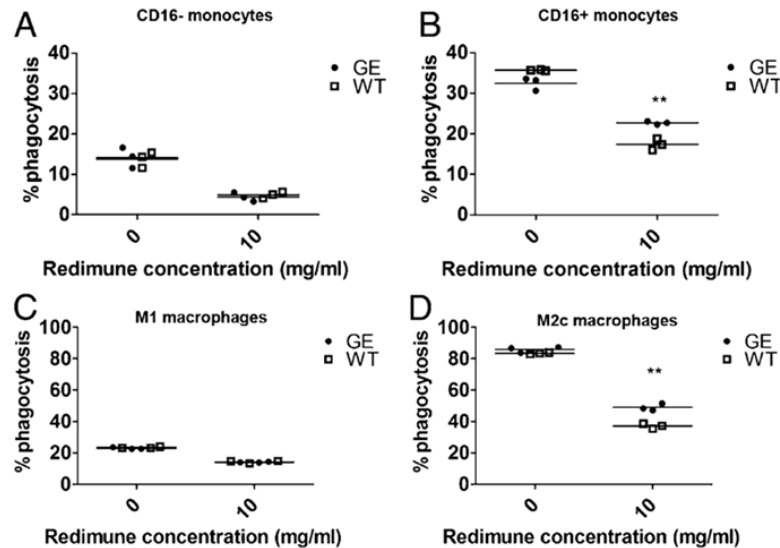
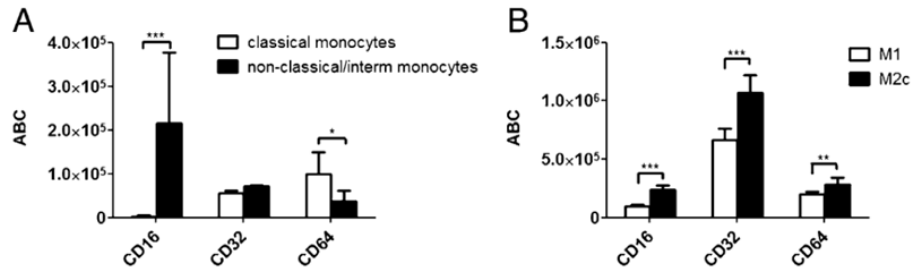


Dahan R et al, Cancer Cell, 2015, 285

Using mice surrogate antibody data to understand relevant human FcγR-engagement and its link to MOA is a challenge

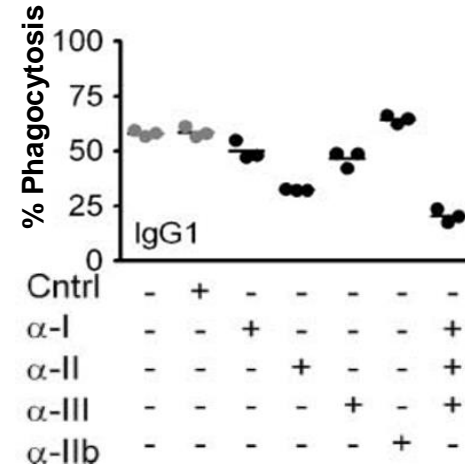
# Case Study #2: Choosing a Reporter Assay When Multiple FcγR's Are Involved in MOA

## Evidence for FcγRIIIa

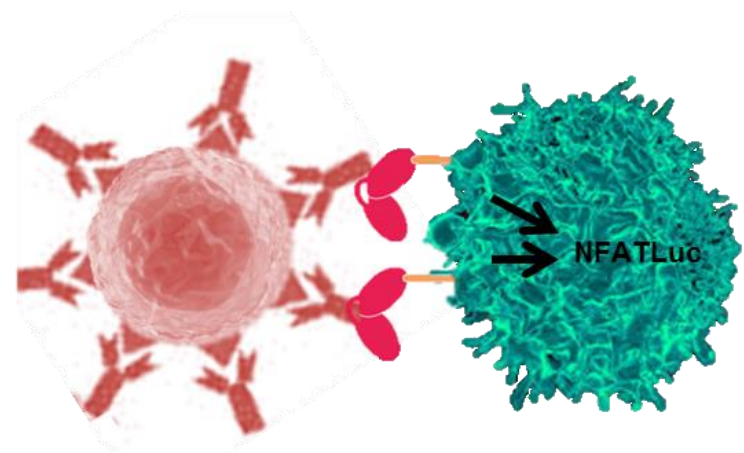


Herter S, et al, *J Immunol* 2014; 192:2252-2260

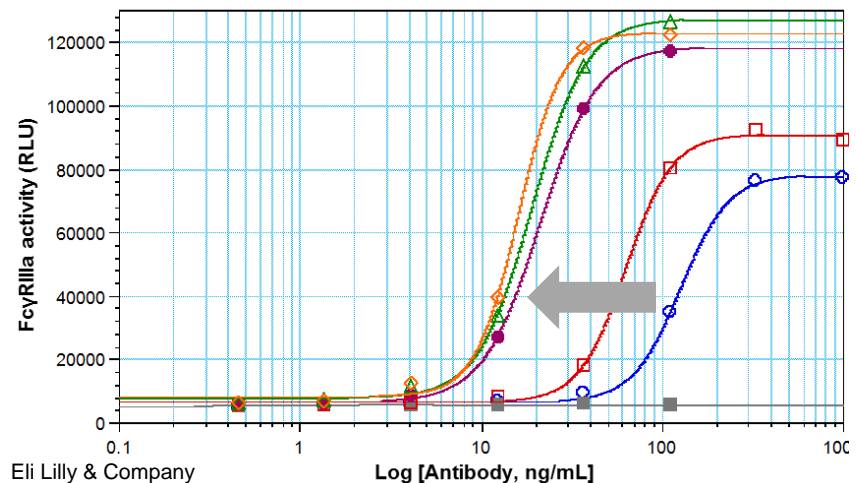
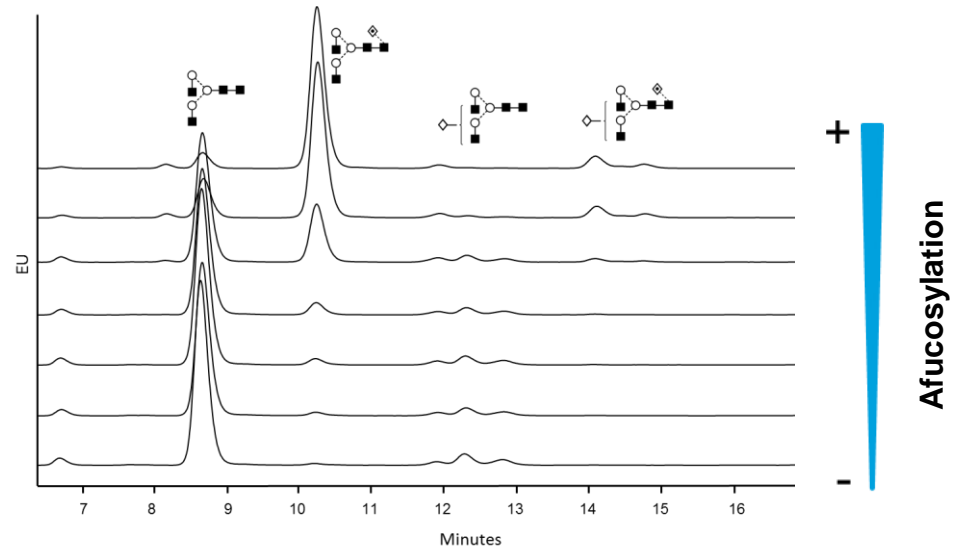
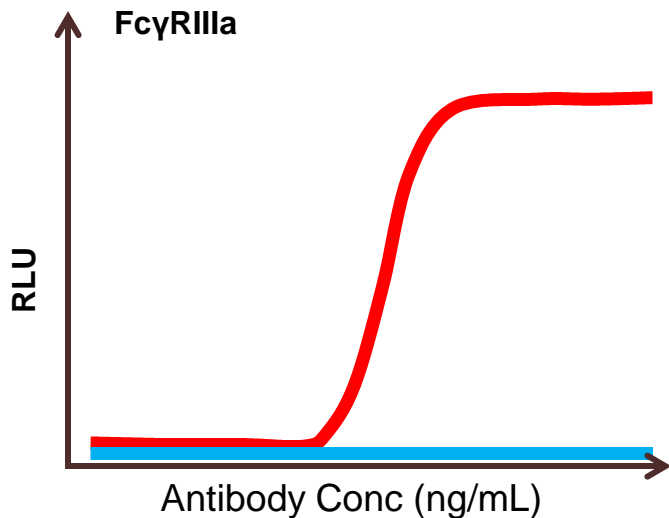
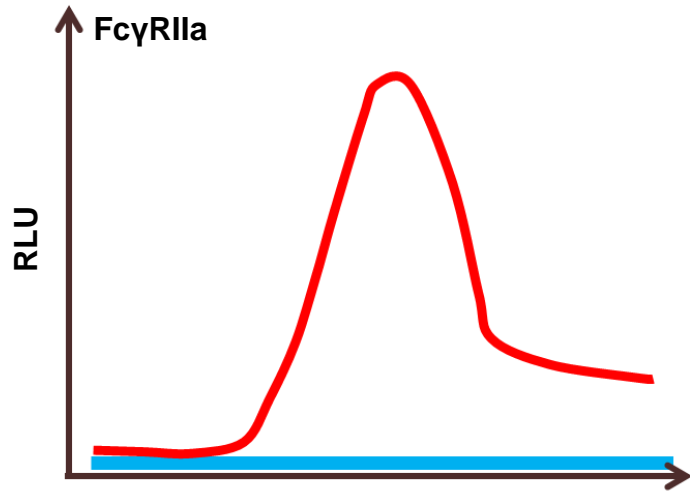
## Evidence for FcγRIIa



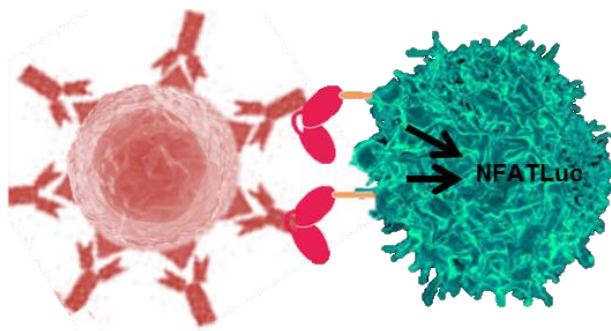
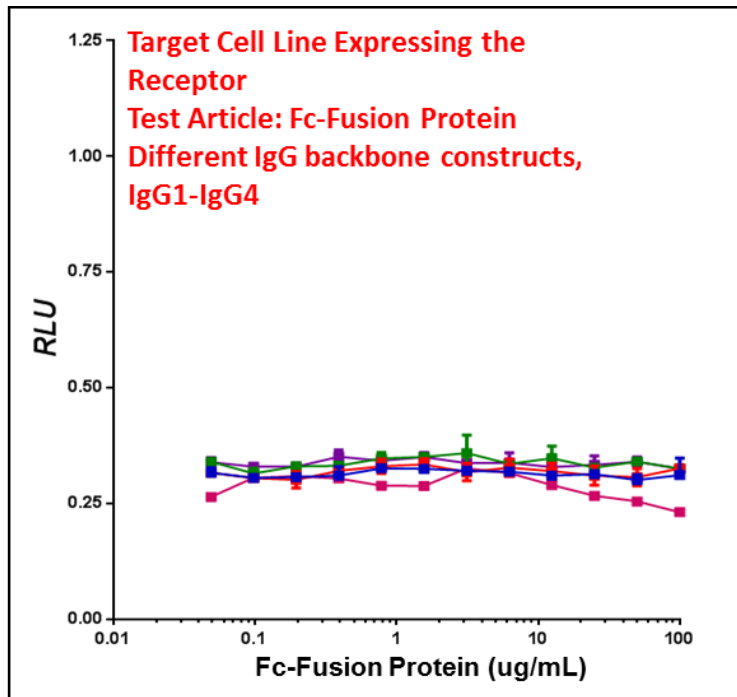
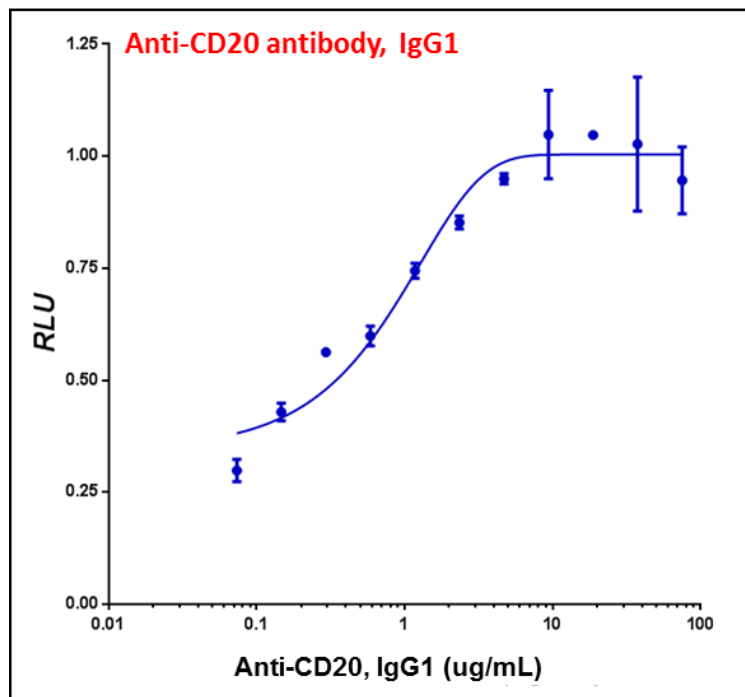
Richard et al, *Mol Cancer Ther* 2008;7(8). August 2008)



# Should QC Assay be Selected Based on Its Ability to Monitor CQA?



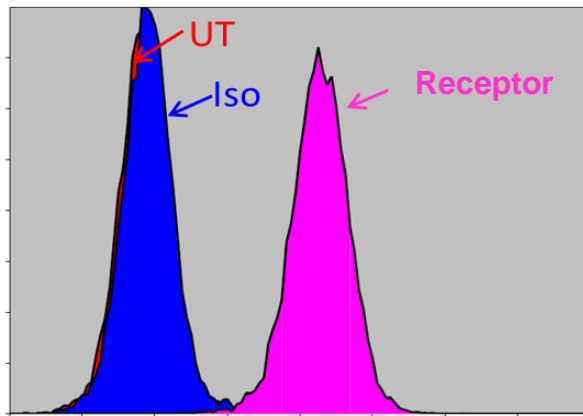
# Case Study # 3: Choosing an Appropriate Target Cell Line with Endogenous Receptor Expression



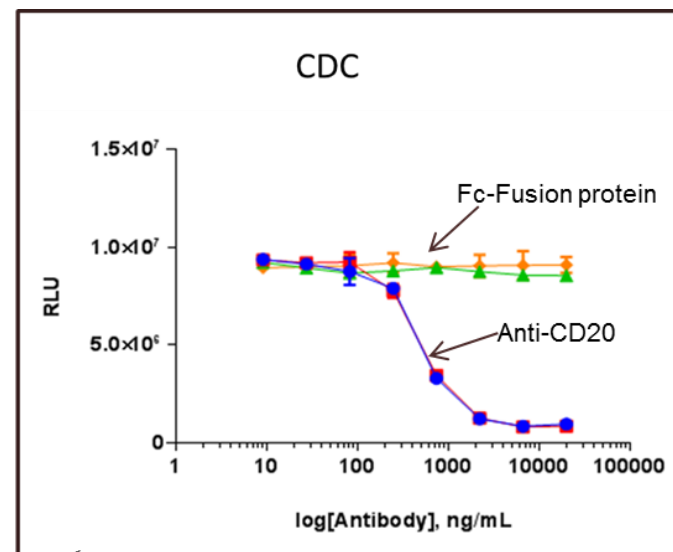
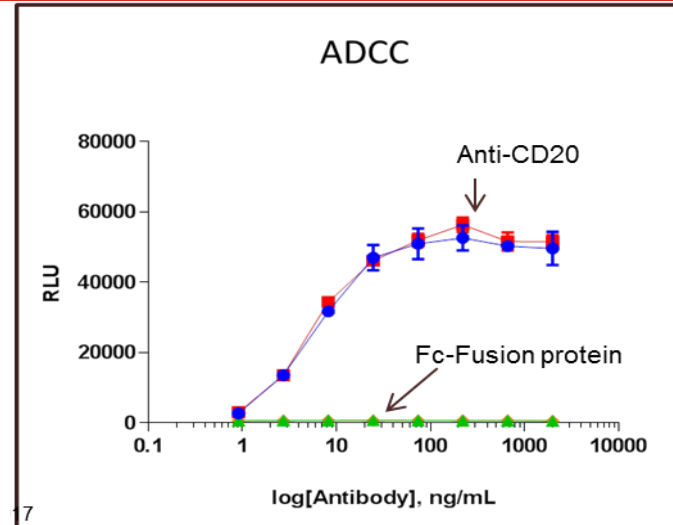
- ◆ None of the IgG-fusion constructs gave a response in FcγRIIIa activity assays.
- ◆ Is it the Cell Line issue? Expression issue?

# Selecting a Target Cell Line with a Second Positive Marker for Effector Function

Flow Cytometry

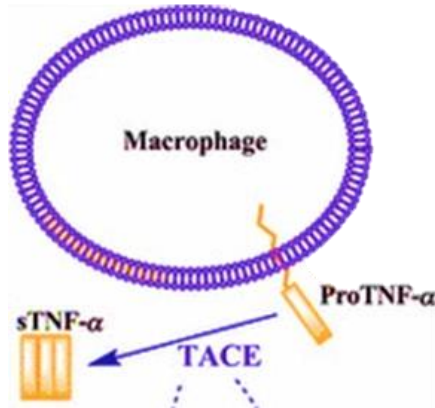


- The Biological function of the receptor was confirmed via Signaling experiments on the new Target Cell Line.
- If IgG1-Fc functionality does not respond in the FcγRIIIa activity assays do we need to confirm this with multiple target cell lines?
- However, it is not always easy to find cell lines with physiologically relevant target expression

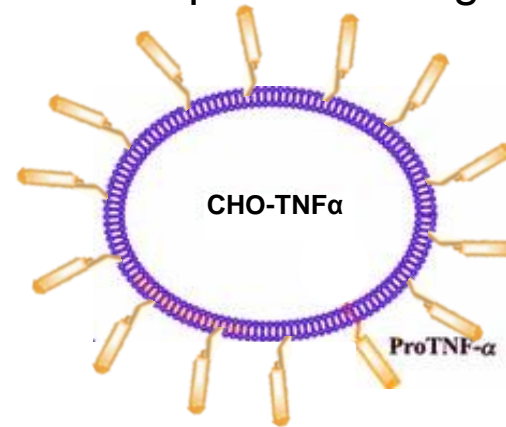


# Providing an Appropriate Context When Choosing An Overexpression Target Cell Line

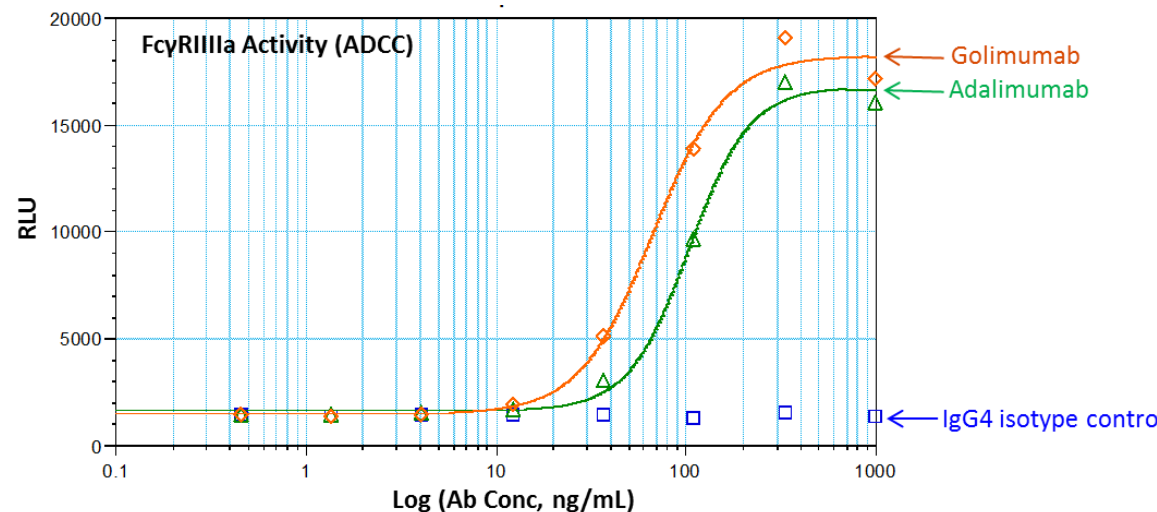
## Physiological Expression: Transient



## Overexpressed Antigen



- Data with overexpression systems tend to be exaggerated and may not be representative of true physiological scenario's.
- It is important to put the data obtained within appropriate context.
- Clinical data from and knowledge from previous efforts may be helpful in this regard.





# Summary

- ◆ Effector function is a critical component of life cycle management of therapeutic Mab. It is reflective of
  - Therapeutic Efficacy
  - Safety/risk
  - Lot to Lot variation (CQA)
- ◆ The goals of discovery work on ab-mediated effector function testing is very different than development work
- ◆ Transition Challenges include
  - Mouse to human transition
  - Multiple receptors involved in MOA
  - Finding suitable target cell lines with physiologically relevant cell lines
- ◆ It is important to integrate the knowledge of FcγR-MOA into an appropriate cell-based assay as early as possible and use previously available clinical data to drive testing some of the molecules

# Acknowledgments

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